

September 9, 2022

Via Certified Mail: 7013 3020 0001 1420 9014

Annemarie Bristow 802 Haines Avenue Dallas, TX 75208

RE: Appeal of Certificate of Demolition: Hearing – October 6, 2022 338 S Fleming Ave., Case No. CD212-014(MGM)

Dear Annemarie Bristow:

We have received your correspondence appealing the Landmark Commission's denial of a Certificate of Demolition application for 338 S. Fleming Avenue. Please be advised that the City Plan Commission hearing for <u>this appeal is scheduled for Thursday</u>, <u>October 6, 2022</u>. The City Plan Commission meeting will be held by videoconference and in Council Chambers, 6th Floor at City Hall. Individuals who wish to speak in accordance with the City Plan Commission Rules of Procedure, should contact the Department of Planning and Urban Design at 214-670-4209 by 5:00 p.m. on Tuesday, October 4, 2022 or register online at:

<u>https://dallascityhall.com/government/meetings/Pages/city-plan-commission.aspx</u>. This link will be available on Friday, September 30th and will close at 5p Tuesday, October 4th. You may also register to speak in person the day of the appeal hearing.

The public is encouraged to attend the meeting virtually; however, City Hall is available for those wishing to attend the meeting in person following all current pandemic-related public health protocols.

Public Affairs and Outreach will also stream the public hearing on Spectrum Cable Channel 96 or Channel 99 and <u>bit.ly/cityofdallastv</u> or <u>YouTube.com/CityofDallasCityHall</u>.

The appeal of the decision of the Landmark Commission regarding the application for a Certificate of Demolition is a quasi-judicial action. <u>No communication with City Plan</u> Commission members may occur outside the hearing of **October 6, 2022.**

The Dallas Development Code, Section 51A-4.501 provides the procedures applicable to a Certificate of Demolition appeal. For your convenience, I have enclosed a copy of the ordinance containing the applicable section and a copy of the Appeal Procedures.

The Landmark Commission record includes all documents related to your specific case. Should you wish to provide the City Plan Commission a brief on the matter, please submit a copy to me at Dallas City Hall, 1500 Marilla Street, Room 5DN, Dallas, TX 75201 or to <u>phyllis.hill@dallas.gov</u> by <u>5:00 p.m. Thursday, September 15, 2022.</u>

I will distribute your brief to the City Plan Commission. I will also send you a copy of the brief prepared by the City Attorney's office.

Please contact me through email at <u>Phyllis.hill@dallas.gov</u> if there are any questions regarding the deadline dates. You are encouraged to contact Assistant City Attorney Daniel Moore at 214-670-7027 if you have any questions regarding the format of the City Plan Commission hearing or other related matters.

Respectfully,

Elaine Hill Landmark Commission Coordinator

cc: Murray G. Miller, Director, Office of Historic Preservation Stacy Rodriguez, Executive Assistant City Attorney Daniel Moore, Assistant City Attorney Theresa Pham, Assistant City Attorney Bertram Vandenberg, Assistant City Attorney

THE RECORD

338 S Fleming Avenue APPEAL CD212-014(MGM)

City Plan Commission Hearing 10/06/2022

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SECTION 1

Certificate of Demolition

338 S Fleming Avenue CD212-014(MGM)

| ity of Dallas Land | emolition and Rem dmark Commission | ioval (CD) | CD | 1 | <u> </u> |
|--|--|--|---|---|-----------------------|
| 1 Name of Applicant | Annemarie Bristow | - | | | |
| MAILING Address | 802 Haines Ave. | City | Dallas | Stale_TX | Zip |
| Daytime Phone | (972) 400-2969 Cell | Altemate F | hone | | |
| Relationship of Appli | icant to Owner Applicant / | | | - | |
| ADDRESS OF PRO Historic District | PERTY TO BE DEMOLISH | 338 S Fleming t-Freedmans Town | | s Texas | _Zip75203 |
| Proposed Work: | | | | | |
| X Replace with n No economica Imminent threa Demolition nor | at to public health / safety ncontributing structure becau | structure se newer than pen 51-A-4,501(i) of the l | od of signif Dallas City C | icance Intent ode; | Llo a court order |
| | or residential structures with no | | | | |
| | submit required documents for | | | | |
| Enclosed is the 1] CD applie 3] Architecture Document | cation, Letter of Intent, 2) Structu t (Including architecture Historical | re Engineer report (P) Survey, Images of 3d | notographs o Model and E | Existing Structur evations of new o | e and onstruction) |
| Application Deadl | line: | | | | |
| structure within a Historic Di- month by 12:00 Noon so 1500 Marilla 5BN Dallas Te | ed before the Datas Landmark Co istnet. This form along with any so it may be reviewed by the Lan exas. 75201 (Son official calorid | upporting documentat idmark Commission tar for exceptions to | on the first deadline an | Monday of the I meeting dallas | following month |
| Incomplete applications car | F THE Dallas City Code and t mot be reviewed and will be ref #670-4209 to make sure your app | urned to you for mor lication is complete | e information | i You are encou | raged to contact a |
| | | | | | Imark Commission |
| Other: In the event of a r | denial, you have the right to a each month information regarding | g the history of certific | ates for indiv | idual addresses i | also available for |
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Certificate for Demolition & Removal

City of Dallas Historic Preservation

Ray 010220

Affidavit

Before me the undersigned on this day personally appeared <u>ANNAMARIE B BR 15 Tew</u> who on his or her oath certifies that the statements contained in the application for a certificate of demolition and removal are true and correct to the best of his or her knowledge and that he or she is the owner, principle, or authorized representative of the subject property.

Bustow - Indianame

Affiant's signature

Subscribed and sworn to before me this <u>10th</u> day of <u>March</u>, 20<u>22</u>

Carlos J. Nomero

CARLOS J ROMERO Notary ID 68434045 My Commission Expluse January 30, 2023 Notary Public



Landmark Commission Agenda

August 1, 2022

See Page 14, Item #3

Landmark Commission Agenda Monday, August 1, 2022

existing structures in Tract A & Tract C; City Code Section 51A-4.501(g)(6)(C)(ii) for noncontributing structures; and the Secretary of the Interior's Standards.

Task Force Recommendation:

That the request for a Certificate of Appropriateness to construct addition to previously approved new construction be denied without prejudice. Proposed building design is not compatible with the Harwood Street Historic District or the design criteria of the Harwood Street Historic District Ordinance. The following items are a few of, but not limited to, the examples of the incompatibility of the proposed design with the historic district ordinance: 1. The ground floor glass coverage does not meet the requirements of the ordinance sections 4.7, 4.8 and 4.10; 2. The overall height of the building is not compatible with the Historic District; 3. The design of the building exterior is not compatible with the historic district; 4. There is no expressed entrance to the building which is called for in section 4.1 of the ordinance; 5. The facade color scheme is not compatible with the historic district.

After the Task Force meeting, the applicant submitted revisions and clarifications in response to comments from Task Force and Staff.

<u>Request:</u>

A Certificate for Demolition/Removal to demolish a noncontributing structure using the standard 'replace with more appropriate/compatible structure'.

Applicant: Bristow, Annemarie

Application Filed: 7/7/22

Staff Recommendation:

That the request for a Certificate for Demolition/Removal to demolish a noncontributing structure using the standard 'replace with more appropriate/compatible structure' be denied without prejudice with finding the that the proposed demolition would not satisfy the standard in City Code Section 51A-4.501(h)(4)(A)(i).

Task Force Recommendation:

No quorum – comments only. Task Force is not supportive of review proceeding until entry access is granted to property.

3. 338 S FLEMING AVE

Tenth Street Neighborhood Historic District CA212-014(MGM) Murray Miller

SECTION 3

CA212-014(MGM) Docket Material



LANDMARK COMMISSION

FILE NUMBER: CD212-014(MGM) LOCATION: 338 S Fleming St STRUCTURE: Main & Noncontributing COUNCIL DISTRICT: 4 ZONING: PD-388 PLANNER: Murray G. Miller DATE FILED: July 7, 2022 DISTRICT: Tenth Street MAPSCO: 55-E CENSUS TRACT: 0041.00

APPLICANT: Annemarie Bristow

OWNER: Annemarie Bristow

REQUEST:

A Certificate for Demolition/Removal to demolish a noncontributing structure using the standard 'replace with more appropriate/compatible structure.'

BACKGROUND / HISTORY:

On December 6, 2021, a request for a Certificate of Appropriateness to construct a singlestory primary structure (CA212-066(MP)) was considered by the Landmark Commission. The request was denied without prejudice, as it would have a negative effect on the district, because the existing building is potentially a contributing structure currently called a noncontributing structure.

On December 6, 2021, a request for a Certificate for Demolition/Removal to demolish a single-story primary structure (CD212-006(MP)) using the standard 'replace with more appropriate/compatible structure' was considered by the Landmark Commission. The request was denied without prejudice, with the finding of fact that a determination of contributing status has not yet been determined and such an assessment would need to be conducted with the overview.

The applicant subsequently appealed the Landmark Commission's denial of a Certificate of Demolition application for 338 Fleming Avenue. The appeal hearing was scheduled to occur in March 2022, however, the applicant withdrew the appeal prior to the hearing.

On June 6, 2022, a request for a certificate of Appropriateness to construct a single-story primary structure was considered by the Landmark Commission. The request (CA212-367(MGM)) was approved subject to conditions.

CD212-014(MGM)

AUGUST 1, 2022

The main structure is listed as noncontributing to the Tenth Street Historic District.

The base zoning, PD 388 (Tract 1) sets out the following permitted uses for the subject property:

SEC. 51P-388.106. MAIN USES PERMITTED.

- (a) Main uses permitted on Tract 1.
 - Duplex.
 - Single family.
 - Cemetery or mausoleum.
 - Child-care facility. [SUP]
 - -- Church.
 - -- Foster home. [SUP]
 - -- Handicapped group dwelling unit. [SUP required if spacing component of Section 51A-4.209(3.1) is not met.]
 - -- Public or private school. [SUP]

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The proposed work consists of the demolition of a ca. 1920-1921 primary structure that is listed as being noncontributing.

RELEVANT DALLAS CITY CODE: Section 51A-4.501. Historic Overlay District

- (h) Certificate for demolition or removal.
 - (2) <u>Application</u>.
 - (B) An indication that the demolition or removal is sought for one or more of the following reasons:
 - (i) To replace the structure with a new structure that is more appropriate and compatible with the historic overlay district.
 - (4) <u>Standard for approval</u> The landmark commission shall deny the application unless it makes the following findings:

(A) The landmark commission must deny an application to replace a structure with a new structure unless it finds that:

(i) the new structure is more appropriate and compatible with the historic overlay district than the structure to be demolished or removed; and (ii) The landmark commission must first approve the predesignation certificate of appropriateness or certificate of appropriateness for the proposed new structure and the guarantee agreement to construct the new structure before it may consider the application to demolish or remove.

ANALYSIS: Contributing Status

From a preservation perspective, it may not be possible to replace the existing structure at 338 S Fleming Avenue with a <u>more appropriate</u> and compatible new structure because the existing structure adds historic value to the district, whereas a new structure would not add historic value. A commonly accepted definition of a "contributing property" is one that "adds historic value to a historic district."

For example:

Texas Administrative Code, Title 13, Part 2, Chapter 13, Rule §13.3, (f)

The Texas Administrative Code requires applicants to request that the Texas Historical Commission determine whether a property contributes to a historic district by applying the following standards:

(1) A property contributing to the historic significance of a district is one which by location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association adds to the district's sense of time and place and historical development.

(2) A property does not contribute to the historic significance of a district if it does not add to the district's sense of time and place and historical development, or if its location, design, setting materials, workmanship, feeling, and association have been so altered or have so deteriorated that the overall integrity of the building has been irretrievably lost.

(3) Generally, buildings that have been built within the past 50 years shall not be considered to contribute to the significance of a district unless a strong justification concerning their historical or architectural merit is given or the historical attributes of the district are considered to be less than 50 years old at the date of application.

(4) Certification of significance will be made on the basis of the appearance and condition of the property before beginning the rehabilitation work.

(5) If a non-historic surface material obscures a building's façade, it may be necessary for the owner to remove a portion of the surface material so that a determination of significance can be made. After the material has been removed, if the obscured façade has retained substantial historic integrity

and the property otherwise contributes to the significance of the historic district, it will be considered eligible to be a certified historic structure.

