



ADOPTED CITY OF DALLAS LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM FOR THE 116TH CONGRESS



City of Dallas

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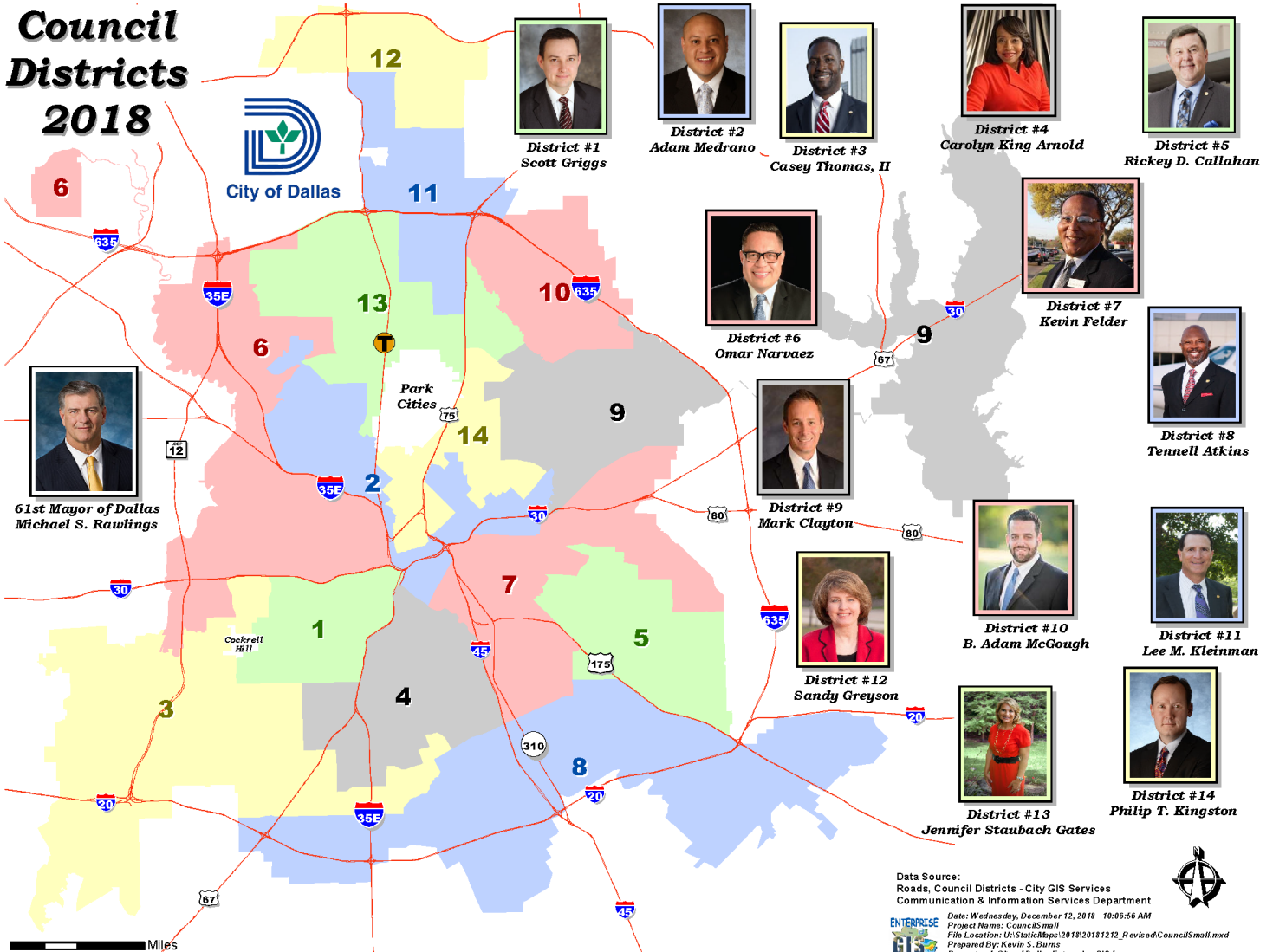
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February 27, 2019

WHEREAS, the 116th Session of the United States Congress convened on January 3, 2019; and

WHEREAS, the 116th Congress will consider many issues that affect local governments; and

WHEREAS, the City of Dallas wishes to express its desires and concerns regarding federal issues by adopting a legislative program; and

WHEREAS, the City of Dallas has developed recommendations for the federal legislative agenda.

