Memorandum



DATE June 14, 2019

Honorable Members of the Public Safety and Criminal Justice Committee:

B. Adam McGough (Chair), Philip T. Kingston (Vice Chair), Jennifer S. Gates,
Casey Thomas, Adam Medrano, Sandy Greyson, Kevin Felder, Carolyn King Arnold

SUBJECT Employee Survivor Benefits and Life Insurance Benefits

On June 10, 2019, staff briefed the Public Safety and Criminal Justice Committee on the City's Employee Survivor Benefits & Life Insurance Benefits. The following responses are provided as a follow-up to the questions received during and after the meeting from Council members:

Q. Is there an opportunity to separate the insurance plan for sworn staff and nonsworn civilian staff?

A. Keeping one large risk pool to provide health benefits to employees would enable the City to have more predictable costs and greater negotiation power, which translates into savings for the City and all employees. In addition to cost, risk pool segmentation may also open the City to discrimination claims and the potential for unintended bias. For those reasons, City staff does not advise to offer separate health benefits plans for sworn staff.

Q. Is COBRA the best option for surviving spouses?

A. City staff's recommendation is to provide paid COBRA benefits for two months following the death of an employee. This approach would allow the surviving spouse time to consider all healthcare options and select the best one, according to their needs. The City would not mandate survivors to remain in COBRA after the first two months of coverage. This would be at the sole discretion of the eligible survivors.

COBRA would benefit surviving spouses by providing the option for continuation of benefits, which may be needed, depending on the circumstances. Not all surviving spouses would elect COBRA as there may be more affordable options available in the market or access to supplemental insurance.

Q. Can the City keep off-duty survivors' spouses in the active employee health insurance plan?

A. The City offers cost-shared health insurance coverage to active employees, which is standard practice. A surviving spouse does not meet the definition or qualifies as an active employee and could not participate in the plan as such.

On September 22, 2010, City Council voted to stop all health insurance subsidies going forward, other than offering a limited subsidy for retirees (former City of Dallas employees) hired before 2010. The City does not offer subsidized health insurance coverage to retirees hired after 2010 or spouses of retired employees. This decision was based in part to limit the City's 'other post-employment benefit' (OPEB) liability, and the need to set aside funds to cover expenses related to future benefits committed to retirees today. The Governmental

Employee Survivor Benefits and Life Insurance Benefits

Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 indicates that for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017, governments are required to recognize their unfunded accrued OPEB obligation on the face of their financial statements. OPEB comprises mostly post-employment health care benefits and can represent a very significant liability for many state and local governments, especially if the government has set aside few assets to pay for those benefits, which is the case of the City of Dallas.

City staff does not recommend providing a spousal subsidy as it will impact the City's OPEB liability and moreover, is not a benefit provided to former employees (retirees) who pay in full their spousal and dependent insurance, because the City's retirees (former employees) are required to pay in full for their health care premiums.

Q. Why is staff recommending offering additional life insurance for City employees?

A. As mentioned at the PSCJ Committee meeting, the City of Dallas currently provides life insurance in the amount of \$50,000 for all city employees. This amount significantly lags the employer-paid life insurance benefits offered by other Cities in the region and employers in general. Since life insurance plays an important role in supporting survivor spouses, staff identified an opportunity to provide support in a manner more closely aligned with the market and current standard business practices. Also, not all surviving spouses and families have the same needs and offering support through additional life insurance would provide surviving spouses the flexibility to use the funds as they see fit, according to their individual needs at the time.

Staff acknowledges that the life insurance benefit will need to be reviewed periodically as City updates its total compensation study.

Q. Are the deaths of sworn employees classified as off-duty or line-of-duty deaths by the City of Dallas?

A. No. The City of Dallas does not make such determinations. For an off-duty death to be classified as line-of-duty, it has to meet certain criteria for Public Safety Officers' Benefits (PSOB) program or the State of Texas, Employee Retirement System of Texas (ERS).

