Memorandum

DATE August 28, 2015

TO The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

SUBJECT Aquatics Master Plan Update Briefing

On Wednesday, September 2, 2015, the Dallas City Council will be briefed on the Aquatics Master Plan Update. The briefing materials are attached for your review.

Please let me know if you have any questions or need additional information.

(JHHN (MUUM)

Willis C. Winters, FAIA, Director Park and Recreation Department

Attachments

 c: A.C. Gonzalez, City Manager Warren M.S. Ernst, City Attorney Craig D. Kinton, City Auditor Rosa A. Rios, City Secretary Daniel F. Solis, Administrative Judge Ryan S. Evans, First Assistant City Manager Eric D. Campbell, Assistant City Manager Jill A. Jordan, P.E., Assistant City Manager Mark McDaniel, Assistant City Manager Joey Zapata, Assistant City Manager Jeanne Chipperfield, Chief Financial Officer Sana Syed, Public Information Officer Elsa Cantu, Assistant to the City Manager – Mayor & Council



Aquatics Master Plan Update

Dallas City Council

September 2, 2015



Purpose of Briefing

June 17, 2015 City Council approved professional services contract for 2015 Aquatics Master Plan Update

- Council requested a briefing in advance of public input meetings
- Provide history of Dallas Aquatics
- Provide information on existing pools in the Dallas park system
- Provide findings for 2012 Aquatics Facilities Master Plan
- Provide scope of work for Aquatics Facilities Master Plan 2015
 Update
- Discuss data and preliminary recommendations for the Aquatics
 Facilities Master Plan 2015 Update
- Solicit feedback on the preliminary findings
- Next Steps

Dallas Aquatics Background 1920 - 1990

- First pool built in 1921 at Lake Cliff Park and removed in 1958
 - Replaced by Kidd Springs pool
- Tietze and Grauwyler pools were built in 1947
- By 1980 City operated over 80 pools – mostly small neighborhood wading pools



Lake Cliff Park

- Between 1980 and 1990 pool attendance dropped from 310,000 to 141,000
- Decreases in pool operational funding resulted in pool closings and shorter pool seasons

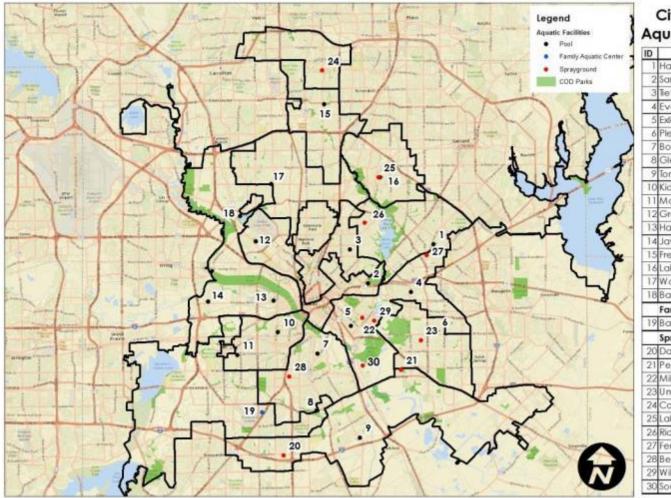
Dallas Aquatics Background 1990 - Present

- By 2000 all wading pools closed due to low attendance and new state health and safety codes
- 2001 Aquatics Plan recommended
 - Six regional aquatic facilities
 - Multiple spraygrounds
- Progress from the 2001 Plan to date:
 - Bahama Beach opened 2005
 - Eleven spraygrounds opened 2001 to 2015
- Average community pool attendance in the previous 3 years has been 104,000

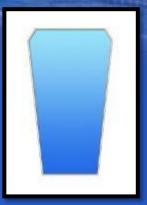




Existing Aquatic Facilities



City of Dallas Aquatic Facilities Community Pool 1 Harry Stone 2 Samuell Grand 3 Tietze 4 Everglade 5 Extine 6 Pleasant Oaks 7 Bonnie View 8 Glendale 9 Tommie Allen 10 Kidd Springs 11 Martin Weiss 12 Grauwyler 13 Hattle R. Moore 14 Jaycee / Zaragoza 15 Fretz 16 Lake Highlands North 17 Walnut Hill 18 Bachman **Family Aquatic Center** 19 Bahama Beach Sprayground 20 Danieldale 21 Pemberton Hill 22 Mildred Dunn 23 Umphress 24 Campbell Green 25 Lake Highlands North 26 Ridgewood 27 Ferguson 28 Beckley Saner 29 Willie Mae Butler outh Central