A structure that was "listed" as being non-contributing in 1994 is not inherently an inaccurate reflection of its historic status today. A structure that is "deemed" to be non-contributing after a recent evaluation is considered more relevant. If a structure is deemed to be non-contributing based on a current evaluation that takes into account aspects of significance and integrity, then its demolition would not have an adverse effect on the historic character and integrity of the district because such a determination would conclude that the property does not add historic value.

It has been suggested that the existing structure is non-contributing because it was determined to be non-contributing in the HHM Survey of 1994. Surveys are not intended to be finite, rather, it is best practice that they be updated every five years or so or as conditions change. This means that the subject property could have been re-evaluated in 1999, 2004, 2009, 2014, and 2019, or as conditions changed. That a property has never been re-evaluated since 1994 is perhaps one key indicator that a re-evaluation having regard to the Seven Aspects of Integrity is appropriate. Reliance on a 1994 evaluation as a measure of whether a structure contributes to a district in 2022 would be inconsistent to best preservation practice.

Example Illustrating the Importance of Evaluating the Contributing Status of a Property

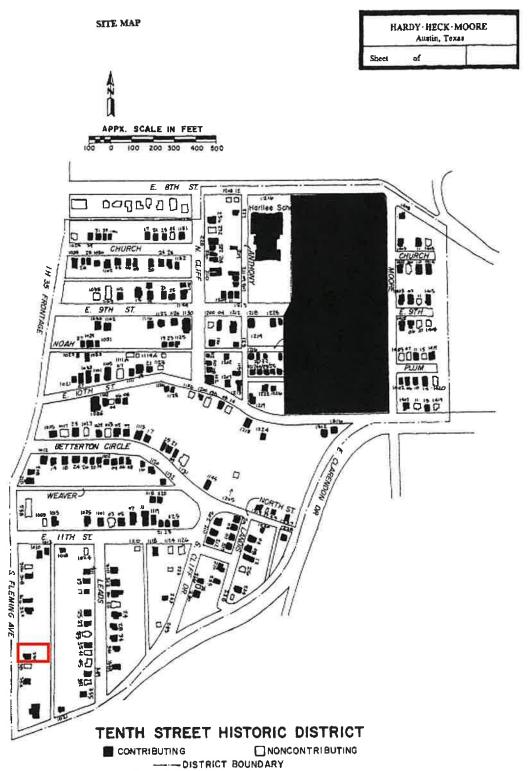


Figure 1 – 334 S Fleming, highlighted on the above map, shows the property just north of the subject property as a "contributing" property, according to the 1994 Hardy Heck Moore survey



Figure 2 – 334 S Fleming as it appears in July 2022, is "listed" as a contributing property in the 1994 Hardy Heck Moore survey

Figures 1 and 2 constitute just one example, where the 1994 survey does not reflect current conditions and where are-evaluation is a key method for gaining an understanding of whether properties contribute to the character and appearance of a district. As a corollary, to imply that since the 1994 survey listed the property at 334 S Fleming Avenue as contributing and that since its status has not been questioned previously as evidence that the property remains contributing would obviate the need for an evaluation of existing conditions and it would be inconsistent with best preservation practice. The same applies to the subject property at 338 S Fleming, where it has been suggested that it must be non-contributing in 2022 because it was listed as such in 1994.

When this matter is explored further, it will become evident that a number of the structures "listed" in the 1994 survey as contributing or non-contributing may not even exist today, which means a re-evaluation is necessary to understand the current ability of a property to contribute to the significance of the district. In addition, properties initially listed as contributing may have been significantly altered or they may show signs of extensive deterioration. Even the most significant landmarks undergo alteration including inappropriate alteration – therefore, to imply that because a property is not in its original condition disqualifies it as a contributing property avoids the need for a preservationbased evaluation and would therefore not be consistent with best preservation practice. In this regard, consider:

- a. properties that were deemed non-contributing because they may not have been eligible for evaluation, however, twenty-eight years later, they may be eligible for evaluation.
- b. properties that may have been deemed non-contributing as part of a windshield survey in 1994 that might be considered contributing in 2022, having regard to significance and the Seven Aspects of Integrity¹.
- c. that most historic properties have been altered, including contributing properties. Many contributing properties have been neglected or used for different purposes, which are matters that do not necessarily impact whether a property is considered contributing or non-contributing, however, an understanding of significance and an evaluation of integrity would be relevant.
- d. that many contributing structures show signs of deterioration or damage and are deemed unsafe. These matters do not necessarily impact whether a property is considered contributing or non-contributing, however, an understanding of significance and an evaluation of integrity would be relevant.
- e. that an interior addition within the porch space, boarding up the porch, and covering over broken windows are matters that do not necessarily impact whether a property is considered contributing or non-contributing and are typically reversible interventions that do not have historic value, however, an understanding of significance and an evaluation of integrity would be relevant.

UNDERSTANDING SIGNIFICANCE

The Tenth Street Historic District includes modestly scaled residences that may have little stylistic ornamentation; nevertheless, these vernacular buildings provide a tangible link to a significant, yet often overlooked part of Dallas' past. Indeed, few historic African American neighborhoods survive in Dallas, and those that do often lack the integrity evident in the Tenth Street Historic District. Many of the buildings have experienced some deterioration but retain much of their historic character.

The district remains one of the earliest settlement areas for African Americans in Dallas. The period of significance extends from its platting in 1890 to 1944, the fifty-year cut off at the time of nomination. The district retains sufficient integrity and associations as an important African American enclave of Oak Cliff.

¹ U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, National Register Bulletin, "How to Evaluate the Integrity of a Property". Within the concept of integrity, the National Register criteria recognizes seven aspects or qualities that, in various combinations, define integrity.

Criteria A – Events

The significance of the district as set out in the National Register Nomination relates to Criterion A, meaning that the district is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.

EVALUATING INTEGRITY

Integrity is the ability of a property to convey its significance. The evaluation of integrity must always be grounded in an understanding of a property's physical features and how they relate to its significance.

Seven Aspects of Integrity

- Location
- Design
- Setting
- Materials
- Workmanship
- Feeling
- Association

Location is the place where the historic property was constructed or the place where the historic event occurred. The relationship between the subject property and its location is important to understanding why the property was created – it was created in association with district's significance – one of the earliest settlement areas for African Americans in Dallas. The actual location of the historic property, complemented by its setting along a street of properties constructed within the same general time period, is particularly important in recapturing the sense of the historic event that makes the Tenth Street Historic District significant.

The subject property at 338 S Fleming Avenue therefore retains integrity of location because it is physically situated at the place where it was originally constructed.

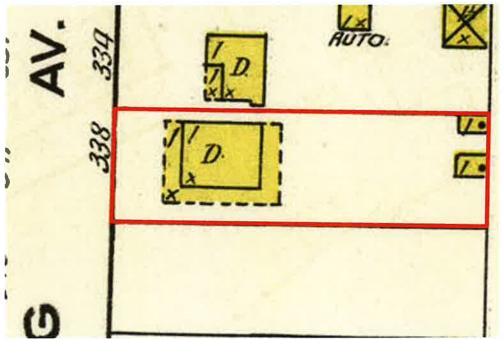


Figure 3 - 1922 Sanborn Map, showing 338 S Fleming Avenue, with the subject property highlighted

SURVEY PLAT: 338 FLEMING AVENUE

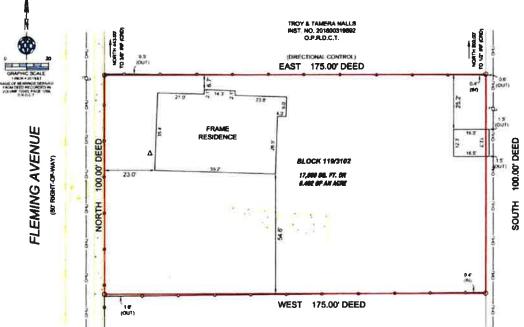


Figure 4 – Survey of 338 S Fleming Avenue (applicant submission, July 2022) confirming that the subject property retains integrity of location in relation to the 1922 Sanborn map in Figure 3

Design is the combination of elements that create the form, plan, space, structure, and style of a property. It results from conscious decisions made during the original conception and planning of a property (or its significant alteration) and applies to activities as diverse as community planning, engineering, architecture, and landscape architecture. Design includes such elements as organization of space, proportion, scale, technology, ornamentation, and materials. The subject property's design reflects its historic function as a primary residence. Its structural system is still evident; its massing; relationship of the character-defining space occupied by the wrap-around porch; pattern of fenestration as evidenced on the north elevation and from interior conditions; textures and colors of surface materials; and style of detailing are all visible as physical evidence of its design.



Figure 5 – This view of the subject property contributes to an understanding of the form, plan, space, and style of the structure. Views from the interior further contribute to an understanding of form, plan, and space, which are key aspects of design integrity (photograph taken July 25, 2022)

While there have been alterations to the original design, including alterations to the character-defining wrap-around porch, which diminishes integrity of design, access to the interior on July 25, 2022 made it possible to understand much of the spatial characteristics and materials associated with the front porch and aspects of fenestration patterns. A detailed forensic understanding of the porch design is not necessary for the purpose of understanding the degree to which the general character of the property conveys the significance of the district. For clarification, the interior layout of rooms does not need to remain intact to understand the exterior character of the property.

Having regard to the foregoing, it is considered that the subject property at 338 S Fleming Avenue, while altered, still retains sufficient integrity of design because its current state allows for the understanding of the elements that created the form, plan, space, historic

function, structural system, fenestration pattern, exterior materials, and style of the property.

Setting is the physical environment of a historic property. Whereas location refers to the specific place where a property was built. The setting of the subject property has changed with the loss of a couple of houses since the 1990s, however, the character of the street in which the subject property played its historical role remains recognizable as a predominantly residential street of modest vernacular single-story bungalows on the east side of S Fleming Avenue.



Figure 6 – The setting of the subject property remains recognizable as a predominantly residential street of modest vernacular single-story bungalows (photograph taken July 25, 2022)

Its relationship to surrounding homes, features, and open space remains recognizable and the basic physical conditions under which the subject property was built and the functions it was intended to serve are clearly evident. In addition, the way in which the wrap-around porch (albeit altered) was positioned in its environment reflects the designer's concept of nature and aesthetic preferences. The alteration still allows the general form, location, and setting characteristics to be understood.

The block face upon which the subject property at 338 S Fleming Avenue exists, while having lost a couple of houses since the 1990s, still retains sufficient integrity of setting because the character of the street and the property's relationship to surrounding homes, features, and open space remains recognizable as that which would have existed during the district's period of significance.

Materials are the physical elements that were combined or deposited during a particular period of time and in a particular pattern or configuration to form a historic property. The choice and combination of materials that were used on the subject property reveal the preferences of those who created it in the 1920s and indicate the availability of particular

types of materials that were in common use at the time. Indigenous materials are often the focus of regional building traditions and thereby help define an area's sense of time and place.



Figure 7 - Partial view of the north elevation (photograph taken July 25, 2022)

The subject property retains the key exterior materials dating from the period of its historic significance as evidence from the exterior and aspects that are visible from the interior where exterior spaces have been enclosed/boarded.

The subject property at 338 S Fleming Avenue, while certain aspects of materials have been altered, retains sufficient integrity of materials because the choice and combination of materials that were used on the subject property are evident and reveal the preferences of those who created it in the 1920s during the district's period of significance.

Workmanship is the physical evidence of the crafts of a particular culture or people during any given period in history or prehistory. It is the evidence of artisans' labor and skill in constructing or altering a building, structure, object, or site. While the workmanship associated with the front porch has been partially obscured by later alterations, the subject property sufficiently expresses the vernacular methods of construction and plain finishes that characterize the exterior.

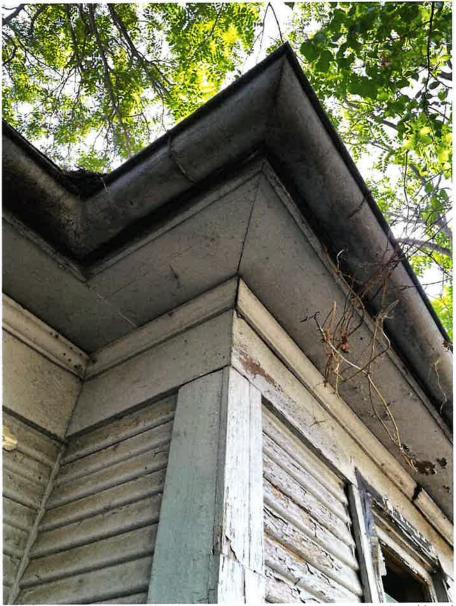


Figure 8 – Detail view showing the character of workmanship that is evident (photograph taken July 25, 2022)

The workmanship evident reflects common traditions in the construction of timber-framed bungalows that were executed in the 1920s in the Tenth Street Historic District.