Q. Is there any other support available for a spouse of a sworn employee that dies offduty while actively employed by the City of Dallas?

A. The Dallas Police and Fire pension confirmed that when a sworn employee dies while still in Active Service, they are deemed to have 20 years of service and deemed to be at the normal retirement age. All Active deaths, regardless if it is on-duty or off duty, and regardless if they were eligible for retirement at the time of death are considered retirement eligible. The deemed 20 years of service is used if the sworn employee has less than 20 years of service. However, if the deceased sworn employee has more actual service, the actual service is used.

Qualifying survivors (spouse, children under 19 and dependent parents) are eligible to receive a death benefit based on the employee's deemed calculation. The death benefit is typically 50% of the member's benefit calculation. However, it can be more in certain circumstances. For example, if an employee dies and has both a spouse and a child or children under 19, that family will receive 100% of the sworn employee's benefit until the

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SUBJECT

Employee Survivor Benefits and Life Insurance Benefits

youngest child ages out. Any additional questions regarding retirement benefits for off-duty death can be referred to Kelly Gottschalk, Executive Director of the Dallas Police and Fire Pension.

Q. What would be the timeline for implementation of Staff's recommendations?

A. Any consideration for changes to current practices will be in the context of including both uniform and civilian employees and will come to the City Council through the budget process for review and input. Benefit changes are administered in accordance with calendar year. Therefore, January 1, 2020 would be the soonest implementation.

Q. Can the City provide retroactive benefits to an individual or group of survivors?

A. No. Any changes to the Benefits Program do not apply to prior situations. Any changes will be applied going forward.

Staff will be available at the City Council budget workshop on June 18, 2019 to respond to any questions. For your convenience, I have attached a copy of the briefing made to the Public Safety and Criminal Justice Committee on June 10, 2019.

Please feel free to contact me if you have any additional questions and advise if you have any comments or should you require further information at this time.

Chief of Staff to the City Manager

[Attachment]

c:

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council T.C. Broadnax, City Manager Chris Caso, City Attorney (Interim) Mark Swann, City Auditor Bilierae Johnson, City Secretary Preston Robinson, Administrative Judge Majed A. Al-Ghafry, Assistant City Manager

Jon Fortune, Assistant City Manager
Joey Zapata, Assistant City Manager
Nadia Chandler Hardy, Assistant City Manager and Chief Resilience Officer
Michael Mendoza, Chief of Economic Development and Neighborhood Services
M. Elizabeth Reich, Chief Financial Officer
Laila Alequresh, Chief Innovation Officer
Directors and Assistant Directors

Employee Survivor Benefits & Life Insurance Benefits

Public Safety & Criminal Justice Committee June 10, 2019

Kimberly Tolbert Chief of Staff

Carmel Fritz Compensation Manager

City of Dallas



Agenda

- Background
 - Current Survivor Benefits for all City of Dallas employees
 Line of Duty vs. Off-Duty
 Civilian
 - Life Insurance Coverage (Basic Coverage)
- Survey/Research Results peer cities
 - Survivor Benefits
 - Life Insurance
- Options/Proposed Recommendations
- Next Steps





Background – COD Survivor Death Benefits

- Survivors of COD employees are eligible to enroll in COBRA
 - Survivors have a 60-day grace period to select COBRA, after the day the death occurred
 - COBRA Premium is 102% of full active employee benefit premium.
 - Premium cost depends on the benefit plan and dependents covered
 - Survivors pay full cost (no cost share with the City)
 - Survivors are eligible to stay on COBRA for 18 months
- Benefits offered to survivors are the same for all City employees except for sworn personnel line-of-duty death
- There are no special survivor benefits offered in the event of:
 - a non-sworn or civilian death at work
 - a sworn off-duty death