82'-105' Length



82' Length

Existing Pools

Annual attendance in 2014 and age of pools

Park Site	2014 Attendance	Daily Average Attendance	Year Built
Bonnie View	1,542	31	1963
Everglade	3,227	54	1975
Exline	1,871	37	1957
Fretz (swim lessons, only)	3,959	NA	1970
Glendale	2,604	50	1949
Grauwyler	1,326	25	1947
H. R. Moore	2,630	41	1974
Harry Stone	8,780	113	1958
Jaycee Zaragoza	2,416	47	1974
Kidd Springs	12,742	138	1958
Lake Highlands North	15,576	203	1970
Martin Weiss	10,471	140	1953
Pleasant Oaks	7,775	116	1958
Samuell Grand	8,978	153	1953
Tietze	10,397	123	1947
Tommie Allen	3,365	66	1970
Walnut Hill	<u>7,052</u>	121	1954 6
Total:	104,711		

Existing Pools

Annual attendance in 2014 and age of pools

Park Site	2014 Attendance	Daily Average Attendance	<u>Year Built</u>
Bachman Indoor Pool	24,504	82	1980
Bahama Beach Aquatic Center	50,543	743	2005

2014 O&M Costs, Revenues, and Cost Recovery:

Park Site	Revenue	Expenses	Cost Recovery
Bonnie View	\$ 2,129	\$ 67,948	3.13%
Everglade	\$ 6,044	\$ 48,067	12.57%
Exline	\$ 2,517	\$ 38,518	6.53%
Fretz	\$ 16,099	\$ 44,617	36.08%
Glendale	\$ 3,416	\$ 59,390	5.75%
Grauwyler	\$ 2,025	\$ 27,093	7.47%
H. R. Moore	\$ 4,298	\$ 51,305	8.38%
Harry Stone	\$ 19,857	\$ 35,508	55.92%
Jaycee Zaragoza	\$ 4,381	\$ 88,257	4.96%
Kidd Springs	\$ 26,791	\$ 61,784	43.36%
Lake Highlands North	\$ 34,283	\$ 55,737	61.51%
Martin Weiss	\$ 22,893	\$ 82,434	27.77%
Pleasant Oaks	\$ 17,704	\$ 42,107	42.05%
Samuell Grand	\$ 14,712	\$ 68,893	21.36%
Tietze	\$ 26,967	\$ 57,358	47.01%
Tommie Allen	\$ 5,533	\$ 61,867	8.94%
Walnut Hill	<u>\$ 13,984</u>	<u>\$ 38,317</u>	36.50%
Subtotal:	\$223,633	\$ 929,200	
Aquatics Coordination / P	ool Mechanics:	<u>\$ 254,156</u>	
Total:		\$1,183,356	18.90%
Cost per visit			\$9.31 °

Bahama Beach Aquatic Center

Revenues, O&M Costs, and Cost Recovery:

	<u>Year</u>	<u>Revenue</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Cost</u> <u>Recovery</u>	<u>Attendance</u>
•	2012	\$ 599,778	\$ 816,377	73.47%	55,345
•	2013	\$ 617,820	\$ 923,462	66.90%	50,953
•	2014	\$ 579,662	\$ 834,477	69.46%	50,543

Note: Bahama Beach is larger than the Regional Family Aquatic Center that was proposed in the 2012 Aquatic Master Plan



Existing Pools

- Pools range in age from 40 to 68 years old and are past the end of their useful life
- Pools are physically and functionally obsolete
- Pools are programmatically outdated
- Pools do not have features and attractions that are popular with today's users, such as zero-depth entries, interactive play areas, and geysers
- Pool system is geographically inefficient
 - Overlapping service areas
 - Gaps in service areas



Recent Progress

May 11, 2013

• May 16, 2013

• May 15, 2015

Referendum for the sale of park land that included Elgin B. Robertson (EBR) Park was approved by the voters

Park and Recreation Board adopted:

- 2012 Aquatics Master Plan (MP)
- Resolution to use proceeds from EBR land sale for Aquatics MP

Elgin B. Robertson land sale was closed in the amount of \$31.8M

2012 Aquatics Facilities Master Plan

- Evaluated the current aquatic system
 - 17 community pools physically and functionally obsolete
- Reviewed aquatic user groups
 - Recreation, instruction, competition, and wellness