The subject property at 338 S Fleming Avenue, while certain aspects of workmanship have been altered, retains sufficient integrity of workmanship because its current state allows for an understanding of the labor and skill in constructing the subject property in the 1920s during the district's period of significance.

Feeling is a property's expression of the aesthetic or historic sense of a particular period of time. It results from the presence of physical features that, taken together, convey the property's historic character. For example, the subject property is in its original location, it retains sufficient integrity of design, setting, materials, and workmanship, which relates to the feeling of one of the earliest settlement areas for African Americans in Dallas.

The subject property at 338 S Fleming Avenue therefore retains sufficient integrity of feeling because the presence of physical features that are sufficiently expressed in its location, design, setting, materials, and workmanship, when taken together, convey the property's historic character and conveys the significance of the district.

Association is the direct link between an important historic event or person and a historic property. A property retains association if it is the place where the event or activity occurred and is sufficiently intact to convey that relationship to an observer. Like feeling, association requires the presence of physical features that convey a property's historic character. The subject property, whose elements have remained intact since the 1920s retains its quality of association with the Tenth Street Historic District as one of the earliest settlement areas for African Americans in Dallas.

The subject property at 338 S Fleming Avenue therefore retains sufficient integrity of association because the property is sufficiently intact to convey a direct link between an important historic event (i.e., significance) and the physical evidence of the historic property to an observer.

Physical Condition

The web site of Bedrock Foundation Repair, LLC² describes "repairing a pier and beam structure when there is little or no crawlspace" and it would appear as though cost and the potential for water accumulation at pier excavations are acknowledged challenges.

The Bedrock Foundation Repair report that accompanied the CD application indicates that 80% of the structure is sitting directly on the ground. It is unclear how access was gained to inspect the entire foundation, given this constraint since the report goes on to conclude that the foundation is not repairable. The report indicates that "if inspectors don't have access under the house, they cannot inspect, install, or repair a foundation."

² <u>http://bedrockfoundationrepair.com/pier-and-beam-foundation-repair-dallas-tx.html</u> (accessed July 28, 2022)

If only 20% of the structure's pier and beam foundation was accessible, it is unclear what may have informed the conclusion that "most, if not all of the lumber is damaged and not salvageable."



Figure 9 – View gained from one of several areas showing the underside of the structure (photograph taken July 25, 2022)

While aspects of deteriorated condition are acknowledged, it is also acknowledged that historic properties having similar or even worse conditions have and continue to be stabilized and rehabilitated. Condition itself is not an aspect of integrity unless a structure's condition is so physically deteriorated that the overall integrity of the building is irretrievably lost.

SUMMARY

In considering the request for a Certificate for Demolition/Removal to demolish a noncontributing structure using the standard 'replace with more appropriate/compatible structure', the Landmark Commission will now need to determine whether the new structure that was considered on June 6, 2022 to be "compatible" with the character and appearance of the historic district (CA212-367(MGM)) is more appropriate and compatible with the historic overlay district than the existing 1920s structure that is proposed to be demolished.

A key issue to be resolved when considering whether the new structure is more appropriate and compatible than the subject property is whether the subject property contributes to the Tenth Street Historic District. A 1994 listing that indicates that the property is non-contributing may be considered unsubstantiated without a recent evaluation to confirm or refute such a determination. In a district that has lost a great deal of historic resources, it is considered necessary to rest upon a high degree of certainty that the degree to which a historic structure contributes to a district is appropriately evaluated. The remaining historic properties within the Tenth Street Historic District are becoming more and more rare – safeguarding those properties, which have significance and sufficient integrity demands that best practices be brought to bear on such important non-renewable resources. A best practice basis for determining whether the subject property contributes to the district is set out by the understanding of the significance of the district and a current evaluation of the property having regard to the Seven Aspects of Integrity.

It is acknowledged that the Tenth Street Historic District is significant as one of the earliest settlement areas for African Americans in Dallas – an <u>event</u> that has made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.

If a property is significant, retains sufficient integrity, and displays the physical evidence that conveys its significance, we can say that the property contributes or "adds historic value to the historic district". Ultimately, the question of integrity is answered by whether the property retains the identity for which it is significant.

It is considered that the subject property located at 338 S Fleming Avenue retains sufficient integrity to convey the significance of the district because its physical characteristics are sufficiently recognizable as a 1920s bungalow that remains part of a predominantly residential streetscape that is associated with one of the earliest settlement areas for African Americans in Dallas dating from the district's period of significance (1890-1944).

It is also considered that the subject property's location, design, setting materials, workmanship, feeling, and association have not been so altered or so deteriorated that the overall integrity of the building is irretrievably lost.

Given the foregoing, and having regard to the request for a Certificate for Demolition to replace the existing structure with a new structure that is more appropriate and compatible with the historic overlay district and the relevant standards for approval, the following findings inform the staff recommendation:

Standard for Approval

51A-4.501(h)(4)(A) The landmark commission must deny an application to replace a structure with a new structure unless it finds that:

(i) the new structure is more appropriate and compatible with the historic overlay district than the structure to be demolished or removed

From a preservation perspective, it is unlikely that the replacement of the existing structure at 338 S Fleming Avenue with a more appropriate and compatible new structure is possible because the existing structure adds more historic value to the district than a replacement new structure. A commonly accepted definition of a "contributing property" is one that "adds historic value to a historic district."

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

That the Certificate for Demolition/Removal to demolish a noncontributing structure using the standard 'replace with more appropriate/compatible structure' be denied without prejudice.

This recommendation is made with the finding that the proposed demolition would not satisfy the standard in City Code Section 51A-4.501(h)(4)(A)(i).

TASK FORCE RECOMMENDATION:

No quorum – comments only – Task Force is not supportive of review proceeding until entry access is granted to property.

After the Task Force meeting, access to the property was granted to City Staff and a representative of the Task Force on Monday July 25, 2022. Task Force comments resulting from this visit have been included in the docket.

SUPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

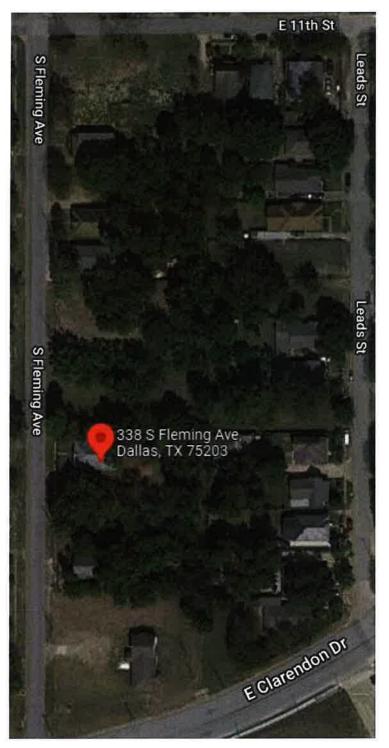
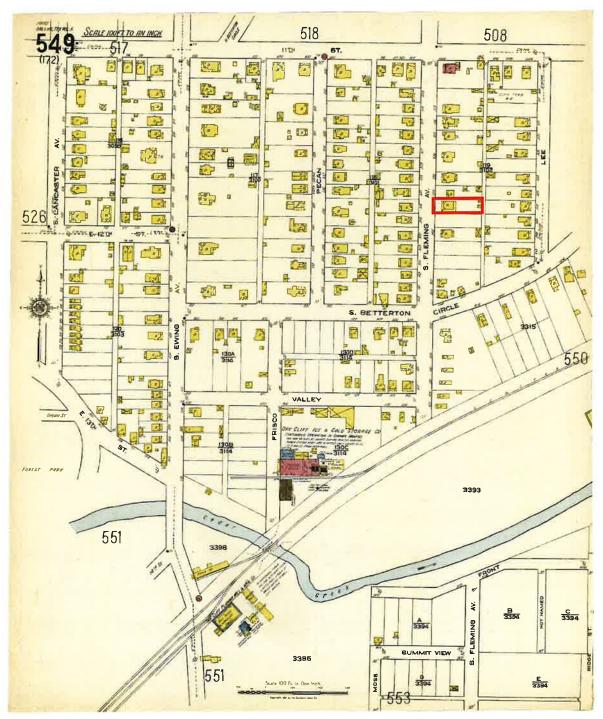


Figure 10 – Aerial view of the subject property.



Original located at the Dolph Briscoe Center for American History, University of Texas at Austin Figure 11 – 1922 Sanborn Map, with the subject property highlighted (University of Texas at Austin)

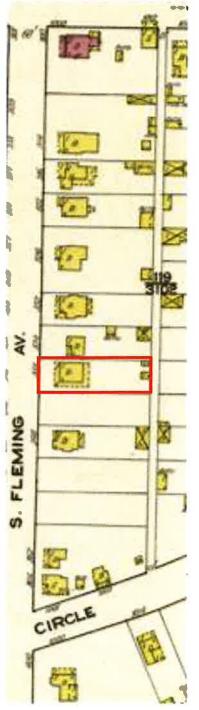


Figure 12 – 1922 Sanborn Map, showing S Fleming Avenue, with the subject property highlighted



Figure 13 – View of the subject property as seen from S Fleming Street (photograph taken July 25, 2022)



Figure 14 – View of the subject property as seen from the south side (photograph taken July 25, 2022)



Figure 15 - View of the subject property as seen from the southwest corner (photograph taken July 25, 2022)

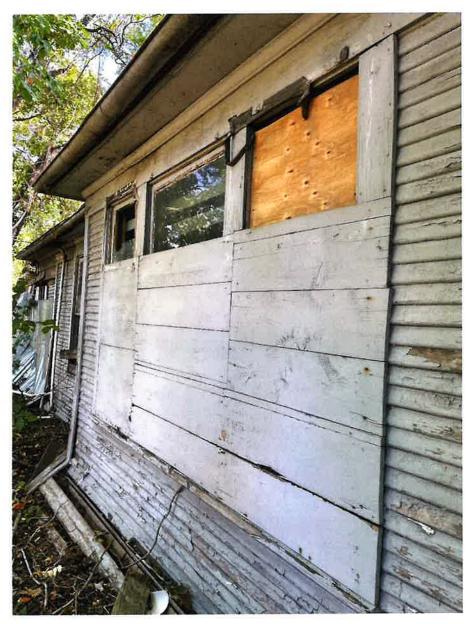


Figure 16 - Partial view of the north side of the subject property (photograph taken July 25, 2022)

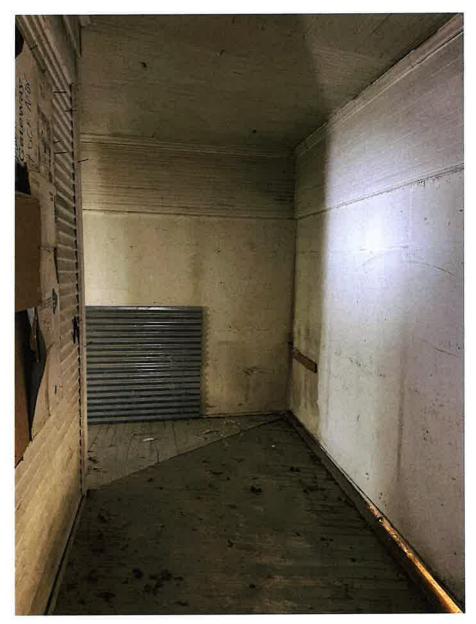


Figure 17 – Partial view of the enclosed wrap-around porch (photograph taken July 25, 2022)



Figure 18 - Detail view showing the character of workmanship that is evident within the space occupied by the wrap-around porch (photograph taken July 25, 2022)



Figure 19 - Detail view revealing an understanding of fenestration that is evident within the space occupied by the wrap-around porch (photograph taken July 25, 2022)



Figure 20 – This southeast view of the subject property contributes to an understanding of the form, plan, space, and style of the structure (photograph taken July 25, 2022)