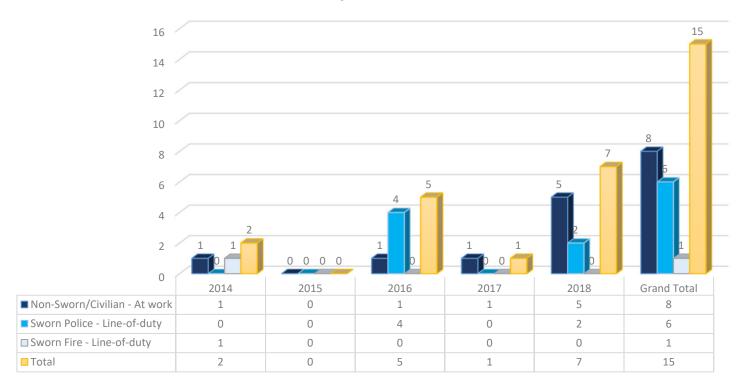
Background – COD Survivor Death Benefits Sworn Personnel Off-duty Death

- An off-duty death is a death that occurs while not on shift or while not working in an official capacity for the City of Dallas
- In order for an off-duty death to be classified as line-of-duty, the death has to meet certain criteria for Public Safety Officers' Benefits (PSOB) program or State of Texas, Employee Retirement System of Texas (ERS)



COD Employee Deaths at Work/Line-of-Duty

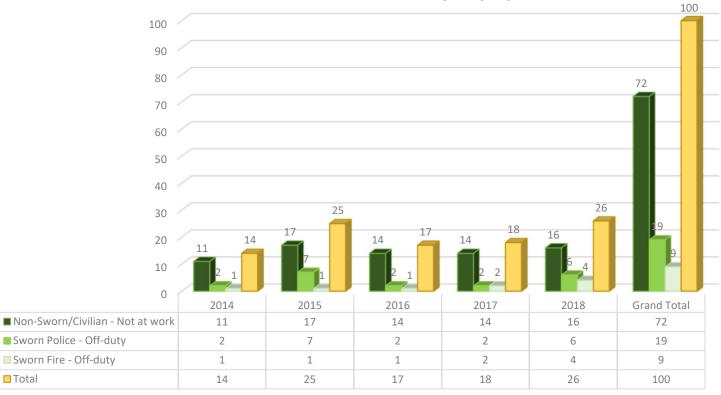
COD Employee Deaths 2014 - 2018
Sworn Line-of-Duty and Non-Sworn/Civilian At-work





COD Employee Deaths NOT at Work/Off-Duty







Survey Results – Survivor Benefits

- 18 Cities in Texas and surrounding states were surveyed (all responded)
- 16 Cities in Texas offer the same survivor benefits as the City of Dallas
- 2 Cities, Denver and Austin, reported providing different benefits specific to off-duty uniformed deaths



Survey Results – Survivor Benefits

Denver

- The City of Denver's Employees Retirement Pension Plan for civilian/sheriff uniform officers continues to offer medical and dental insurance to surviving eligible dependents at a premium reduction
 - (Note: The City of Denver does not pay for this benefit)
- Eligibility: Dependents to age 19, and surviving spouse for life

Austin

- Eligible surviving dependents are able to continue health benefits with rates based on the employee's years of service at a premium reduction paid by the City of Austin (5 to 9 years – 10 to 14 years – 15 to 19 years)
- If the employee was eligible for retirement benefits, then the surviving spouse and dependents enrolled at the time of death may continue with coverage
- Eligibility: Dependents to age 26 and surviving spouse until they remarry



City of Dallas

Background – City of Dallas Life Insurance

- \$50,000 of life insurance coverage for all City employees
- Current annual premium for all City employees is \$260,988 (premium paid by the City)
- Employees may purchase additional supplemental coverages (additional premium paid by the employee)



Survey Results – Life Insurance

- 32 Cities in Texas and surrounding areas were surveyed
- 13 Cities responded
- The most consistent offering for basic coverage is 2x the annual salary up to \$300,000
- Coverage is paid in full by the surveyed cities



Survey Results – Summary

Survivor's Benefits:

- 18 Cities surveyed
- All Cities offer COBRA Consistent with City of Dallas
- Denver and Austin offer additional benefits

Denver

- Eligible dependents continue medical and dental insurance at a premium reduction
- <u>Provided by the City's Employees Retirement</u> Pension Plan, not by the City of Denver
- Dependents to age 19 and surviving spouse for life

Austin

- Eligible dependents continue health benefits
- Rates based on years of service at a premium reduction
- If retirement benefits eligible, enrolled surviving spouse and dependents may continue with coverage
- · Provided by the City of Austin
- Dependents to age 26 and surviving spouse until they remarry

Life Insurance:

- 32 Cities surveyed
- 13 Cities responded

Most Consistent Offering - Paid by the City

• 2x the annual salary up to \$300,000

City of Dallas Offering – Paid by the City

• \$50,000



Options – Survivor Benefits

Options	Cost (Annual)					
Option 1: Maintain current benefits - No Change	No additional cost					
Option 2 : City provide the first 2 months of COBRA health insurance premium - direct payment to COBRA vendor	Based on highest premium plan and 20 deaths per year average - \$58,993.00					
Option 3: City provide COBRA coverage through cost share, utilizing a *sliding scale, based on years of service - Cost sharing with the City similar to the cost sharing percentages for active employees coverage	Based on highest premium plan, 20 years of service, and 20 deaths per year average - \$328,497.00					
Option 4: City provide full COBRA premium utilizing a *sliding scale, based on years of service	Based on highest premium plan, 20 years of service, and 20 deaths per year average - \$530,935.00					
Sliding Scale* Based on Years of Employment 5-9 Years 3 Months of COBRA Premium Paid by COD 10-14 Years 6 Months of COBRA Premium Paid by COD	15-19 Years 12 months of COBRA Premium Paid by COD 20 Years+ 18 months of COBRA Premium Paid by COD					





Options – Life Insurance

Option 1:

Maintain current coverage (\$50,000)

Option 2:

 Increase basic life insurance coverage to \$75,000 for all employees

• City annual premium increase from \$260,988 to \$685,116 - (Results in taxable imputed income on the increased \$25,000)

Option 3:

- Increase basic life insurance coverage to \$100,000 for all employees
- City annual premium increase from \$260,988 to \$1,105,020 (Results in taxable imputed income on the increased \$50,000)



Proposed Recommendations



Proposed Recommendation A: Enhanced Survivor's COBRA Benefit

Survivor Benefits Option 4:

City provide full COBRA premium utilizing a *sliding scale, based on years of service. Annual Cost based on highest premium plan, 20 years of service, and 20 deaths per year average - \$530,935.00

Sliding Scale*
Based on Years of
Employment









Rationale: Provide support to surviving spouses and families, while recognizing employee service to the City



Proposed Recommendation B:

Enhanced Survivor's COBRA Benefit + Life Insurance

Survivor Benefits Option 3 + 75,000 Life Insurance:

City provide COBRA coverage through cost share, utilizing a *sliding scale, based on years of service - Cost sharing with the City similar to the cost sharing percentages for active employees coverage

Annual Cost based on highest premium plan, 20 years of service, and 20 deaths per year average - \$328,497.00 + \$424,128.00 (Life Insurance) = \$752,625.00

Sliding Scale*
Based on Years of
Employment



5-9 Years
3 Months of
COBRA
Premium Paid
by COD



10-14 Years
6 Months of
COBRA
Premium Paid
by COD



15-19 Years 12 months of COBRA Premium Paid by COD



20 Years+
18 months of
COBRA
Premium Paid
by COD

Rationale: Provide support to surviving spouses and families, while recognizing employee service to the City and aligning life insurance coverage with market



Proposed Recommendation C: Enhanced Survivor's COBRA Benefit + Life Insurance

Survivor Benefits Option 2 + 75,000 Life Insurance:

City provide the first 2 months of COBRA health insurance premium - direct payment to COBRA vendor