- Reviewed national aquatic trends
 - Bigger, better and fewer facilities for increased public attendance and operational sustainability
- Developed master planning options

Summary of Considered 2012 Master Plan Options

Baseline – Replace existing pools

- \$57,800,000 investment
- Does not meet current aquatic trends
- Actual system attendance = 104,711
- Attendance will not change substantially if pools are replaced with the same model
- Option 1 10 Community Family Aquatic Centers (FACs)
 - \$55,000,000 investment
 - Reduces operational subsidy
 - Potential system attendance = 250,000

Option 2 – 6 Regional FACs

- \$52,200,000 investment
- Lowest operational subsidy
- Potential system attendance = 270,000







Facility Type: Community FAC



Features:

- 3,500–5,500 square feet of water
- Open flume slide
- Tot slide
- Zero entry beach
- Interactive play feature
- Raindrop feature
- Interactive geysers
- 4 lap lanes (lessons, lap swim, swim teams, aerobics)
- Bath house / concession building
- Filtration building
- Shade structures

Cost per pool: \$5.5M (Total project cost, not including land acquisition in 2015 dollars)

Service area: 4-mile radius Average attendance: 25,000

Facility Type: Regional FAC



- 7,500–9,500 square feet of water
- Open and closed flume slide
- Tot slide
- Tot pool/pad
- Lazy river
- Shade structures
- Interactive play feature
- Interactive floor geysers
- Bath house / concession building
- Filtration building
- 8 lap lanes to accommodate swim meets

Cost per pool: \$8.7M (Total project cost, not including land acquisition in 2015 dollars)

Service area: 6-mile radius Average attendance: 45,000

- Zero entry beach

15

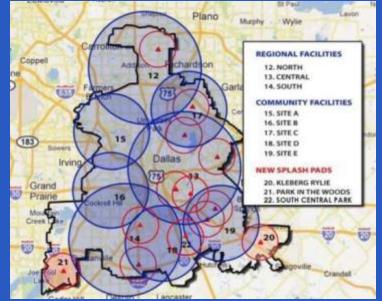
- Group pavilions





2012 Master Plan Adopted Option

- Option 3: "Hybrid" option 3 regional FACs (including Bahama Beach), 5 community FACs, and 2 spraygrounds
 - Option was selected based on feedback from City Council and the Park and Recreation Board
 - Option was recommended and adopted by the Park and Recreation Board on May 16, 2013



 Estimated total project cost for Option 3 for the FACs is \$53.6M, not including land acquisition (2015 dollars)

Family Aquatic Center



Meade Park Family Aquatic Center in Charlottesville, Virginia



Scope for 2015 Master Plan Update

Review and document changes in demographic data

- Update recommendations on the types of aquatic facilities
- Aquatics Master Plan to provide impact to the greatest number of users in the shortest period of time
- Recommend locations for new aquatic facilities based on site considerations and public input
- Evaluate conceptual plans for site suitability for recommended facilities
- Prepare master plan for phased approach for future improvements at Bahama Beach
- Prepare probable project costs for new aquatics facilities
- Conduct four public input meetings
- Provide analysis of financial performance for new facilities

Work Performed To Date

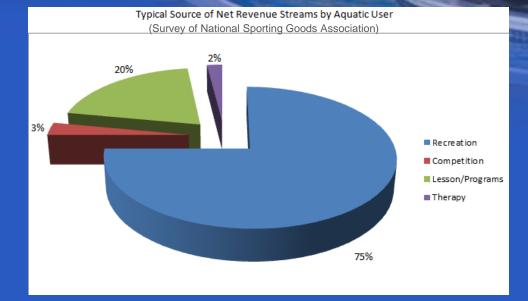
- Notice to Proceed to consultant to begin contract work was issued on July 15, 2015
- Consultant has performed following work to date:
 - Updated data from the 2012 Aquatic Facilities Master Plan
 - Updated cost estimates to 2015 dollars
 - Developed proposed site selection criteria
 - Developed preliminary recommendations for the Master Plan
- The value of the work performed so far:
 - Allows for the evaluation of potential aquatic center locations
 - Allows for preparation for public input meetings

2015 Aquatics Plan Considerations and Updates

Aquatic Trends Planning Criteria Demographics Existing Pool Usage Site Evaluations