Now, Therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DALLAS:

SECTION 1. That the City of Dallas' Federal Legislative Program for the 116th Session of the United States Congress is hereby adopted.

SECTION 2. That the City Manager is directed to communicate the items included in the federal legislative program and the impact on Dallas residents to members of the United States Congress.

SECTION 3. That this resolution shall take effect immediately from and after its passage in accordance with the provisions of the Charter of the City of Dallas, and it is accordingly so resolved.



GENERAL STATEMENTS OF CITY'S LEGISLATIVE FOCUS

The City of Dallas' legislative efforts focus on legislation that the City can influence and that will directly and positively impact the City of Dallas. The City appreciates its long-standing relationship with the congressional delegation to advance its federal priorities.

The City of Dallas supports legislation that:

- Creates more opportunities for individuals and businesses to thrive and prosper;
- Provides an equitable distribution of federal funds; and
- Addresses the concerns and issues confronting large metropolitan center cities, which range from the enhancement of urban transportation to reduction in crime to the availability of affordable housing and the development of neighborhoods that support quality family life.



The City of Dallas opposes any federal legislative action that would erode the home rule authority of municipalities or establish unfunded mandates that effectively constrain the ability of cities to allocate scarce resources to locally determined priorities.

Federal Mandates

The City of Dallas recognizes two basic types of federal mandates: those that impose costs directly on the City and those that, while not directly imposing costs on the City, intrude on the autonomy of the City by interfering with local decision-making authority and impacting the allocation of scarce local resources.

The City of Dallas opposes the imposition of either type of federal mandate.

The federal government calls on municipal governments, including the City of Dallas, to administer many federal government programs, requiring municipal governments to absorb all or most of the cost. In the interest of fairness and equity to its municipal government partners, the federal government should provide adequate funding for the local conduct of each of its programs.

Deficit Reduction

The City of Dallas supports a balanced approach to reducing the federal deficit. Elimination of the federal deficit solely through non-defense discretionary spending cuts is impossible and ill-advised.

The reduction of the federal deficit should not disproportionately harm national defense and our troops, safety net programs or our nation's cities. In particular, the City opposes deficit reduction efforts that disproportionately focus on core local government programs or reduce or delay much-needed investments in our nation's infrastructure.

INFRASTRUCTURE

Surface Transportation

The City of Dallas supports legislation to reauthorize federal surface transportation programs that:

- Provide for an equitable distribution of highway and transit funds;
- Maintain a guaranteed funding mechanism that ensures that all Highway Trust Fund revenues are spent on surface transportation programs;
- Maintain a strong metropolitan planning process that maximizes the decision-making power of local elected officials and communities;
- Continue and build on the federal investment of the past decade in transit and enables complete local flexibility regarding mode choices;
- Directly provide funds to cities for mode neutral, innovative urban transportation solutions;
- Directly address urban congestion and mobility, including incentives for metropolitan areas and cities that raise revenue and implement innovative financing mechanisms;
- Increase sub-allocation to metropolitan areas;
- Expand mode neutral choices and funding for cities and metropolitan areas;
- Expand sub-allocation via creation of a new program focused on cities and metropolitan areas or through increased sub-allocation of existing programs;
- Robustly fund the Transportation Alternatives Program;
- Fully fund the CMAQ program in order to help metropolitan areas meet federal clean air mandates, and
- Do not increase the required local share of funding for federally-assisted highway or transit projects.