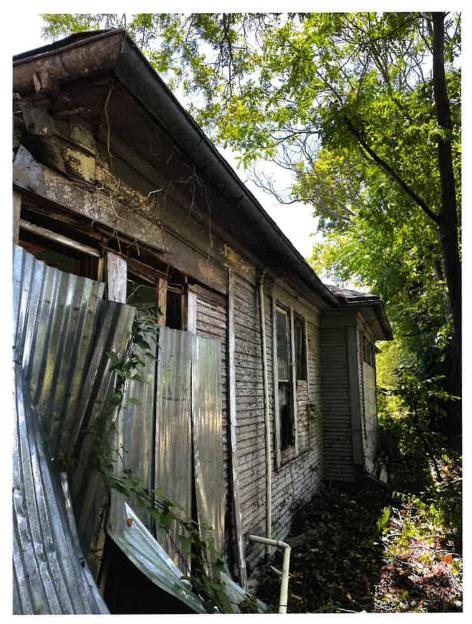


Figure 21 - Partial view of the north side of the subject property (photograph taken July 25, 2022)

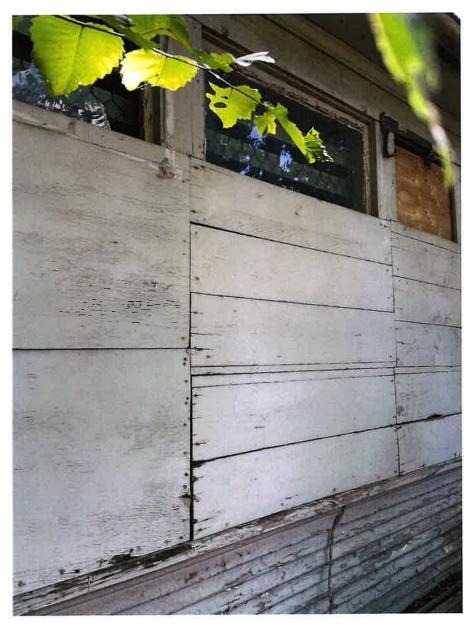


Figure 22 - Partial view of the north side projecting bay showing evidence of fenestration patterns and character (photograph taken July 25, 2022)



Figure 23 - View gained from one of several areas showing the underside of the structure (photograph taken July 25, 2022)

CD 3rd Re-Submittal Foundation and ExistingCondition

338 S. Fleming Ave. Dallas Texas

TENTH STREET HISTORICAL DISTRICT NON-CONTRIBUTING COMMERICAL PROPERTY

Re-submitted July 01st 2022 for Landmark commission Meeting on Monday August 1st.



338 S. Fleming Ave-Historical Survey-Existing Property Status-Non

HAVE From 10-488-

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

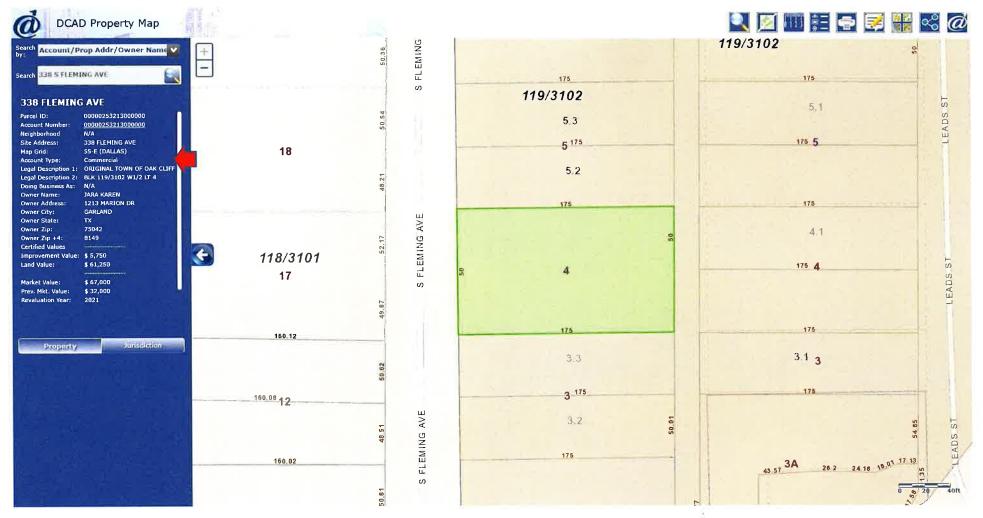
National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Tenth Street Historic District (Oak Cliff MPS) Dallas, Dallas County, Texas

| | 7 | 6 | Cli | ff MPS) Dallas, Dallas (|
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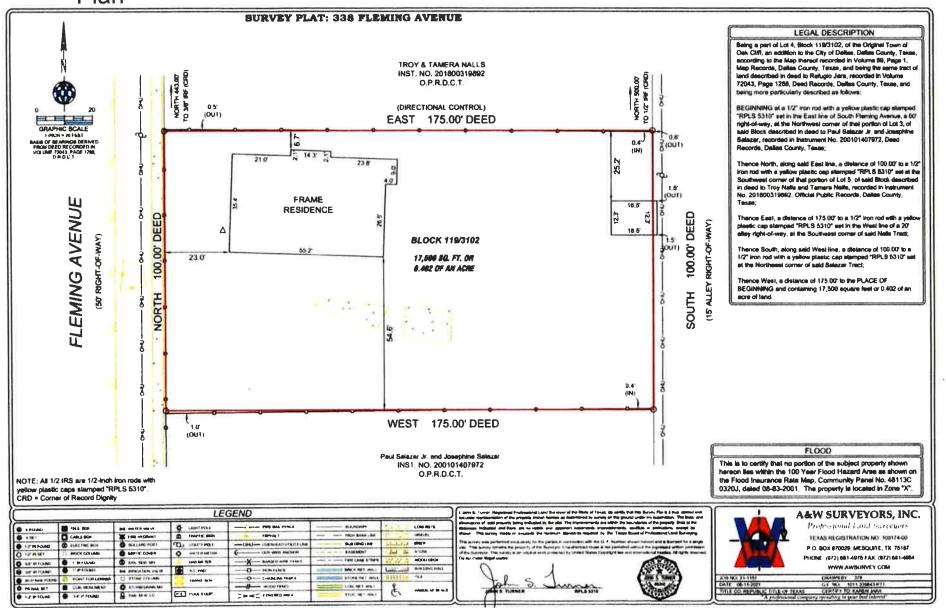


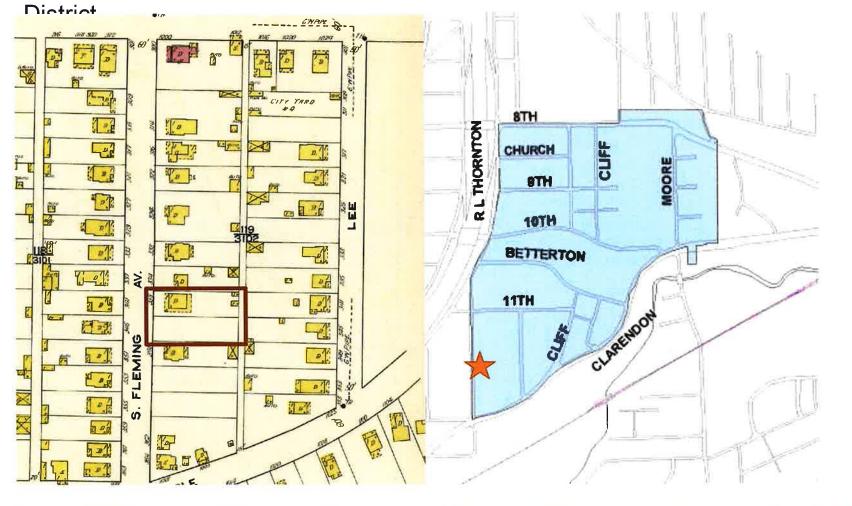
338 S. Fleming Ave- DCAD Property Map-Account Type COMMERCIAL-Dallas Appraisal Re Evaluation Map 2021



Ran SHEAResigns

338 S. Fleming Ave-Survey Plat Plan





338 S. Fleming Ave-1922 Sanborn Insurance Map + Tenth Streets









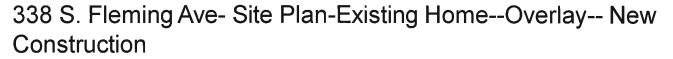


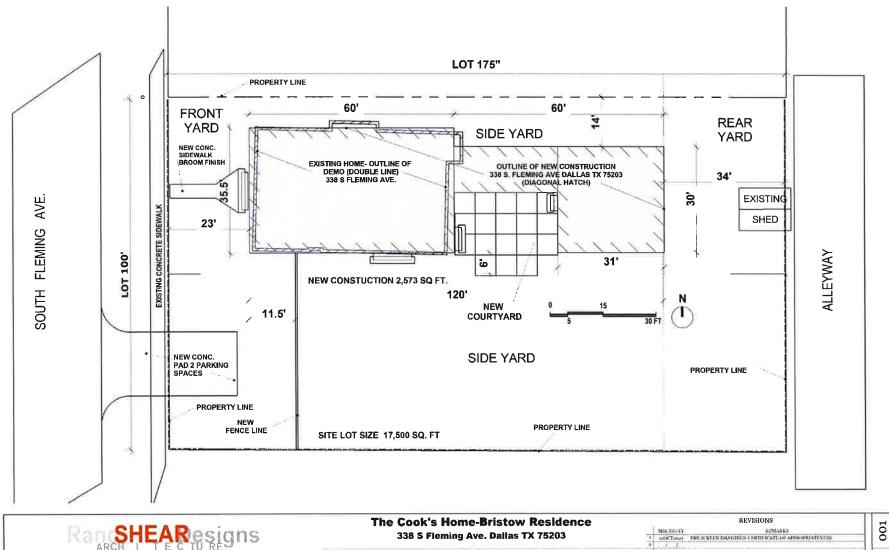


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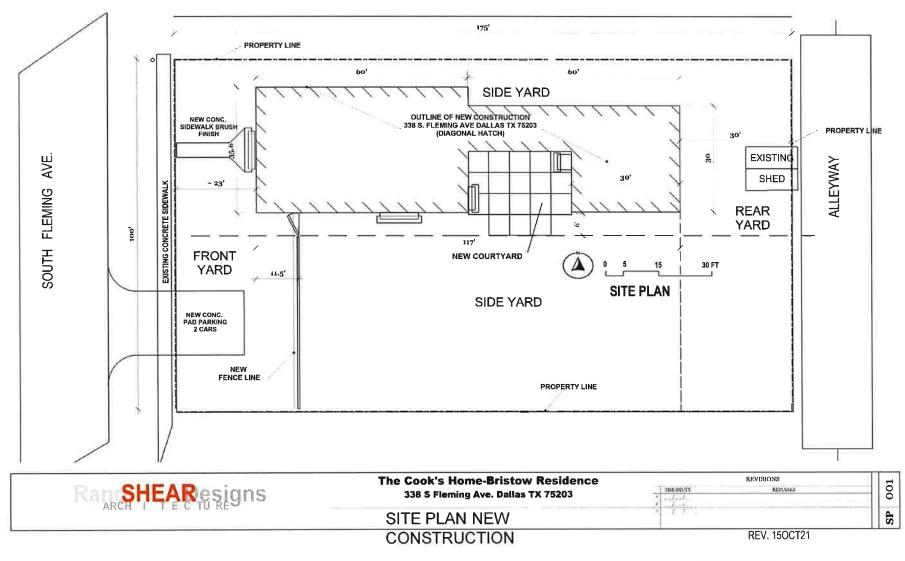


SITE PLAN EXISTING + NEW CONSTRUCTION

REV. 12 OCT 21

SP

338 S. Fleming- Site Plan-New Construction





| Name of Applicant: | Annemarie Bristow | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| MAILING Address | 802 Haines Ave. | City | Dellas | State | ТХ | Zip | |
| Davtime Phone: | (972) 400-2969 Cell | | e Phone: | | | | |
| Relationship of Appli | cant to Owner: Applicar | nt/Owner | | 5 | | | |
| ADDRESS OF PRO Historic District: | PERTY TO BE DEMOLIS Tenth Street Historical Dist | nu, D | ing Ave Dallas wn | s Texas | | Zip_752 | 03 |
| Proposed Work: | | | | | | | |
| No economical Imminent threa Demolition non to apply for certi | nore appropriate/compatib lly viable use at to public health / safety iccontributing structure becc ficate of demolition pursuant or residential structures with r | ause newer than p to 51-A-4.501(i) of th | e Dallas City C | ode, | | lo a rout | order |
| | or residential structures with r submit required documents | | | | | | |
| nclosed is the 1) CD applic | ation, Letter of Intent, 2) Strue | cture Engineer report i | (Photographs of | Existing Stri | ucture | and | |
| Architecture Document | (Including architecture Histori | cal Survey, Images of i | 3d Model and El | evations of r | new co | nstruction | 1) |
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Affidavit

Before me the undersigned on this day personally appeared <u>MNAMARIE B BRISTOW</u> who on his or her oath certifies that the statements contained in the application for a certificate of demolition and removal are true and correct to the best of his or her knowledge and that he or she is the owner, principle, or authorized representative of the subject property.