Types of Aquatic Programming

- Recreation 75%
- Instructional 20%
- Competition 3%
- Wellness and Therapy 2%





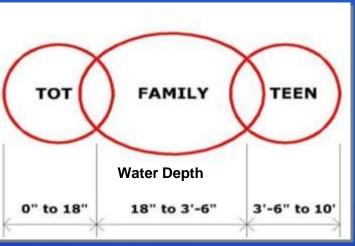
Recreation

Tots

- Families
- Teens
- Young Adults / Seniors
- The "Family Aquatic Center" Concept









Texas Family Aquatic Centers (Survey of 15 Texas Facilities)

Typical admission \$5 - \$8

- Typical non-resident adult admission \$6
- Average child admission \$3 \$4
- Child 3 and under/seniors typically free
- Average number of staff (one shift) 15-20
- Average season attendance 25,000
 - High season attendance 55,000
 - Low season attendance 15,000
- Average cost recovery rate 80–90%

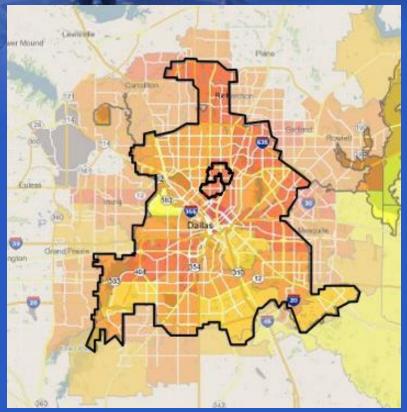






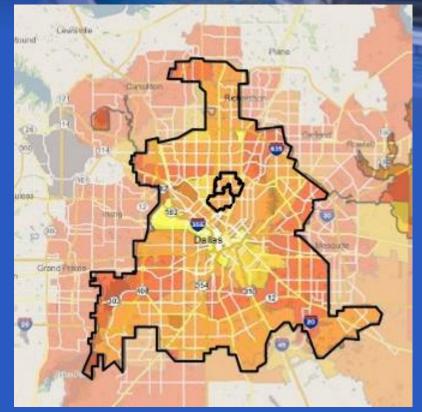
Population Density

General Population



ZIP Codes - High (Above 10,875) ZIP Codes - Above Average (4,400 to 10,875) ZIP Codes - Average (1,775 to 4,400) ZIP Codes - Below Average (720 to 1,775) ZIP Codes - Low (Below 720)

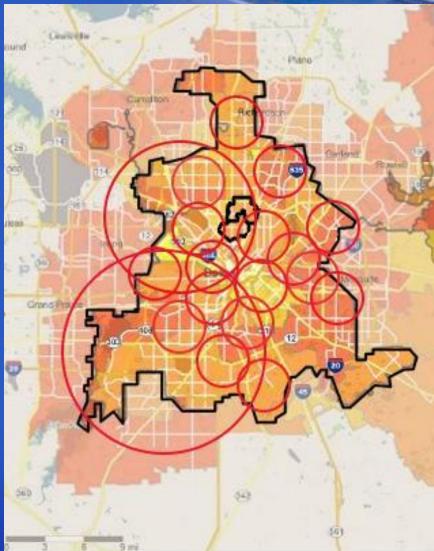
Households With Children Under 18



ZIP Codes - High (Above 17,000)
 ZIP Codes - Above Average (5,300 to 17,000)
 ZIP Codes - Average (1,675 to 5,300)
 ZIP Codes - Below Average (530 to 1,675)
 ZIP Codes - Low (Below 530)

Existing Pools with Population Map of Households Under 18

ZIP Codes - High (Above 17,000)
ZIP Codes - Above Average (5,300 to 17,000)
ZIP Codes - Average (1,675 to 5,300)
ZIP Codes - Below Average (530 to 1,675)
ZIP Codes - Low (Below 530)



Recent Park Board Input

- Provide Equal Level of Service (North, Central, South)
- Consider Population Density and Median Age Groups
- No "Cookie Cutter" Solutions
- Consider Highly Supported Existing Pools
- Consider Vegetation, Topography, Site Character
- Don't Remove Existing Pools Until Impact of New Family Aquatic Centers on Usage is Known
- Start with Facilities that Will Serve the Greatest Number of Users in Phase One
- Consider Maintenance Needs of Existing Pools While Plan is Being Implemented