Dallas Area Rapid Transit (DART) Core Capacity

The City of Dallas fully supports DART's Capital Investment Grant projects:

- Platform Extensions along the Red and Blue Lines (Core Capacity),
- Phase 1 of the Downtown Dallas 2nd light rail alignment (Core Capacity) and
- The Central Dallas Streetcar Link (Small Starts).

High-Speed & Intercity Passenger Rail

The City of Dallas supports the development of high-speed rail between Houston and the North Texas Region. The City's long-term plans envision development of a new intermodal hub near the high-speed rail station providing travelers with a seamless connection between intercity passenger rail (including high-speed rail), commuter rail, light rail and local surface transit (streetcar and bus). A strong federal-state-regional-local partnership will be needed to make this vision a reality. The City of Dallas also supports the development of a robust national passenger rail system and strongly supports full funding of passenger rail corridor improvement programs.

Water, Wastewater & Flood Control

The City of Dallas supports legislation that provides grants and financing assistance for high priority projects such as combined and separate sanitary sewer overflows and other wet weather projects, security-related projects, repair and replacement of aging infrastructure and water supply acquisition. Increased funding to local water and wastewater utilities for the improvement and maintenance of water and wastewater infrastructure and additional water supplies is of paramount importance. The City of Dallas also supports legislation which sustains and increases funding for, and increases the flexibility of, the Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) and the Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Authority (WIFIA) programs, as well as federal funding for dam safety and reservoir modifications that will reduce the potential for structural failure.

The City of Dallas greatly appreciates the Dallas delegation's support of the critical Trinity River flood control projects and the strong federal partnership that the City has developed with the Army Corps of Engineers. The City appreciates the funding the congressional delegation work to obtain critical federal funding for the Dallas Floodway, the Dallas Floodway Extension, and the Lewisville Dam. Looking ahead, the City desires to continue this strong intergovernmental relationship, including preserving this critical federal funding for these flood control projects.

The City understands the level of effort expended towards clarifying authority and supports efforts to address changing environmental conditions, specifically through Executive Order 13690's revisions to the Federal Flood Risk Management Standards (FFRMS) set by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). However, the City does not support a one-size-fits all approach. All watersheds behave differently, reflecting different climates, base geology, cover and topography.

The City of Dallas supports legislation that results in clear, consistent, predictable and economic Federal regulation and permitting. Federal statutory requirements; agency regulations and guidance; and permitting practices involving water supply and uses; water quality; and flood control should be clear and consistent. All requirements, regulations and permit practices should be practical, predictable, science-based, economic and should balance the financial impact of specific requirements with benefits to the public and environment. Additionally, public participation in the development of regulations helps to inform decision makers about critical tradeoffs, and produces increased levels of regulatory and project-related certainty.

National Flood Insurance Program

In general, the City of Dallas supports a long-term and fiscally responsible reauthorization of the NFIP that:

- Provides long-term financial solvency for the program;
- Ensures that flood insurance rate increases do not impose undue hardship on Dallas property owners or stymie central Dallas economic development plans;
- Includes a rate and premium structure that differentiates between flood plains that are protected by certified levees and those that are not;
- Provides remapped areas, newly designated as flood hazard areas, with a grace period before the purchase of flood insurance is mandatory, provided that local officials educate affected property owners about flood risk and flood insurance availability, and develop an evacuation plan for neighborhoods affected by flood hazard remapping; and

- Provides an exemption to the mandatory purchase of flood insurance in areas deemed flood hazard areas due to recently decertified levees, provided that local officials are implementing an approved plan to repair newly decertified levees, educating affected property owners about flood risk and flood insurance availability, and developing an evacuation plan for neighborhoods affected by flood hazard remapping.