Annual cost based on highest premium plan and 20 deaths per year average - \$58,993.00 + \$424,128.00 (Life Insurance) = \$483,121.00

Rationale: Provide support to surviving spouses and families through the COBRA grace period and align life insurance coverage with market



Proposed Recommendations Summary

Recommendation A

Survivor Benefits Option 4

- Full COBRA premium paid by the City utilizing a *sliding scale, based on years of service
- Annual Cost \$530,935.00
- Support to surviving spouses and families, while recognizing employee service to the City

Recommendation B

Survivor Benefits Option 3 + \$75,000 Life Insurance

- COBRA coverage through cost share, utilizing a *sliding scale, based on years of service
- Annual Cost \$328,497.00 + \$424,128.00 (Life Insurance) = \$752,625.00
- Support for surviving spouses and families, while recognizing employee service to the City and aligning life insurance coverage with market

Recommendation C

Survivor Benefits Option 2 + \$75,000 Life Insurance

- City provide the first 2 months of COBRA health insurance premium
- Annual cost \$58,993.00 + \$424,128.00 (Life Insurance) = \$483,121.00
- Support to surviving spouses and families through the COBRA grace period and align life insurance coverage with market



Employee Survivor Benefits & Life Insurance Benefits

Public Safety Committee June 10, 2019

Kimberly Tolbert Chief of Staff

Carmel Fritz Compensation Manager

City of Dallas



Proposed Options – Cost 2 Month's of COBRA

Plan	Spouse	Spouse and Children
HRA	\$2,273	\$2,949
Co-Pay	\$2,240	\$2,922
HSA	\$2,102	\$2,742



Proposed Options

- Provide COBRA premium reduction (Cost sharing with the City) similar to the cost sharing percentages for active employees coverage
- City pays full COBRA premium based on sliding scale years of service

Years of Service	Coverage	Plan Name	Spouse	Spouse/Children
5-9 years	3 months	HRA	\$3,343.23	\$4,337.70
		Co-Pay	\$3,295.08	\$4,297.80
		HDHP	\$3,091.89	\$4,032.72
10-14 years	6 months	HRA	\$6,686.46	\$8,675.40
		Co-Pay	\$6,590.16	\$8,595.60
		HDHP	\$6,183.78	\$8,065.44
15-19 years	12 months	HRA	\$13,372.92	\$17,350.80
		Co-Pay	\$13,180.32	\$17,191.20
		HDHP	\$12,367.56	\$16,130.88
20+ years	18 months	HRA	\$20,059.38	\$26,026.20
		Co-Pay	\$19,770.48	\$25,786.80
		HDHP	\$18,551.34	\$24,196.32