Additional Planning Guidelines

- Stretch funds by avoiding land acquisition costs
- Incorporate Bahama Beach and Bachman indoor pool into the overall plan
- Provide diverse and unique aquatic facilities
- Primary focus upgrade the City's outdoor recreation pool system
- Plan should be operationally sustainable
- Build on existing strengths (support/revenue)

Master Plan 2015 Update Step One

Financial Impacts of Bahama Beach and Bachman Indoor Were Added into the Updated Preliminary Plan

Bahama Beach Water Park

\$834,477

\$9 - \$15

<u>2014</u>

- Expenses:
- Revenue: \$579,662
- Attendance: 50,543
- Cost Recovery: 69.46%
- Admission:

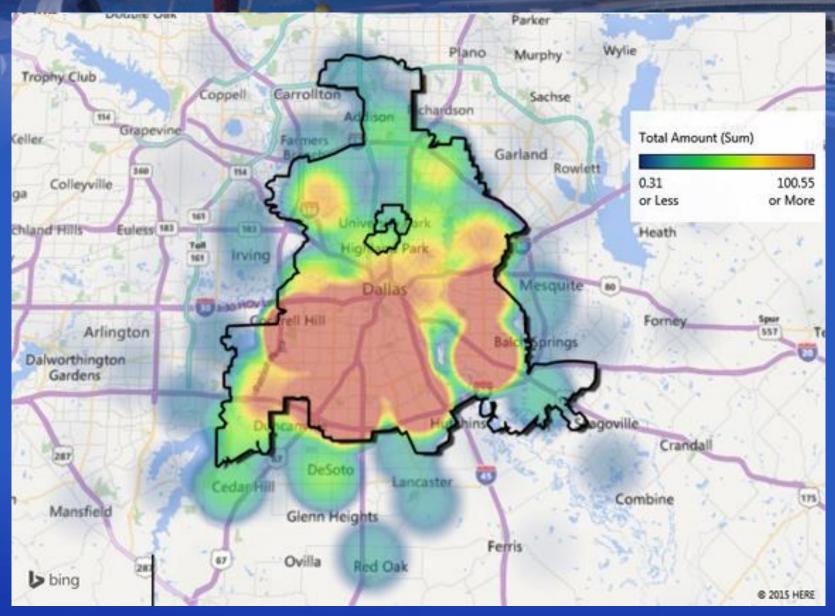


Recommendation

Continue to Maintain and Invest in Bahama Beach to Help Offset Higher Subsidy Smaller Aquatic Facilities²⁹



Bahama Beach City-Wide Draw



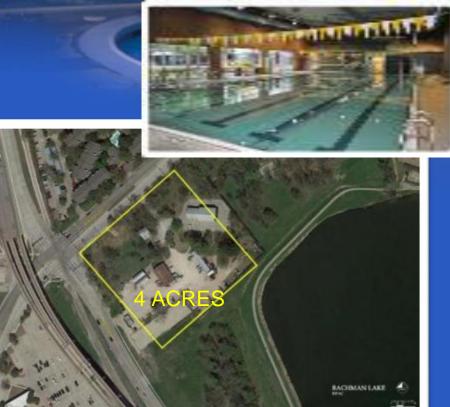
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Bachman Indoor

<u>2014</u>

- Expenses:
- Revenue:
- Attendance:
- Cost recovery:
- Admission:

\$161,991 \$70,787 24,504 44% \$3



Recommendations

- Continue to maintain and invest in Bachman indoor pool as a city-wide wellness and program facility
- Contingent upon the current maintenance facility relocation consider Bachman Lake Park for an additional Regional Family Aquatic Center

Master Plan 2015 Update Step Two

Group Existing Pools into Three Geographic Regions (North, Central, and South) +/- 350,000 to 400,000 Population Each

Existing Aquatic Facilities 2015

<u>North</u>

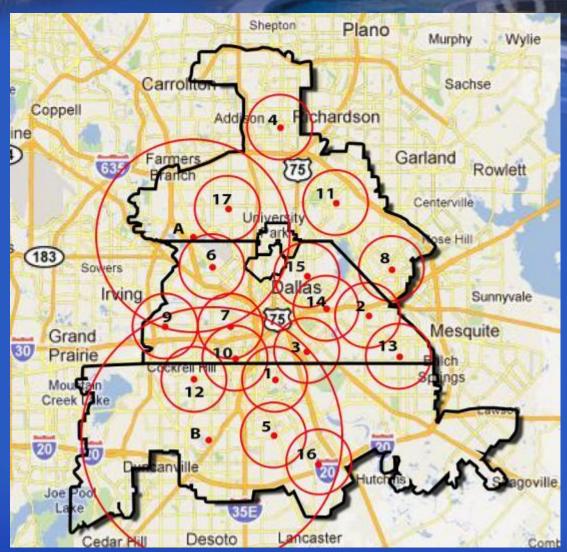
- Bachman Indoor (A)
- Lake Highlands North (11)
- Harry Stone (8)
- Walnut Hill (17)