Aviation

The City of Dallas supports a federal aviation program that:

- Maintains a guaranteed funding mechanism that ensures that all Airports and Airways Trust Fund revenues are spent on aviation programs;
- Maximizes the flexibility of the Airport Improvement Program (AIP);
- Maximizes the flexibility of how airports use Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) revenue, and
- Provides local governments and airport authorities with the resources they need to provide for a safe and efficient aviation system.

MUNICIPAL BONDS

The City of Dallas strongly opposes any efforts to cap or eliminate the tax exemption for municipal bonds, including “private activity” bonds. The elimination or capping of tax-exempt municipal bonds would increase City borrowing costs, resulting in delayed infrastructure investment or higher local taxes and utility rates, which would disproportionately impact low- and moderate-income households.

The City urges Congress to reinstate the advanced refunding of tax-exempt municipal bonds. The ill-advised repeal of advanced refunding by the Tax Cut & Jobs Act of 2017 means that the City cannot take advantage of lower interest rates to reduce borrowing costs and maximize infrastructure investment. The City also urges Congress to protect Build America Bonds from annual Budget Act sequestration. The reduction of Build America Bond payments is a breach of contract between the federal government, the City, and bondholders.

State and local governments are responsible for building and maintaining 75 percent of the nation’s infrastructure, which is mostly financed through tax-exempt bonds. The tax exemption for municipal bonds represents an ideal federal-state-local partnership, allowing the federal government to assist infrastructure investment in a manner that maximizes local decision making.

In Dallas, municipal bonds finance core infrastructure that is the basis of civilized society and the foundation of our economy: water and wastewater, storm drainage, streets and sidewalks, hospitals, schools and other capital projects. In an era of diminishing grants and expanding mandates on local governments, eliminating or capping the tax exemption for municipal bonds would effectively signal a federal abandonment of infrastructure investment.

Per Texas law, all City of Dallas general obligation bonds are subject to voter referendum. The City’s process is an example of open government and broad citizen participation, ensuring that bond dollars are targeted to broadly supported infrastructure priorities.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Franchising, Rights-of-Way & Zoning

The City of Dallas opposes any legislation or regulatory effort that would erode City authority to manage public rights-of-way and collect reasonable compensation for their use. The City also opposes any federal preemption of City zoning authority.

The City is especially concerned about recent Federal Communications Commission (FCC) actions (the 'Small Cell', the 'Moratoria Order', and the 'Cable Franchise Proposed Order') that can only be described as a broad and unprecedented federal government assault on local government authority and local government budgets. The 'Small Cell Order' is especially egregious in that it seeks to preempt the City's authority to manage City property and to collect fair market value for its use. If allowed to stand, the 'Small Cell Order' would establish a troubling precedent of allowing the federal government to dictate the terms of access to non-federal property.

Franchising is the backbone of local government telecommunications policy. It creates a framework for local management of public rights-of-way, collection of compensation for the use and management of public rights-of-way and resolution of consumer complaints. Federal law specifically preserves the authority of state and local governments to manage public rights-of-way and to collect compensation for their use by telecommunications providers.

A major goal of the telecommunications industry remains federal preemption of local control over public rights-of-way and the preemption of local fees collected from the industry for the use and management of public rights-of-way. In addition, industry has also sought legislation and regulation that would preempt local zoning authority over the location of telecommunications antennae and towers.

The City of Dallas would have to reduce services or raise taxes by more than \$100 million a year if revenue from rent charged to private corporations for the use of public rights-of-way was eliminated. In addition, City control of public rights-of-way and zoning for the placement of telecommunications facilities provides important public safety benefits, preserves City infrastructure investments and ensures that property values will not be impacted by incompatible uses.

PUBLIC SAFETY & CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Core Grant Programs

The City of Dallas calls on Congress to fully fund public safety assistance programs that directly benefit local governments, including the Justice Assistance Grant (JAG), Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS), the Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program and others. In 2016, public safety assistance programs have provided more than \$1 million to the City.