-Innomane Bristour

Affiant's signature

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of March , 20 22

Carlos J. Nomero

CARLOS J ROMERO Notary 1D #8434045 My Commission Expires January 30, 2023 Notary Public

Certificate for Demolition & Removal City of Dallas Historic Preservation

Rev 010220

338 S. Fleming Ave-Annemarie Bristow-Signed Guarantee Agreement

GUARANTEE AGREEMENT

WHEREAS, the structure located at 138 STLEMNC (Street Address), Dallas, Texas has been altered to the extent that it is no longer a contributing structure to Historic Overlay District No. 10 (Tenth Street District) (Name of District);

Rich OW ("Owner") wishes to demolish the structure and WHEREAS, Anne make intends to replace it with a new structure that is more appropriate and compatible with the historic overlay district;

WHEREAS, on 20λ the Landmark Commission granted a certificate for demolition for the structure;

WHEREAS, on , 202/the Landmark Commission approved a certificate of appropriateness for the replacement structure.

NOW, THEREFORE, Owner and the City of Dallas ("City") enter the following guarantee agreement pursuant to Dallas Development Code § 51A-4.501(h)(2)(C)(v) documenting the owner's intent and financial ability to construct the new structure.

December 31, 2023

Owner agrees to replace the structure by (Date) with a new structure in accordance with architectural drawings approved by City through the certificate of appropriateness process. The approved architectural drawings are attached as Exhibit A.

I.

II.

Owner agrees that Owner or Owner's construction contractor will post a performance and payment bond, letter of credit, escrow agreement, cash deposit, or make other arrangements acceptable to the Director of Sustainable Development and Construction to ensure the construction of the replacement structure. Documentation evidencing the financial arrangements entered pursuant to this paragraph is attached as Exhibit B.

III.

Owner acknowledges that City has the right to enforce this agreement by any lawful means, including filing an action in a court of competent jurisdiction, at law or in equity, against any person violating or attempting to violate this agreement, either to prevent the violation or to require its correction. If the City substantially prevails in a legal proceeding to enforce this agreement against a person, Owner agrees that City shall be entitled to recover damages, reasonable attorney's fees, and court costs from that person.

IV.

Owner agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless City from and against all claims or liabilities arising out of or in conjunction with this agreement and City granting, revoking, or withholding a building permit and/or demolition permit by reason of this agreement.

٧.

Owner and City understand and agree that this agreement is governed by the laws of the State of Texas

VI.

The definitions and provisions of CHAPTER 51A of the Dallas City Code, as amended, apply and are incorporated into this agreement as if recited in this agreement.

OWNER

OWIVER

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO ON THIS 10/0F/20220 IN DALLAS COUNTY STATE OF TEXAS Printed Name: ANNAMARIE BAISTE alor I lombe **CARLOS J. ROMERO / NOTARY PUBLIC**

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 01/30/20

Notary ID #8434045

January 30, 2023

My Commission Expires

Title: OWNER

CITY OF DALLAS

Date:

APPROVED AS TO FORM

Anna Holmes, City Attorney

By:

Assistant City Attorney

Neva Dean, Interim Director of Office of Historic Preservation

ATTACH THE APPROPRIATE ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS FOR ALL SIGNATORIES.

Revised 01-02-2020

338 S. Fleming Ave- New Construction Form

NEW CONSTRUCTION FORM - TO BE FILLED OUT BY APPLICANT

This form must be completed by the applicant and submitted with any Certificate of Appropriateness application for new construction. Incomplete applications will not be docketed for consideration by the Landmark Commission. Please refer to the preservation criteria in the historic district ordinance or contact a City Preservation Planner for further information.

(Y/N

Will the proposed new construction require demolition of any structure(s) on the site? If yes, you must submit a Certificate of Demolition form with your application.

(Y) N Have you completed a preliminary review of the drawings with Building Inspection? NOTE: This step is required for construction of a main structure and strongly recommended for accessory structures. Preliminary review does not guarantee final approval of a permit.

Preliminary review: DATE 10118121 NAME OF PLANS EXAMINER: BRYANT THOMPSON POOX PROJECT 2110081001-SFD

LOT COVERAGE

Existing lot coverage $\frac{11.6}{\%}$ (lot coverage includes all structures with a permanent roof, including porches and patios)

Proposed lot coverage 19.2 % NOTE LOT: 17,500 SF.

SETBACKS AND BUILDING HEIGHT

Proposed main structure (skip if no new main structure is proposed):

Front yard setback 23 ft Average front yard setback on blockface 25 ft Side yard setbacks LEFT SIDE RIGHT SIDE 56 " Rear yard setback $\frac{34}{10}$ ft OR distance to accessory structure Roof height 26 ft Average roof height on blockface 23 ft Note: SLoping Sire . -Proposed accessory structure (skip if no new accessory structure is proposed): Distance from main structure - ft Side yard eetbacks LEFT SIDE ____ft RIGHT SIDE ____ft Rear vard setback - ft

Roof height of proposed accessory _____ft Main structure roof height _____ft

338 S. Fleming Ave.-CD Application— Bedrock Engineering Report

BEDROCK FOUNDATION REPAIR, LLC (F-10832)

Engineering Division

1018 Fletcher, Dallas, Texas 75223 (972) 261-4711 (800) 880-1811 fax www.bedrockfoundation.com email: office@bedrockfoundation.com

General Structural Initial Foundation Inspection

338 S. Fleming Ave. Dallas, Texas 75203

October 1, 2021

Client:

Annemarie Bristow 802 Haines Dallas, Texas 75208 (214) 946-9486 annemariebristow@gmail.com

J. S. Barton, P. E. (214) 824-1211



Bedrock Foundation Repair, LLC (972) 261-4711

Re: 338 S. Fleming Ave. – Dallas, Texas

The foundation of the structure at 338 S. Fleming Ave., Dallas, Texas was inspected on October 1, 2021. This is a one story wood siding structure with perimeter and interior piers and wood beams type foundation. For orientation purposes the structure faces approximately west.

Reportedly this structure sat vacant and neglected for many years.

OBSERVATIONS:

A visual inspection of the foundation included the following observations:

The property slopes down generally from the left front to the right rear. The grade appears to slope down away from the structure on the right side and rear. The left side is relatively level. There is a negative slope on the front that appears to divert drainage to the right side.

Exterior:

Damage was noted in the siding.

Interior:

There are cracks in the walls and ceiling throughout the interior of the structure.

Interior floors:

The interior floors deflect down exceeding the tolerance of 1/16" per foot in various directions.

Crawl space:

The crawl space was not accessible. The structure appears to have collapsed 18"+/-. Most of the structure is sitting directly on the ground. Some area of the crawl space was visible. A lot of the structural members visible were rotten. The piers are wood post/bois d'arc.



338 S. Fleming Ave.-CD Application— Bedrock Engineering

Bedrock Foundation Repair, LLC

(972) 261-4711

338 S. Fleming Ave. - Dallas, Texas Re:

CONCLUSIONS:

As a result of this inspection, the following conclusions were developed:

The distress noted is attributed to failure of the piers causing the collapse of the structure. The pier failure was caused by neglect and the normal volume change of the soil due to moisture fluctuations. The soil in this area is predominantly clay. Clay soil swells when wet and shrinks when dry. The piers are not salvageable. Approximately 80% of the structure is sitting directly on the ground. The visible structural lumber for the foundation was rotten. It is concluded that most, if not all, of the lumber is damaged and not salvageable. If lifting the structure is attempted, the rotten lumber will crush, therefore, it is concluded the structure will need to be demolished and reconstructed from the ground up. The foundation can't be reconstructed with the structure left in place.

Adequate ventilation of the crawl space is recommended to maintain a more consistent moisture content of the soil to minimize the volume changes. Minimizing the volume changes will increase the stability of the piers. Persistent moisture in the crawl space can promote wood rot and mold growth. Cross vents provide ventilation. Maximum ventilation efficiency is achieved when cross vents are on all 4 sides.

Adequate drainage around the structure is recommended to minimize the moisture fluctuations of the soil minimizing the movement of the perimeter grade beam. Poor drainage may allow moisture to seep into the crawl space as well. The drainage is considered marginal around the structure. Drainage corrections will be necessary when the structure is reconstructed. Comments on site drainage are based on visual inspection of the property with emphasis on poor drainage that may negatively affect the structure. It is impossible to predict how drainage will behave in heavy rain events.

Seasonal moisture fluctuations cause minor foundation movements on all structures built on clay soils. It should be understood that most structures have some tolerance to unequal settlement, but when the support is stressed beyond the elastic limit, ultimate failure is unavoidable without the immediate strengthening of the foundation.



Bedrock Foundation Repair, LLC (972) 261-4711

338 S. Fleming Ave. - Dallas, Texas Re:

RECOMMENDATIONS:

Demolish the structure.

Reconstruct the foundation with reinforced concrete perimeter grade beams and reinforced concrete interior piers.

AGREEMENTS:

Opinions expressed in this report are based on sound engineering judgment and evaluation regarding past performance of the property inspected on the day of this inspection.

The report also gives engineering advice with regard to the best and most economical method to stabilize and maintain the property.

This advice assumes normally expected subsurface conditions and conventional construction methods.

No warranty is expressed or implied as to the performance of this foundation. Bedrock Foundation Repair, LLC report does not warrant or predict the future performance of the structure.

The information provided in this report is intended for the private use of our client. If you have any questions or comments regarding this report or if we can be of further assistance, please call.

J. S. Barton, P. E.



338 S. Fleming Ave.-CD Application— Bedrock Engineering

Bedrock Foundation Repair, LLC (972) 261-4711

Re: 338 S. Fleming Ave. – Dallas, Texas

Maintenance Procedures for Foundations on Expansive Clay Soils

Foundation problems caused by expansive clay soils usually develop when the amount of water in the soil changes non-uniformly under the foundation structure. The climate is such that these clay soils shrink when dry and swell when wet, resulting in up and down movement of the house. If this occurs unevenly (one area of the soil under the house gets more water or dries out faster), the house may become twisted, strained and damaged. Foundation maintenance, in general, consists of one major concept: The moisture in the soil under the house and around the house should be as uniform as possible at all times. Some measures to help accomplish this are:

1. Install good ground cover. This will prevent excessive moisture from seeping deep into the soil, causing problems to the foundation structure. This will also prevent erosion of the soil. Good ground cover also prevents excessive "drying out" of the soil through evaporation. Good ground cover will help maintain a more constant uniform moisture level in the soil beneath.

2. Water the soil around the house during dry periods just enough to keep the grass green. More watering is needed in areas with more abundant shrubbery, plants, and trees. The south and west sides of the house are more exposed to the sun, and may need more watering to offset rapid evaporation.

3. <u>NEVER</u> water too close to the foundation.

Stay about 3 feet away with the water.

NEVER pour water into the cracks of the ground.

These cracks usually go a few feet deep, and the water will reach soil that is normally undisturbed by concentrated amounts of moisture. Depending upon the shrink/swell potential of the soil, the soil may upheave, or it may consolidate and lose volume; either way, undermining the foundation and causing problems.

NEVER place sand, sandy loam, or rocks around the foundation.

They are very porous, and allow water to pass quickly to the soil below, where the sun and wind cannot dry it out. Clay soils are non-porous, and are recommended for proper water drainage away from the foundation.