Central

- Kidd Springs (10)
- Tietze (15)
- Samuell Grand (14)
- Pleasant Oaks (13)
- Everglade (2)
- Grauwyler (6)
- Jaycee Zaragoza (9)
- H.R. Moore (7)
- Exline (3)

<u>South</u>

- Bahama Beach (B)
- Martin Weiss (12)
- Tommie Allen (16)
- Glendale (5)
- Bonnie View (1)



Master Plan 2015 Update Step Three

Develop a Preliminary Update to the 2012 Aquatics Plan Considering an Equal Level of Service for the Three **Regions of Equal Population** (350,000-400,000) – North, Central and South

Current Approved 2012 Plan
- 3 Regional Family Aquatic Centers
- 5 Community Family Aquatic Centers

2015 Preliminary Updated Plan
- 3 Regional Family Aquatic Centers
- 3 Community Family Aquatic Centers
- 3 Neighborhood Family Aquatic Centers

Master Plan 2015 Update Step Four

Update the Proposed Site Selection Criteria by Facility Type (Regional, Community and Neighborhood)

Site Selection Criteria From 2012 Approved Master Plan

- Preference given to existing park sites
- Adequate developable area on site
- Potential users (census data)
- Proximity to other public aquatic facilities
- Accessibility (auto, bus, train, etc.)
- Adjacent to other public facilities (parking, recreation centers, sports fields, schools)

Additional Proposed Site Selection Criteria

Regional Family Aquatic Center (RFAC)

- 4 Acres for Pool/Bathhouse and Parking
- 100-Car or More Parking (Existing or Space to Add)
- Easy Public Access (DART, Autos, Bicycles)
- Minimize Overlap with Other Area Providers
- Community Family Aquatic Center (CFAC)
 - 3 Acres for Pool/Bathhouse and Parking
 - 50-Car Parking
 - Easy Public Access (DART, Autos, Bicycles)
 - No Overlap with Other CFAC Facilities
 - High Public Usage/Support
- Neighborhood Family Aquatic Center (NFAC)
 - 2 Acres for Pool/Bathhouse
 - Only ADA Parking Required
 - High Public Usage/Support

Note: All Selected Sites Should Minimize Removal of Trees and Existing Recreation Facilities 38

Master Plan 2015 Update Step Five

Evaluate the Pools by Usage

Pool Usage

POOL	PAID ATTENDANCE (2014)	EXPENSE RECOVERY PERCENTAGE
North Sector		
Bachman Indoor	24,504	44%
Lake Highlands	10,162	62%
Walnut Hill	6,052	37%
Harry Stone	5,627	56%
Fretz	N/A (Lessons only)	36%
Midtown	New Potential Site	N.A.
Central Sector		
Samuell Grand	7,645	42%
Kidd Springs	6,913	43%
Tietze	6,179	47%
Pleasant Oaks	5,803	48%
Everglade	2,716	13%
Jaycee Zaragoza	2,372	5%
H.R. Moore	2,029	8%
Exline	1,871	7%
Grauwyler	1,229	7%
South Sector		
Bahama Beach	50,543	74%
Martin Weiss	7,005	28%
Tommie Allen	3,283	9%
Glendale	2,524	6%
Bonnie View	1,542	3%
Crawford	New Potential Site	N.A.
Singing Hills	New Potential Site	N.A.