The City strongly opposes proposals that would consolidate state and local Homeland Security grant programs into a single block grant to the State, or otherwise shift funds away from high-risk, major metropolitan areas. In addition, formulas for the distribution of funding for public safety should emphasize crime data, and homeland security funds should be more targeted based on risk and threat.

Public Safety Broadband Network (FirstNet)

The City of Dallas supports the development of national public safety communication networks and encourages FirstNet to include local input in the structure and framework development process. Large metropolitan cities have already made extensive investments in towers, fiber optic lines and other infrastructure that will be valuable to the deployment of the PSBN.

Prisoner Re-Entry

The City of Dallas supports full funding of Second Chance Act programs and legislation that would provide additional resources for education, training, and work experience during incarceration and after they are released. Programs authorized by the Second Chance Act provide valuable assistance to state and local governments for a wide array of programs to help ex-offenders reintegrate.

Urban Areas Security Initiative Grants

Dallas and its regional partners also benefit from the Urban Area Security Initiative (UASI). UASI provides targeted assistance to major metropolitan areas and has helped ensure that the Metroplex is prepared to respond to a terrorist attack or other catastrophic incident. These programs have promoted regional cooperation and greatly improved readiness.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Brownfields

The City of Dallas supports full funding of federal brownfields grant programs and continuation of the Brownfields Tax Incentive.

The Brownfields Program and the Brownfields Tax Incentive put property in the City of Dallas on a more level playing field with raw undeveloped properties, encouraging economic development and neighborhood revitalization. The City of Dallas enjoys a strong national reputation for its innovative projects that have redeveloped several formerly abandoned sites. Dallas has used these programs to redevelop several sites and has been designated by the EPA as one of its Brownfield Showcase Communities in recognition of the City's success in redeveloping Brownfields.

The City urges Congress to fully fund and otherwise require the Department of Navy to address the contamination of Hensley Field caused by the Navy's lease of the property for use as the former Naval Air Station Dallas. The Navy agreed to clean up Hensley Field to unrestricted, residential standards by 2017 in a 2002 Settlement Agreement with the City, but has delayed complying with the settlement agreement. The City further urges the Navy and other federal departments to identify appropriate funding to facilitate rapid redevelopment of the 740-acre Hensley Field consistent with its designation as a federal "opportunity zone" for reinvestment. Through the Navy prioritizing the cleanup and facilitating the redevelopment process, the Navy can remove itself as the primary barrier to redevelopment or other productive reuse of Hensley Field.

New Markets Tax Credit/Community Development Financial Institutions

The City of Dallas supports a permanent renewal of the NMTC program that expires on December 31, 2019 and full funding of other CDFI programs.

The New Markets Tax Credit (NMTC) and other programs administered by the Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFI) Fund at the Department of Treasury provide important incentives for private investment in historically disadvantaged and economically impacted localities. Since its 2009 award, the Dallas Development Fund (DDF) has provided a total of \$157 million in tax credit allocation to 16 projects aimed at improving low-income communities. Total project cost of these 16 projects is greater than \$255 million. Projects include the Hatcher Station Parkland Clinic, Pioneer Foods manufacturing facility, Buckner Family Hope Center and the Girl Scouts STEM Center of Excellence. These projects have added high paying jobs or neighborhood services to their communities and have aided in the revitalization of their neighborhoods.

GrowSouth

GrowSouth is a comprehensive strategy to build a foundation for sustainable growth and outlines five key projects to jumpstart growth in key areas over the next three years. GrowSouth aims to strengthen and engage neighborhoods, develop a "culture of clean", debunk the myths and rebrand South Dallas, and create a financial and investment fund to promote opportunities in South Dallas. The City of Dallas supports

legislation that allows the City, stakeholders, and investors to take full advantage of the opportunities through GrowSouth.

Community Reinvestment Act

The City recognizes that Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) regulations may be overdue for an update. The banking industry has experienced major changes, notably with the advancement of technology, since federal banking regulators updated them.