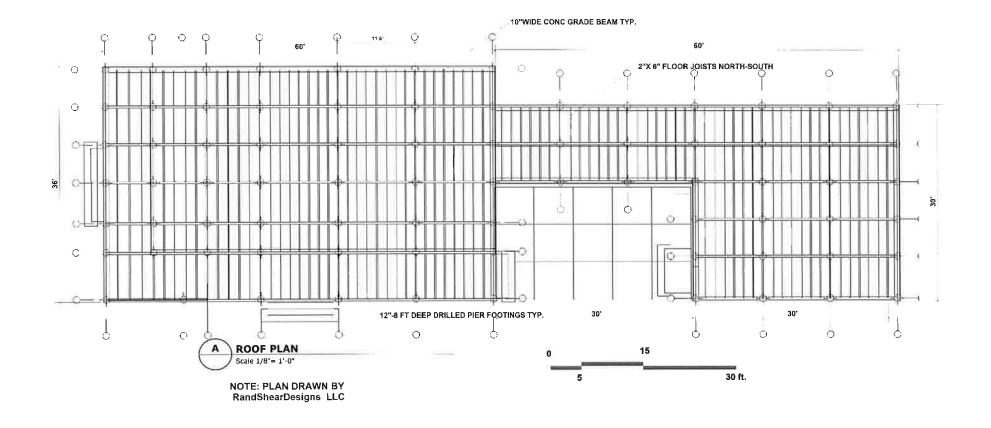
NEVER allow water to pond around the foundation.

If water stands for very long, it will seep under the foundation, causing problems.

Bedrock Foundation Repair, LLC



338 S. Fleming Ave—Proposed Foundation Plan



| | | The Cook Home-Bristow Residence | REVISIONS | | |
|----------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Ran SHEAR | esigns | 338 S Fleming Ave. Dallas TX 75203 | MALTORIAN DESCRIPTION | SK BESTERGERETPIC AT PROTRIATEORSS | |
| RandShearDesigns LLC | 214-914-9969 | FOUNDATION PLAN | | | |

338 S. Fleming Ave.-CD Application—Existing Property Images







North Facade





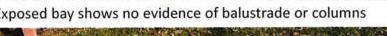
North Facade Details













West Facade Details Corner



338 S. Fleming Ave.-CD Application— Existing Property Images



Detail of Existing East Elevation

Detail of Existing East Elevation Corner at North Elevation







Skirt Base Details of Collapsed Foundation



338 S. Fleming Ave-Existing Elevation Study-South Facade

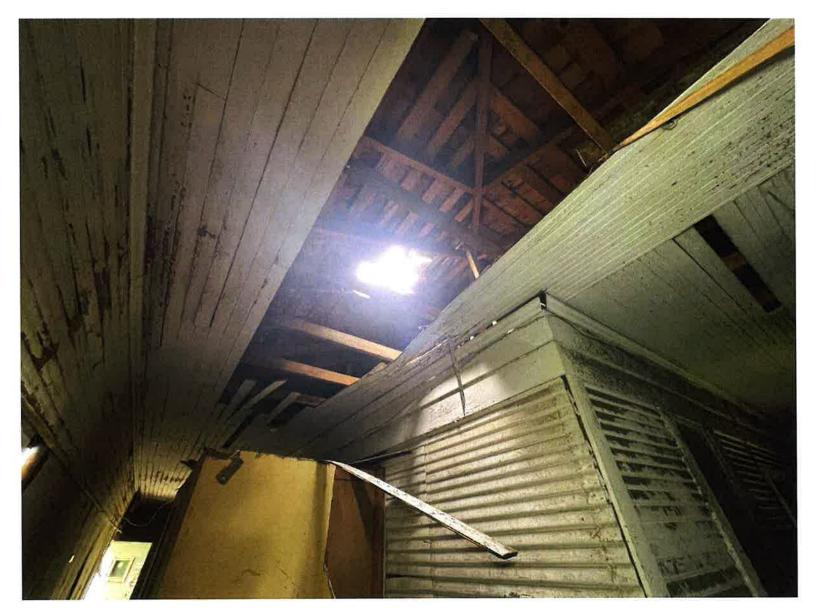




Interior Main Space



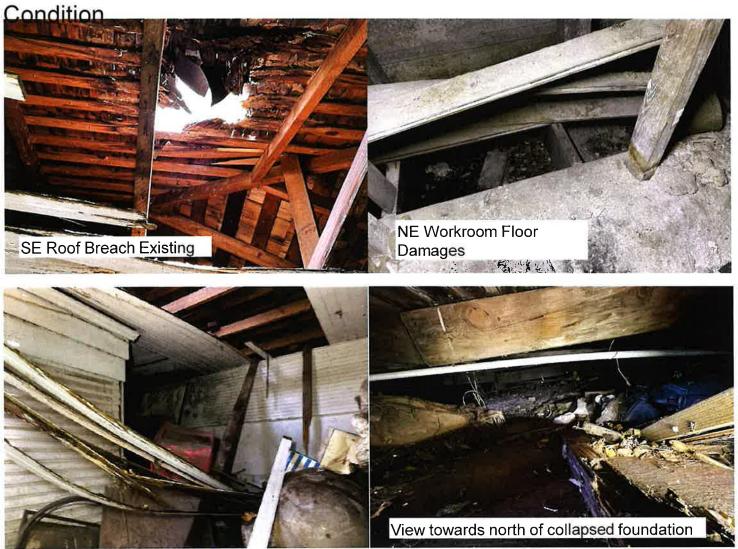




Interior View Porch ceiling damage SE corner looking west



338 S. Fleming Ave-Existing





RancSHEAR esigns

Bailey & Galyen 1300 Summit Avenue, Suite 650 Fort Worth, TX 76102 Attention: Paul F Wieneski Phone: 817-438-2141 Fax: 817-276-6010

Re: 338 S Fleming Dallas Texas 75203 NON-CONTRIBUTING STATUS

Documents attached:

National Register of Historic Places May 1994 One of 51 Non-Contributing Structures Listed as built in 1925 Non-Contributing Structure Section Number 7 Page 6 Shown in the Hardy Heck Moore map as noncontributing 338 Fleming DCAD Map found in the records owner Annemarie Bristow Location 55-E Dallas as a Account Type- Zoning as a Commercial Property

Dear Mr. Wieneskie:

The question of 'Non-Contributing' status came up in the last Landmark Commission Meeting on December 6th, 2021, and was debated to determine if there was enough evidence present in the existing structure to have that Non-Contributing status possibly changed.

The existing property clearly met the criteria needed for the National Registers' Non-Contributing' determination. This status has never been questioned since the report was issued in 1994. Changing this status to 'Contributing' was seen as a delay-tactic by the city and a direct challenge to the CD and CA applications now re-submitted twice.

In an email response to questions regarding the property status- director Murray Miller responded and explained as follows;

Quote:

Good Afternoon Randy,

In relation to the matter of contributing vs non-contributing, there are circumstances where the Landmark Commission may consider that a current evaluation of the status of a property is warranted to make an informed decision.

In this case, the Landmark Commission considered that such an assessment was necessary to inform both applications that were submitted – resolving the central matter as to whether the

RancsHEAR esigns

existing structure would be considered non-contributing according to a current evaluation and whether the proposed construction would therefore be more "compatible" as a result of such an assessment.

Trusting that this is helpful-Murray

We feel that in direct contrast to Mr Miller's assessment, we worked with Marsha Prior and Anna-Liz Casso for over a 3 month period, during that time period, we had been guided through the process of a CA and CD packages.

Everything we had in the packages were well beyond what the city needs to have an informed decision. All requests, including a 'Street Survey' were dealt with and provided to the city. If the city now needs more information on the property, we can provide the city with anything we have, once it is requested.

Our response is clear:

- 1. A current evaluation of the status of a property is not warranted (we have provided multiple photographs of the interior and exterior facade, this included in the first submittal computer facade overlay images) We used these drawings of the existing to re-create the new design.
- 2. There is no clear new evidence to support whether the existing structure is contributing or has any architectural details that cannot be re-created in the new design. Plus, the existing structure has remained a non-contributing structure since 1994.
- 3. The property has been altered and neglected for over a decade The home was used for commercial purposes and has not been well preserved. Presently the structure has sustained foundation collapse and has visible roof damage. The property has been deemed unsafe by a qualified engineering company that deals with historical properties.
- 4. NRHP (National Register of Historic Places) survey designation has already determined the property does not meet the criteria nor qualifies as a contributing property in the Tenth Streets District. This property was one of 51 properties with the same status. We contend that we had provided more than what was required over a 3-month period and that the status should remain without any additional evaluation. We reiterate, the property at 338 S Fleming Ave. is clearly a non-contributing-commercial property.

We strengthened the 'non-contributing' status with further investigation of the existing structure on December 23 2021(following comments made in the last landmark meeting) on the (south-west corner of the exterior wall). Photographic evidence showed alterations and changes

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when the property was used for a commercial plaster business and storage facility. These changes included a toilet added to the 'south porch area', insulating and boarding up the porch and plywood covering over existing broken windows.

Photographs show no evidence of any historical significance or character-there was, however, evidence the columns were 2-2x4 cut off the top. There were no original balustrades found (most likely the house had no balustrades) within the covered porch areas. The fascia was a simple box truss. The foundation at bay showed signs of collapse of over a foot. We found no evidence of any 'architectural detailing' or any 'archaeological values' to warrant a change of status of any kind.

Furthermore, the commercial property had been used for a plaster statuary and mold company and remained empty over a decade. During that time the property was empty the structure, roof and foundation had deteriorated and altered the structure beyond repair. (refer to the Structural Engineering report).

Also, major alterations have taken place including cladding the porch and removal of windows, which damaged the historic integrity of the structure. Moreover, any historic nature of the building has been so "severely compromised" as to be irreversible

There are few details in this property that possess historical integrity or any architectural details that would signify information about a style of architecture. The structure does not yield any information important in the history of this historical neighborhood.

Using the general rule for registration, this property is 'non contributing' and should remain so moving forward with the new design, which is clearly more compatible than the remains of the original structure built in 1920.

rand shear

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10⁴2 Fem 10-004

CAND Approval No. 1024-0018

Tenth Street Historic District (Oak

61.8

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

| | . 7 | 6 | CI | iff MPS) Dallas, Dallas County, Texas |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| tion nun | nber | Page | | |
| L7 -1968 | 1121 E Eleventh | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -1969 | 1125 E Eleventh | Contributing | 1930 | Residence Residence |
| L7 -1976 | 1126 E Eleventh | Noncontributing | 1930 | |
| | 1125 E Eleventh | Contributing | 1930 | Residence |
| L7 -1977 | 1126 E Elavanth | Noncontributing Contributing | 17.30 | |
| | 208 S Fleming 210 S Fleming | Contributing | | |
| | 538 \$ Flaming | Mancontributing | post-1944 | |
| L7 -7558 | 306 S Flaming | Noncontributing | | Residence |
| 17 -7557 | 308 S Fleming | Contributing | 1935 | tes idence |
| L7 -7556 | 316 \$ Flaming | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -7555 | 322 \$ Fleming | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -7554 | 334 S Flowing | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| 17 -755 | 338 S Fleming | Koncontributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -7552 L7 -7551 | 354 S Flexing 366 S Flexing | Contributing | 1930 | Institutional |
| L7 -7551 L7 -7651 | 201 Landia | Contributing | 1920 | tesidence |
| 17 -7650 | 203 Landia | Contributing | 1925 | Lesidence |
| L7 -7656 | 204 Landis | Contributing | 1925 | Res (donce |
| L7 -7655 | 208 Landis | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -7649 | 207 Landis | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -7648 | 209 Landis | Cantributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -7654 | 212 Landis | Contributing | 1925 1925 | Residence Residence |
| L7 -7653 | 216 Landis | Noncontributing Contributing | 1930 | Residence |
| L7 -7647 L7 -7652 | 215 Landis 224 Landis | Contributing | 1920 | Residence |
| L7 -7646 | 225 Landia | Contribution | 1940 | Residence |
| C7 -7040 | 228 Landis | Noncontributing | | |
| L7 -7581 | 310 Leads | Contributing | 1930 | Residence |
| 17 -7572 | 311 Leads | Contributing | 1920 | Residence |
| L7 -7580 | 312 Leeds | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -7571 | 315 Leeds | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -7579 | 316 Leads | Contributing | 1910 1920 | Residence Residence |
| L7 -7570 | 317 Leads | Contributing Noncontributing | | Residence |
| L7 -7578 L7 -7577 | 320 Leeds 326 Leeds | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -7569 | 325 Leeds | Contributing | 1905 | Residence |
| L7 -7576 | 328 Leads | Contributing | 1920 | Residence |
| L7 -7568 | 327 Leads | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -7567 | 333 Leeds | Honcontributing | | Residence |
| し7 -7575 | 334 Leeds | Contributing | 1920 | Residence |
| L7 - 7566 | 335 Leeds | Contributing | 1920 | Residence Residence |
| L7 -7574 | 336 Leede | Contributing Noncontributing | 1910 1910 | Residence |
| 17 -7575 | 341 Leeds 345 Leeds | Noncontributing | | Residence |
| L7 -7564 L7 -7573 | 345 Leeds | Contributing | 1930 | Residence |
| 17 -7563 | 349 Leads | Contributing | 1920 | Res (dence |
| L7 -7562 | 351 Leads | Noncontributing | | Residence |
| 17 -7561 | 355 Leeds | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| | 1035 E Ninth | Noncontributing | | |
| L7 -1681 | 1030 E Minth | Contributing | 1920 | Residence |
| L7 -1652 | 1102 E Ninth | Contributing | 1920 | Residence Commercial Building |
| L7 -1617 | 1103 E Winth | Noncontributing | 1950 1920 | Residence |
| L7 -1618 | 1105 E Rinth | Contributing | 1910 | Residence |
| L7 -1619 L7 -1683 | 1113 E Winth 1116 E Winth | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -1620 | 1119 E Kinth | Contributing | 1925 | Residence |
| L7 -1621 | 1121 E Winth | Contributing | 1930 | Residence |
| L7 -1684 | 1122 E Minth | Contributing | 1910 | Residence |
| L7 -1685 | 1124 E Minth | Contributing | 1930 | Residence |
| L7 -1622 | 1125 E Minth | Contributing | 1930 | Residence |
| L7 -1623 | 1129 E Ninth | Contributing | 1930 | Residence |