Master Plan 2015 Update Step Six

Evaluate Potential Sites for Suitability of Regional, Community and Neighborhood Family Aquatic Centers (FACs)

Fretz (North Regional FAC)



Samuell Grand (Central Regional FAC)



Crawford (South Regional FAC)



Preliminary Recommendations for Regional FAC Sites

<u>North</u>

- Fretz
- Bachman (future)

Central

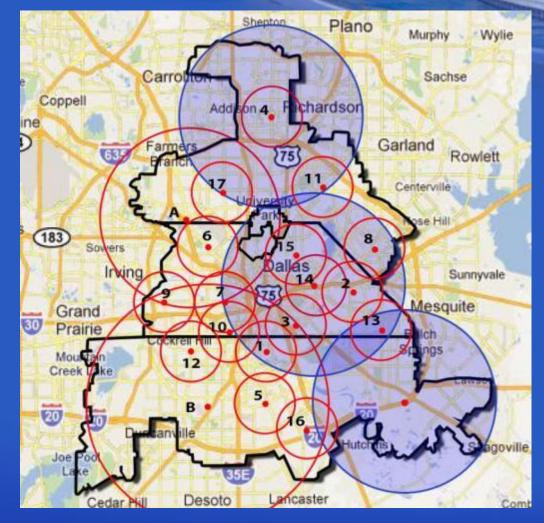
Samuell Grand

<u>South</u>

Crawford

Existing City-Wide

- Bachman Indoor
- Bahama Beach



Lake Highlands North (North Community FAC)



Note: Developing a Community FAC at this site may require removing 1 or 2 soccer fields

Midtown (North Community FAC – Possible Future Facility)



Kidd Springs (Central Community FAC)



Singing Hills (South Community FAC)



Preliminary Recommendations for Community FAC Sites

<u>North</u>

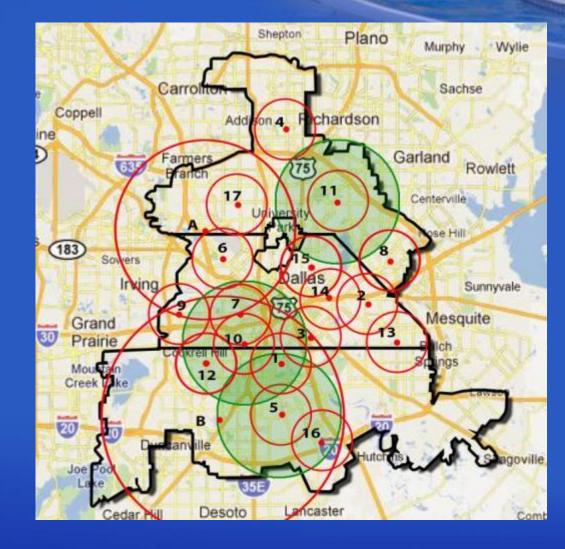
- Lake Highlands
- Midtown (Future)

<u>Central</u>

Kidd Springs

<u>South</u>

Singing Hills



Harry Stone (North Neighborhood FAC)



Tietze (Central Neighborhood FAC)



Martin Weiss (South Neighborhood FAC)



Preliminary Recommendations for Neighborhood FAC Sites

<u>North</u>

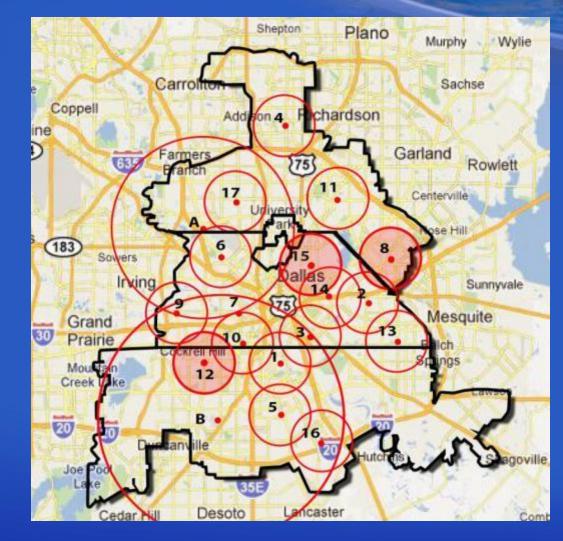
Harry Stone

<u>Central</u>

Tietze

<u>South</u>

Martin Weiss



Preliminary Recommendations for the 2015 Aquatic Master Plan

North – One Each (RFAC,CFAC, NFAC) Central – One Each (RFAC, CFAC, NFAC) South – One Each (RFAC, CFAC, NFAC)