However, the City urges that any updates to CRA regulations are undertaken with the primary goal of meeting CRA's underlying statutory goals of strengthening investment in historically underserved neighborhoods rather than simply making it easier for banks to receive a positive CRA rating under the guise of reducing the burden of CRA compliance for banks. While the goal of reducing CRA's regulatory burden on banks may have some merit, it does not override the importance of CRA's core goal of ensuring that banks meet the financial services needs of all communities.

The City filed comments on the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) Advanced Notice of Proposed Rulemaking regarding an update of CRA regulations and will continue to track this issue closely.

EB-5 Program

The Employment Based Immigrant Investor Visa and Regional Center Programs (EB-5) are the nation's fastest growing federal programs to attract foreign investment into local development projects. Through the program, the City of Dallas Regional Center (CDRC) is able to identify investment opportunities, spur local economic development and attract investors for targeted development projects. The City of Dallas urges Congress and the Administration to reauthorize EB-5 on a long-term basis and establish rules for Targeted Employment Areas that drive EB-5 capital to areas that truly have high-unemployment.

SOCIAL SECURITY

The City of Dallas requests that the federal government work closely with local jurisdictions on the fiscal impacts of mandatory inclusion of local government employees in Social Security, especially as it relates to the potential impacts on local pension systems and budgets.

The Social Security Act of 1935 excludes state and local employees from mandatory participation in Social Security. The Federal Advisory Commission on Social Security has called for including all newly hired local government employees in Social Security. Doing so could have major implications on state and local governments and their taxpayers.

HOUSING, COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, AND HEALTHCARE

CDBG, HOME, HOPWA & Homeless Assistance

The City of Dallas calls on Congress and the Administration to fully fund CDBG, HOME, HOPWA and Homeless Assistance Grants. The City opposes any effort to limit the City's flexibility in using these funds. The City also strongly opposes any effort to shift control of these programs away from the local level or decrease the cap on administrative and planning costs.

In FY 2018, the City of Dallas received \$14.8 million from CDBG, \$5.8 million from HOME, \$6.6 million from HOPWA and \$1.2 million in Emergency Solutions Grants. Despite immense positive impact that these flexible, locally controlled programs have had on the nation's cities, they have been inadequately funded for many years. CDBG and HOME have an especially long and successful track record of providing quick, flexible and effective assistance to cities and states. In Dallas, they bolster City efforts to stabilize and sustain neighborhoods, preserve and expand the supply of affordable housing, expand economic opportunities, meet critical social needs and fund other critical needs in low- and moderate-income neighborhoods. The City of Dallas would be hard-pressed to meet these needs without direct and flexible federal assistance.

Affordable Housing

The City of Dallas supports the preservation and expansion of federal programs and tax incentives that support City efforts to expand and preserve affordable housing. The City specifically supports full funding of the Affordable Housing Trust Fund and preservation of the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit.

Affordable housing remains a critical issue for the nation's cities. The City of Dallas has developed a robust plan to address the City's housing needs. The focus of the plan is to maximize City resources by alleviating poverty, empowering neighborhoods, addressing concentrations of blight, and enhancing rental options. The City is also aiming to attract and retain the middle class by pursuing initiatives that will expand homeownership. A key component of the City's plan is to increase the supply of affordable and workforce housing and revitalize neighborhoods in a manner that creates truly mixed-income neighborhoods and avoids the displacement of longtime neighborhood residents.

Social Services Block Grant & Community Services Block Grant

The Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) is a flexible source of funds that states use to support a wide variety of social services activities. SSBG is an important main source of federal funds for protective services, which benefit elderly and disabled adults, and child protective services.

The Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) funds the delivery of services to low-income Texas residents in all 254 counties. These funds support a variety of direct services to residents whom are among the most vulnerable in the community.