ELECTRONIC CORRESPONDENCE – REC'D THURSDAY, JULY 27, 2022 FROM: MR. LARRY JOHNSON – WHEATLEY PLACE/TENTH STREET TASK FORCE RE: REQUEST FOR A CERTIFICATE OF DEMOLITION FOR 338 S FLEMING AVE CD212-014(MGM)

Carlos van Onna

| From: | Larry Johnson |
|--------------|--|
| Sent: | Thursday, July 28, 2022 3:51 PM |
| То: | Carlos van Onna |
| Subject: | Re: 338 S Fleming |
| Attachments: | 20220725_150 <mark>844</mark> .jpg; 20220725_150821.jpg; 20220725_150543.jpg; 20220725_150751.jpg; |
| | 20220725_150517.jpg |

External Email!

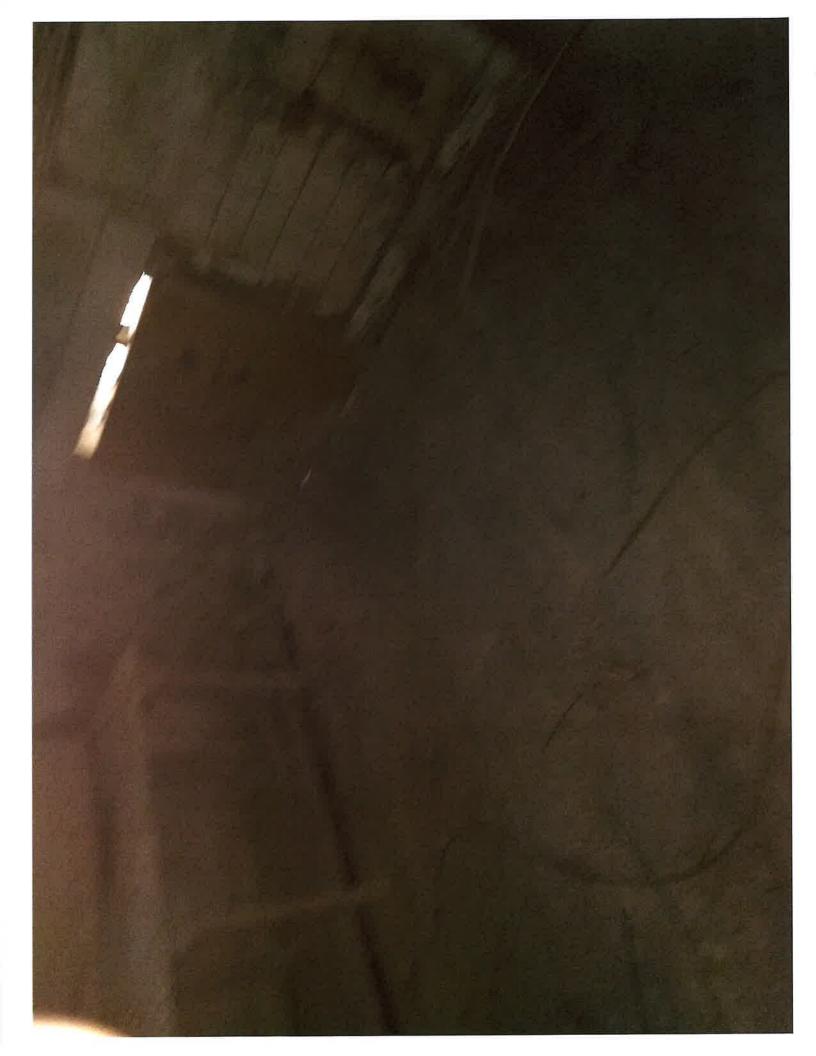
Good afternoon

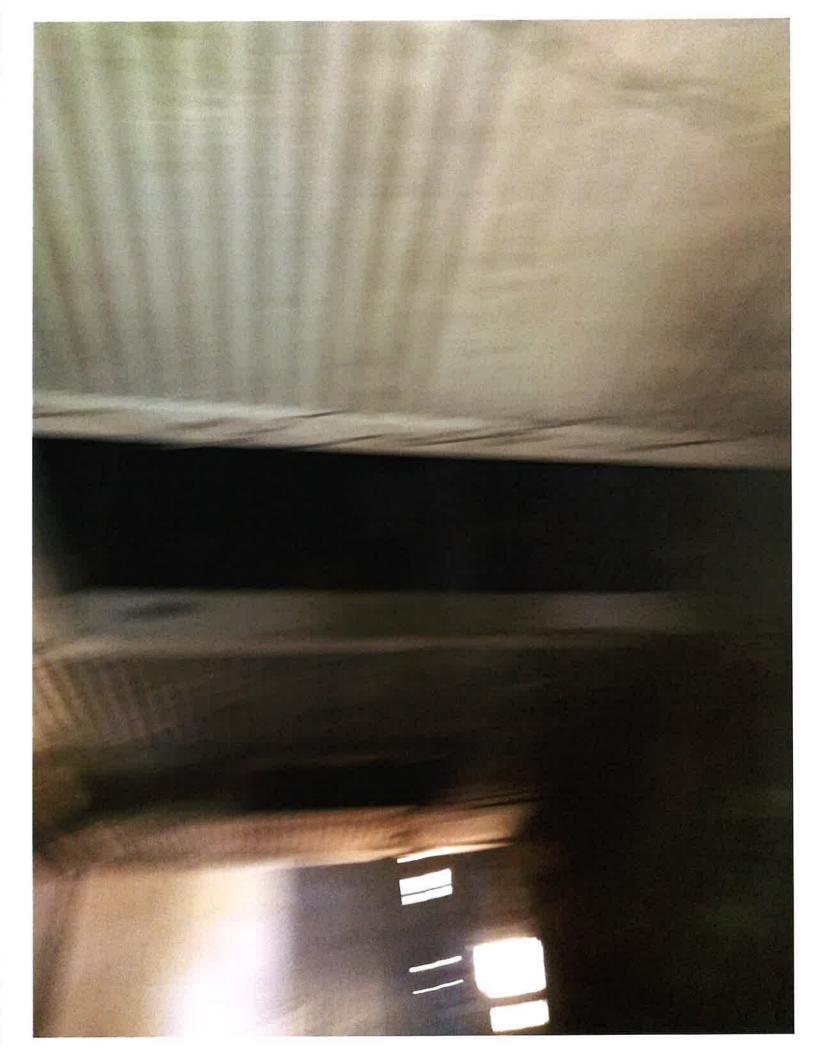
338 S. Fleming does not need to be demolished but rather restored.

On July the 25th at 3:00 p.m., I met with preservation staff and the lawyer for the applicant at 338 South Fleming. I was allowed access to the property for the purposes of verifying whether the property needed to be demolished. Up on entering the property I immediately noticed that I stepped on what used to be part of a wraparound porch. The porch wrapped around the front, right side and rear facades of the house. Direction wise the porch wrapped around the western, southern and eastern facades of the house. I knew that this was a porch because of the bead board ceilings and the 117 siding facing outward. Also under Eastern facade of the house, which would face the backyard, there were windows that once looked out on a large backyard. The porch has been enclosed with walls that were made of standard 2x4 studs and plywood. As I entered the living quarters of the house I noticed that the floors were the original pine flooring, intact, and the ceiling was supported by columns inside of what was most likely the living room of the house. The foundation is in need of repair and can be repaired. Contrary to what I was told and to what the engineer report said, the foundation is not laying on the ground, the house is still elevated and a foundation crew is able to get underneath to lift the house. Attached are pictures of the all facades of the house, what used to be portions of the wraparound porch and the Columns inside the house that support the ceiling.















Landmark Commission Minutes

August 1, 2022

See Pages 9 - 10, Item #3

compatible with the historic district; 4. There is no expressed entrance to the building which is called for in section 4.1 of the ordinance; 5. The facade color scheme is not compatible with the historic district, to give the applicant an opportunity to revisit with Task Force based on Task Force concerns. (Note: Task Force has not seen the new design)

| Maker: | Sherman | | | | |
|----------|--------------|------------|---|----|--|
| Second: | Rothenberger | | | | |
| Results: | 13/0 | | | | |
| | | Ayes: | | 13 | Anderson, Guest, Hinojosa, Montgomery, Offutt, Renaud, Rothenberger, Sherman, Slade, Spellicy, Swann, Taylor, Velvin |
| | | Against: | - | 0 | |
| | | Absent: | - | 2 | Livingston, Hajdu |
| | | Vacancies: | - | 2 | Districts 3 and 11 |

3. 338 S FLEMING AVE

Tenth Street Neighborhood Historic District CD212-014(MGM) Murray Miller

A Certificate for Demolition/Removal to demolish a noncontributing structure using the standard 'replace with more appropriate/compatible structure'.

Speakers: For:

Randy Shear Paul Wieneskie

Against: No

No Speakers

Motion #1

That the request for a Certificate for Demolition/Removal to demolish a noncontributing structure using the standard 'replace with more appropriate/compatible structure' be **approved** with finding the that the proposed demolition would not satisfy the standard in City Code Section 51A-4.501(h)(4)(A)(i).

| Maker: | Offutt | | | | |
|----------|--------|----------|---|----|--|
| Second: | Taylor | | | | |
| Results: | 2/11 | | | | MOTION FAILED |
| | | Ayes: | - | 2 | Offutt, Taylor |
| | | Against: | - | 11 | Anderson, Guest, Hinojosa, Montgomery, Renaud, Rothenberger, Sherman, Slade, Spellicy, Swann, Velvin |
| | | Absent: | - | 3 | Livingston, Hajdu |

Motion #2

That the request for a Certificate for Demolition/Removal to demolish a noncontributing structure using the standard 'replace with more appropriate/compatible structure' be **denied without prejudice** with finding the that the proposed demolition would not satisfy the standard in City Code Section 51A-4.501(h)(4)(A)(i).

| Maker: | Swann | | | | |
|----------|-------|------------|---|----|--|
| Second: | Guest | | | | |
| Results: | 11/2 | | | | |
| | | Ayes: | - | 11 | Anderson, Guest, Hinojosa, Montgomery, Renaud, Rothenberger, Sherman, Slade, Spellicy, Swann, Velvin |
| | | Against: | - | 2 | Offutt, Taylor |
| | | Absent: | - | 2 | Livingston, Hajdu |
| | | Vacancies: | - | 2 | Districts 3 and 11 |

4. 2903 WARREN AVE

Wheatley Place Historic District CA212-460(CVO) Carlos van Onna

- 1. A Certificate of Appropriateness to install burglar bars on all windows Work completed without a Certificate Appropriateness
- A Certificate of Appropriateness to repaint exterior (Body: Sherwin Williams SW1083 "Architectural Gray"; Trim: Sherwin Williams HGSW1391 "Delft Pottery") – Work completed without a Certificate of Appropriateness.
- 3. A Certificate of Appropriateness to install fencing Work completed without a Certificate of Appropriateness.
- 4. A Certificate of Appropriateness to install faux shutters and modify dormer window Work completed without a Certificate of Appropriateness.
- 5. A Certificate of Appropriateness to paint concrete porch floor and walkway Work completed without a Certificate Appropriateness.
- 6. A Certificate of Appropriateness to apply stain (Valspar Pre-tinted "Redwood") to existing fencing.