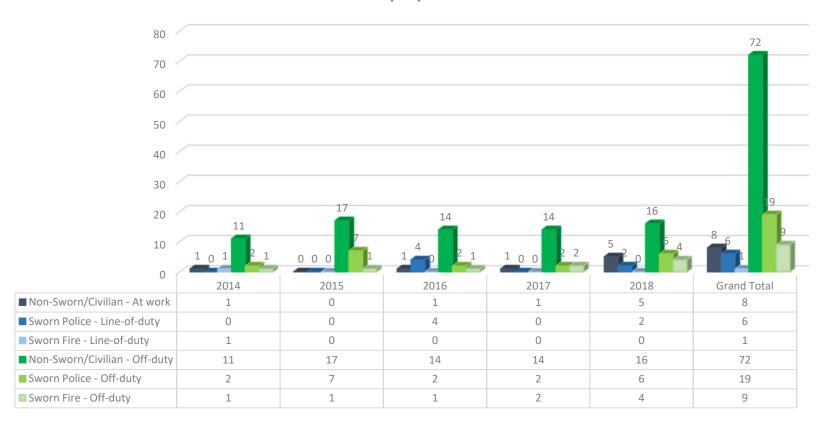


City of Dallas Deaths 2014 through May 2019

Count of Name	Column L <mark>⊸</mark> 1						
Row Labels	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Grand Total
■ Non-Sworn/Civilian	12	17	15	15	21	6	86
Line-of-duty	1		1	1	5		8
Off-duty	11	17	14	14	16	6	78
■Sworn-Fire	2	1	1	2	4	1	11
Line-of-duty	1						1
Off-duty	1	1	1	2	4	1	10
■Sworn-Police	2	7	6	2	8		25
Line-of-duty			4		2		6
Off-duty	2	7	2	2	6		19
Grand Total	16	25	22	19	33	7	122

COD Employee All Deaths by Year

COD Employee Deaths 2014 - 2018





Recommendation – Life Insurance

Option 2:

- Increase basic life insurance coverage to \$75,000 for all employees
- City annual premium increase from \$260,988 to \$685,116 Additional Cost: \$424,128.00

Rationale: Closer to market – more competitive



Cities Surveyed For Off-Duty Death Survivor Benefits (All Responded)

City of Arlington

City of Austin

City of Atlanta

City of Charlotte

City of Chicago

City of Denver

City of El Paso

City of Fort Worth

City of Frisco

City of Grand Prairie

City of Garland

City of Houston

City of Irving

City of Lewisville

City of Mesquite

City of Memphis

City of San Antonio

City of Tulsa



City of Dallas

Cities Surveyed For Basic Life Insurance Benefits

Surveyed	<u>Surveyed</u>	Responded
City of Arlington	City of Garland	Allen
City of Allen	City of Houston	Arlington
City of Austin	City of Irving	Carrollton
City of Carrollton	City of Lewisville	Denton
City of Charlotte	City of Los Angeles	Fort Worth
City of Chicago	City of McKinney	Frisco
City of Denver	City of Mesquite	Garland
City of Denton	City of Memphis	Grand Prairie
City of Detroit	City of New York	Irving
City of El Cajon	City of Philadelphia	Lewisville
City of El Paso	City of Plano	McKinney
City of Fort Worth	City of Phoenix	Mesquite
City of Frisco	City of Richardson	Richardson
City of Grand Prairie	City of San Antonio	
City of Garland	City of San Diego	

City of Tulsa

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City of Houston

Basic Life Insurance Survey Results

	Group Life Insurance													
	Dallas	Allen	Arlington	Carrollton	Denton	Fort Worth	Frisco	Garland	Grand Prairie	Irving	Lewisville	McKinney	Mesquite	Richardson
Coverage amount*	\$50,000	1 x base salary up to \$250,000 2 x base salary up to \$350,000 for exec team	salary up to	salary up to	Class 1: 1xAE to \$300,000 Class 2: 2xAE to \$500,000	1 x annual salary	\$50,00 0	\$25,000	2 x annual salary to \$500,000	1 x annual salary	4 x annual salary up to \$400,000	\$50,000	2 x annual salary	2 x annual salary up to \$50,000
Employer paid*	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
Cost per \$1000*	\$.50 / person enrolled	0.045	0.04	0.1	0.035	0.09	0.065	0.06	0.069	0.08	0.072	0.085	0.039	0.06
	*Based or data	2017-2018 com	parison											



Basic Life Insurance Survey Results

	Ra	te based on 201	9 HR	A Premium + 10%	Per	Per Year						
	Sp	ouse - Age 20	Spor	use + Children	Spo	use - Age 40	Spo	use + Children	Spo	ouse - Age 60	Spo	ouse + Children
Per death	\$	10,588,615.48	\$	13,738,282.25	\$	1,315,187.36	\$	1,706,400.16	\$	81,643.01	\$	105,928.37
5 deaths/year	\$	52,943,077.39	\$	68,691,411.24	\$	6,575,936.79	\$	8,532,000.79	\$	408,215.07	\$	529,641.85
			Time	e Insured: 45 years			Tim	e Insured: 25 years			Tim	ne Insured: 5 years