While the City of Dallas does not directly oversee the SSBG and CSBG, the funds they provide are important to the community and work to protect the City's most vulnerable populations. Any decrease in SSBG and CSBG funds will only place additional stress onto the City's taxpayers, and defenseless residents.

Healthcare

The City of Dallas urges Congress to take into consideration the effect that national health care legislation has on the nation's cities; to build upon, not tear down, the progress that has been made in recent years to the healthcare system; and to ensure that none of the 20 million newly covered individuals are left without health care coverage. In addition, the City encourages the new Administration and Congress to include mental health in any comprehensive health care reform measures.

Municipalities share a responsibility for the health and well-being of communities, which includes ensuring access to comprehensive and affordable health care. The City of Dallas has one of the highest rates of uninsured residents in the nation and seeks solutions that will provide its residents with easy access to health insurance. The City opposes health care programs that deny desperately needed access to care to individuals and families; place an undue burden on local hospitals; and do not provide safeguards for patients currently suffering from chronic and terminal illnesses.

CLEAN AIR & HEALTHY ENVIRONMENT

The City of Dallas looks forward to working with our partners in the Dallas-Fort Worth Metropolitan Area to meet air quality goals outlined by the Clean Air Act and water quality goals outlined by the Clean Water Act. Our nation faces the challenges of ensuring protection of public health, air and water supply while continuing to encourage economic growth and energy independence. Although the challenges created by pollution and energy security are international and national in scope, local governments are well placed to implement policies and pursue innovations to meet those challenges, especially if they are given the resources and authority to do so.

The City of Dallas, and the Dallas-Fort Worth Metropolitan Area, have invested hundreds of millions of dollars into the regional transit system, converted municipal fleets to alternative fuels, and made public buildings more energy efficient. In addition, the City of Dallas supports the development of high-speed rail between Houston and the North Texas Region and other large transit-related infrastructure projects that provide a positive impact on our quality and might mitigate the impact of mobile source emissions on public health. The City of Dallas has been a national leader in this area, implementing a number of nationally-recognized and replicated sustainability programs that have decreased the City's operating and energy costs along with its environmental impact.

Direct Federal assistance is crucial to local governments that are well suited to meeting the challenge of protecting the environment. Local governments benefit from direct federal assistance that can be used to promote energy efficiency and conservation, alternative fuel, public education initiatives, emissions reductions, and other programs to reduce ozone and other air pollutants.

The City urges Congress and the Administration to empower the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Department of Transportation, and the Department of Energy, as well as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, so they may protect air quality at a broader, regional level. The City also urges the EPA to explore national, carbon-free energy solutions that would result in economic growth and enhanced protection of public health and the environment.

The City of Dallas encourages Congress and the Administration to pursue imaginative solutions using reliable, peer-reviewed sources of scientific information in the effort to address clean air, climate change and energy security. In particular, the City urges Congress to act swiftly and meaningfully on climate change in a manner that does not economically burden the City or Dallas residents. Such action could include, but not be limited to, a carbon fee and dividend that benefits working families, significantly reduces emissions and employs a carbon-content based border adjustment to protect the competitiveness of American businesses. The City further urges Congress to fully fund any mandates it imposes on local governments to meet these challenges.

The City also reiterates its disappointment that the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant (EECBG) was only funded once and calls on Congress to fully fund this innovative and forward looking federal-local partnership. Additionally, the City requests that Congress robustly fund the Transportation Alternatives Program, and fully fund the CMAQ program in order to help metropolitan areas meet federal clean air mandates.

Finally, the City of Dallas is taking actions necessary to join and participate in the C40 Cities group, which is an international effort to address climate change and deliver the most ambitious goals of the Paris Agreement at the local level, in addition to cleaning the air that we breathe. The City is committed to becoming an international leader in addressing environmental and climate issues.