Future consideration for Bachman Regional FAC and Midtown Community FAC

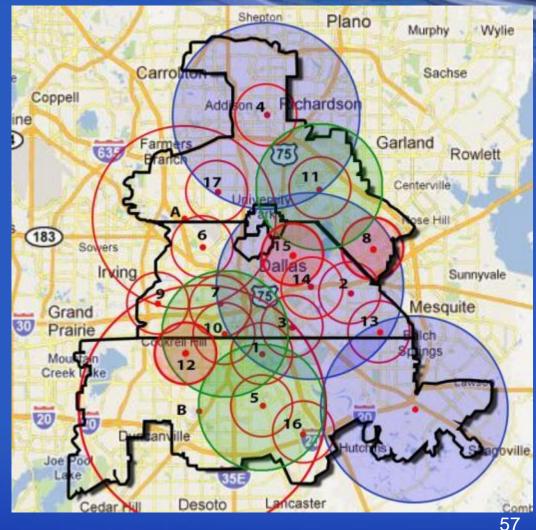
Preliminary Recommendations

 These preliminary recommendations were supported by the Park and Recreation Board Recreation Facilities Strategic Planning Committee on August 25, 2015

 Recommendations, including feedback from the City Council briefing today, will be presented to the full Park and Recreation Board on Thursday, September 3, 2015

Summary of Preliminary Recommendations

- Total project cost: \$52,800,000
- Total estimated attendance: 410,000
- Total revenue: \$2,555,000
- Total expenses: \$3,112,000
- Annual subsidy: (\$556,000)
- Recovery rate: 82%



Recommended Initial Phase of Development

Complete 3 RFACs

- Fretz
- Samuell Grand
- Crawford

Complete 1 CFAC

– Kidd Springs

\$ 6,500,000 \$ 7,500,000 \$ 8,700,000

\$ 4,500,000

Complete 1 NFAC

- Tietze

\$ 3,500,000

Reserve for inflation and adds to existing facilities

\$ 1,100,000

Project Cost:

\$31,800,000*

* Funding from Elgin B. Robertson land sale proceeds

Recommended Future Phase Development

- Complete 2 CFACs Total project cost \$10,000,000 (in 2015 dollars)
- Complete 2 NFACs Total project cost \$8,000,000 (in 2015 dollars)
- Continue to invest in Bahama Beach, Bachman indoor pool, and spraygrounds as needed
- Consider a future additional RFAC at Bachman Lake
- Consider a future additional Aquatic Facility at Midtown Park

Next Steps

- Brief the Park and Recreation Board on preliminary recommendations and seek input on September 3, 2015
- Seek input at public meetings
- Finalize types and locations of new facilities to be recommended for the 2015 Master Plan Update based on Council, Park Board and public input
- Seek Park and Recreation Board approval for the 2015 Master Plan Update, including specific site locations
- Brief Council on the 2015 Master Plan Update



Next Steps - continued

Depending on the construction procurement method selected, the design and construction of the first aquatic facility will take approximately 30 months once the Master Plan Update is approved.

 Schedule includes consultant selection; fee negotiation; design contract award; design; public input; platting (if necessary); construction procurement and award; construction; and make-ready

Aquatic Facilities Master Plan Update

Dallas City Council

September 2, 2015



Appendix

Tentative Locations/Dates for Public Input Meetings

Locations

- Pleasant Oaks Recreation Center
- Walnut Hill Recreation Center
- Kidd Springs Recreation Center
- Samuell Grand Recreation Center

Notification plan

- Dallas Morning News
- El Extra
- Dallas Examiner
- People Newspaper
- Park and Recreation website
- Social Media
- E-mails to the pool user database
- City Councilmembers' e-mail notifications

Date Sept. 21, 2015 Sept. 22, 2015 Sept. 23, 2015 Sept. 24, 2015



Sprayground Locations

Location

Umphress Park Danieldale Park Pemberton Hill Park Mildred Dunn Park Lake Highlands North Park Campbell Green Park Ridgewood Park Ferguson Park Beckley Saner Park Willie Mae Butler Park South Central Park Year Opened



August 2015

Public Art Program

- City of Dallas Code, Chapter 2, Article X. Public Art Program:
 - Beginning January 1, 1989, all appropriations for city capital improvement projects, shall include:
 - 1.5 percent of the total capital improvement appropriation, or
 - 0.75 percent of the total appropriation for a project that is exclusively for street, storm drainage, utility, or sidewalk improvements
 - Funds are used for design services of artists, for the selection, acquisition, commissioning, and display of artworks, and for administration of the public art projects.

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Public Art Program

- A plan for the use of the 1-1/2% for public art will be developed as part of the Phase 1 implementation strategy
 - 1-1/2% of \$31.8M equals \$477,000
 - Selection of artist(s) will be initiated to design/install artwork at locations designated in the Phase I Implementation