EDUCATION, AFTER SCHOOL CARE, CHILD NUTRITION & EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

The City of Dallas urges Congress and the Administration to provide schools with the resources (including technology) they need and to reauthorize, expand and fully fund early childhood, extended learning time, child nutrition programs and to maximize resources and flexibility for out-of-school time and other education programs.

A strong public education system is crucial to the economic health and future of the City of Dallas and requires a strong federal investment in schools and children. Out-of-school time and child nutrition programs are a vital component of a strong educational system and play an important role in preventing youth crime and delinquency.

TRAVEL, TOURISM, ARTS & CULTURE

The City of Dallas is a major global city that attracts millions of visitors each year. Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport warmly welcomes over 69 million passengers a year, elevating DFW to a status as one of the most frequently visited super hub airports in the world. Customers can choose from among 182 domestic and 62 international nonstop destinations. In 2019, DFW Airport was selected by Air Transport World as the Global Airport of the Year. The Dallas-Fort Worth Metropolitan Area is home to 22 Fortune 500 companies, hosts hundreds of major conventions each year and draws tourists from around the world for its world-class cultural offerings.

As the business and cultural hub of the nation's top exporting state and with plans for a major intermodal transportation hub to handle international freight traffic, the Dallas economy relies more than ever on international business and vacation visitors.

In addition, the arts have played a central role in the renaissance of downtown Dallas and are a cornerstone of the downtown Dallas economy. The federal government plays a small but important role in fostering and promoting the arts. The City supports the missions and the adequate funding of the National Endowment for the Arts, the National Endowment for the Humanities and the Institute of Museum and Library Services.

The City of Dallas further encourages federal policies, including tax policies, which foster the arts and recognize the important role they play in tourism and central city economies. The City also calls for federal policy that recognizes the role that art education plays in fostering artists and audiences.

2020 CENSUS AND AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY

The City of Dallas supports funding for, and continuance of, the decennial Census, particularly the upcoming 2020 Census, the American Community Survey, Economic Census, Census of Governments, Annual Population Estimates, and other relevant surveys and statistics that would benefit municipalities.

The City of Dallas is vitally concerned that the U.S. Census Bureau is able to maintain production of quality data products. Several City programs and services, including planning and urban design, economic development, and the general allocation of municipal resources, rely heavily on data provided by the U.S. Census Bureau. Furthermore, the statistics produced by the Census are pivotal to the allocation of federal and state grants. Finally, the City of Dallas opposes the Administration's plan to add a citizenship question to the 2020 Census.

SOCIAL EQUITY, IMMIGRATION & WELCOMING COMMUNITIES

The City complies with all federal and state immigration laws.

The City of Dallas urges common sense, comprehensive immigration reform, including a legalization component, smart solutions to homeland security and pathway to citizenship for DREAMers & TPS holders.

The City of Dallas implements strategies to advance equity and increase economic mobility for vulnerable and marginalized residents. Dallas is a participating city in the Rockefeller Foundations' 100 Resilient Cities program, which is dedicated to helping citizens become resilient to the economic, social, and environmental challenge that are a part of the 21st century.

The City of Dallas strives to be a welcoming city for all. In 2017, the City established the Office of Welcoming Communities and Immigrant Affairs to bridge the space between newcomers and existing Dallas residents., to find common ground, foster informed understanding and promote shared leadership.

The city's population continues to grow with almost 25 percent of residents being foreign born. Immigrants make up almost 32 percent of the employed labor force of the Dallas-metro area and they play a critical role in several key industries including accounting for almost 70 percent of construction workers.

Their work contributes directly to the economic strength of the city, earning \$7.9 billion and contributing \$591.1 million to state and local taxes in 2016.

The City of Dallas is proud of its diversity and is committed to ensuring that residents are protected regardless of race, religion, gender, or sexual orientation. The City is recognized by the Human Rights Campaign for its leadership in non-discrimination protections in employment, housing, and public accommodations.

The City of Dallas supports federal legislative initiatives that promote diversity, and ensure equity and human rights for all people in this country.

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