Speakers: For: Claudette Mike

Against: No Speakers

Motion

- 1. That the request for a Certificate of Appropriateness to install burglar bars on all windows be **approved with the condition** that burglar bars be removed from windows on protected facades. The proposed work is inconsistent with the Wheatley Place preservation criteria Section 5.5; City Code Section 51A-4.501(g)(6)(C)(i); and the Secretary of the Interior's Standards.
- 2. That the request for a Certificate of Appropriateness to repaint exterior (Body: Sherwin Williams SW1083 "Architectural Gray"; Trim: Sherwin Williams HGSW1391 "Delft Pottery") be denied

SECTION

Transcript of the August 1, 2022 Landmark Commission Hearing 338 S Fleming Avenue CD212-014(MGM)

5

Page 1

In Re:

- - -

CD212-014(MGM) 338 S Fleming Ave.

Audio Transcription of LANDMARK COMMISSION HEARING August 1, 2022

Transcribed By:

Maureen Cunningham Brzycki, Court Reporter

MAGNA LEGAL SERVICES



Page 2 Yes. 1 THE CHAIRPERSON: We're hearing D3, Commissioner Anderson has 2 returned because he's no longer recused. 3 We have two speakers, who we will hear 4 from after we hear from the staff on D3. 5 MR. MILLER: Discussion Item D3, 6 7 CD212-014(MGM) is a request for a certificate of demolition, removal of a 8 primary structure located at 338 South 9 Fleming Avenue. 10 This photo shows the existing 11 structure as seen from South Fleming 12 The north elevation is depicted 13 Avenue. in the top image and the south elevation 14 is depicted in the bottom image. The 15 rear elevation is depicted here at the 16 top, and the front elevation at the 17 bottom. A key issue related to this 18 request is whether the property is 19 contributing or noncontributing. 20 I wanted to show the map of the 21 contributing and noncontributing 22 structures that is associated with the 23 district. The property that is 24



Page 3 highlighted in red, which is 334 South 1 Fleming Avenue is listed as 2 contributing. This is 334 South Fleming 3 Avenue today, which underscores that it 4 is not adequate to rely on a list from 5 1994 without undertaking a current 6 These are the seven aspects 7 evaluation. of integrity that should be considered 8 when evaluating whether a property 9 contributes to a historic district. 10 The subject property is in the 11 location where it was constructed. 12 Therefore, it retains integrity of 13 location. While the subject property 14 still retains sufficient integrity of 15 design because its current state allows 16 for the understanding of the elements 17 that created the form, plan, space 18 historic function, structural system, 19 fenestration pattern, exterior materials 20 21 and tile of the property. The block face upon which the 2.2 subject property at 338 South Fleming 23 Avenue exists, while having lost a 24



couple of houses since the 1990s, still 1 retains sufficient integrity of setting 2 because the character of the street and 3 the property's relationship to 4 surrounding homes features an open 5 space, remains recognizable as that 6 which would have existed during the 7 district's period of significance. 8 While certain aspects of materials have 9 been altered, the subject property 10 remains sufficient integrity of 11 materials because the choice and 12 combination of materials that were used 13 on the subject property are evident and 14 they reveal the preferences of those who 15 created it in the 1920s during the 16 district's period of significance. 17 While certain aspects of the 18 workmanship have been altered, the 19

Page 4

subject property remains sufficient integrity of workmanship because its current state allows for an understanding of the labor and skill in constructing the subject property in the



1920s during the district's period of 1 significance. 2 The subject property retains 3 sufficient integrity of feeling because 4 the presence of physical features that 5 are sufficiently expressed in its 6 location, design, setting materials, and 7 workmanship, when taken together, convey 8 the property's historic character and 9 10 conveys the significance of the district. 11 The subject property retains 12 sufficient integrity of association 13 because the property is sufficiently 14 intact to convey a direct link between 15 an important historic event and the 16 physical evidence of the historic 17 property to an observer. 18 In relation to the standard for 19 approval, 51A-4.501H4A, indicates that 20 the landmark commission must deny an 21 application to replace a structure with 22 a new structure, unless it finds that 23 the new structure is more appropriate 24



Page 6 and compatible with the historic overlay 1 of district than the structure to be 2 demolished or removed. 3 From a preservation 4 perspective, it is unlikely that the 5 replacement of an existing structure at 6 338 South Fleming Avenue with a more 7 appropriate and compatible new structure 8 Because the existing is possible. 9 structure adds more historic value to 10 the district than a replacement new 11 structure. A commonly accepted 12 definition of a contributing property is 13 one that adds historic value to a 14 historic district. Staff, therefore 15 recommend the request for a certificate 16 of demolish and removal to demolish a 17 noncontributing structure use the 18 standard, replace with a more 19 appropriate and compatible structure, be 20 denied without prejudice. 21 This recommendation is made 22 where the finding that the proposed 23 demolition would not satisfy the 24



Page 7 standard in City Code Section 1 51A-4.501H4, Romanette I. 2 This concludes the staff 3 presentation. 4 THE CHAIRPERSON: Thank you, Mr. 5 Miller, for your very intriguing and 6 extensive examination of the qualities 7 of this existing structure. 8 After we hear from the 9 applicants, who are here to speak, I'm 10 probably going to ask our city attorney 11 to comment upon of some of the 12 suggestions Mr. Miller has made about 13 how this lines up with our -- our 14 ordinance and our legal expectations. 15 But first let us hear from our speakers. 16 We didn't read in the task ELAINE: 17 force. Sorry. 18 THE CHAIRPERSON: Oh, sorry. 19 Y'all just won't let me get 20 away with making any mistakes; will you? 21 MALE VOICE: Task force 2.2 recommendation, no quorum comments only. 23 Task force is not supportive of review 24



Page 8 proceedings until entry access is 1 granted to property. 2 After task force meeting, 3 access to the property was granted to 4 city staff and a representative of the 5 task force on Monday, July 25. Comments 6 resulting from this visit have been 7 included in the docket. 8 THE CHAIRPERSON: All right. 9 So first we're going to -- do 10 you want to go before the speakers? 11 First we're going to hear from 12 our speakers. Randy Sheer, are you 13 here? 14 Good evening, Mr. Sheer. 15 Please begin by stating your name and 16 address. The microphone is not on? 17 MR. SHEER: I think it's on now. 18 19 Thank you. All right. Good. THE CHAIRPERSON: 20 SHEER: My name is Randy Sheer. MR. 21 I live at 7027 Gaston Parkway in Dallas, 22 23 Texas, and I swear to tell the truth. Thank you. THE CHAIRPERSON: 24



Page 9 Note that he has affirmed to 1 swear to tell the truth. 2 Okay. You have three minutes. 3 Elaine will time you. 4 MR. SHEER: Right. 5 We predict after the tour of 6 the property on July 25th that the bill 7 of report today will represent a 8 predetermined verdict -- will cement a 9 vote of a denial on the project, as the 10 commissioners had done in the video 11 12 meeting last December. However, our prediction -- if 13 our prediction is wrong, we will comply 14 with the approved conditions. Last 15 November the task force approved with 16 the conditions both the CA and CD. The 17 question remains, if this tour was so 18 consequential, why did it take Mr. 19 Miller one year to implement the house 20 Why isn't it the home tour 21 tour? mandatory or a requirement? Why were 22 the new staff members not fully briefed 23 on our project? In the plan land use 24



Page 10 development workshop of 2021, Mr. 1 Miller's team suggested a gross restore 2 of a pharmacy in the same location along 3 the block of Fleming Avenue, a pharmacy. 4 Mr. Johnson spoke to me during 5 the property tour. He admitted he had 6 not seen or read the bedrock report, 7 explaining -- I'm paraphrasing -- the 8 owners always want to knock down these 9 I don't trust those reports. 10 homes. Those companies will say anything if you 11 pay them enough money. Moreover, he 12 claimed he would trust and prefer Brown 13 Foundation company. He also estimated 14 the cost at a mere 8000 dollars, which I 15 told them I could pay for. 16 It's concluded that -- this is 17 the bedrock report conclusion. It is 18 concluded that most, if not all, the 19 lumbar is damaged and not salvageable. 20 If lifting the structure is attempted, 21 the rot lumbar will crush. It's 22 concluded that structure will need to be 23 demolitioned -- demolished -- demolished 24



Page 11 and reconstructed off the ground. The 1 foundation can't be reconstructed with 2 the structure left in place, end quote. 3 I have to say that the owner, 4 Ann Marie Bristo, is a structural 5 engineer. And David Presiocia, maybe I 6 said it wrong, highly recommended the 7 bedrock engineer company. 8 Project cost. The landmark 9 commission voted on the CA, approved the 10 new proposal design with more compatible 11 than the existing structure. A denial 12 vote is a vote against your own 13 collective determination, approving the 14 CA package in June of this year. 15 In other words, we would be 16 starting over. Here's the present 17 reality. Slippage in the schedule of 8 18 months has increased all new 19 construction by at least 35 percent 20 across the board. Renovation or 21 rehabilitation of the existing structure 22 is cost prohibitive. It's clear from 23 the bedrock report the structure cannot 24



Page 12 be leveled, lifted, or moved without 1 emanant collapse. In other words, no 2 foundation will be put in there. 3 Further delays or denial of the CD would 4 force my client to sell the property 5 outright, and it's possible there maybe 6 a pharmacy at the location once they 7 knock it down. 8 If the project -- I have to say 9 finally, Mr. Swan said at the last 10 landmark meeting, if the project is 11 excellent, we love the spirit of it. We 12 just because of it's tremendous 13 opportunity, want to set an example, we 14 want to do it right. 15 ELAINE: Excuse me. That's your 16 time. 17 MR. SHEER: Oh, yes. 18 THE CHAIRPERSON: Mr. Winesky, I'm 19 I don't have my mic on. Here 20 sorry. I'm asking you to turn your mic on. 21 We see you. Please turn on 22 23 your mic and give me your name and address. 24



Page 13 MR. WINESKY: (Inaudible) Winesky. 1 1300 Summit Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas. 2 And I swear to tell the truth. 3 Thank you. THE CHAIRPERSON: 4 We look forward to the truth. 5 You now have three minutes to speak. 6 And Elaine here will time you. 7 MR. WINESKY: Thank you. 8 I'd like to start off by just 9 letting you know I spent a collective 40 10 years as a city attorney or assistant 11 city attorney in Northeast (inaudible) 12 City, so I do understand the City's 13 viewpoint on things. 14 The very material that is 15 included in your packet, the Texas 16 Administrative Code Provisions are 17 setout for the Texas Historical 18 Commission, and one of those items 19 states property does not contribute to 20 the historic significance of the 21 district if its location, design, 22 setting, materials, workmanship, and 23 association have been so deteriorated 24



Page 14 the overall integrity of the building 1 has been irretrievably lost. And I 2 believe Mr. Sheer just gave you guys the 3 information that demonstrates that it 4 is -- it's irretrievably lost. And 5 cannot be restored in its present state. 6 And I have to say that the 7 continued refusal of the Commission to 8 allow Ms. Bristo to demolish the 9 unsalvageable existing structure and 10 construct one that this board already 11 determined is appropriate and compatible 12 with the area would come dangerously 13 close to a regulatory (inaudible). The 14 impact on the economic -- this decision 15 on the claimant would be great since 16 it's cost prohibitive to restore it in 17 its present condition. And the -- the 18 refusal to allow this to move forward 19 would seriously frustrate and interfere 20 with the distinct and reasonable backed 21 expectations of Ms. Bristo when she 22 bought the property. And being a 23 retired structural engineer, she knew 24



Page 15 what she was getting into and hired the 1 appropriate experts to determine whether 2 that foundation could be saved, and it 3 can't. So I would simply -- despite the 4 staff report, which is quite elaborate 5 in detail, I would urge this board to go 6 ahead and approve the certificate of 7 demolition and let this project move 8 forward. 9 Thank you, sir. 10 THE CHAIRPERSON: I am so sorry for the owner's 11 perfectly justified irritation because 12 this is taking so long. But we do, you 13 know, we're talking about taking down a 14building. We don't want to make a 15 mistake because we can't get the 16 building back once we say take it down. 17 The judgment of whether 18 something retains integrity is a 19 judgment call about seven different 20 things. So it's not even just like one 21 sliding scale, it's like 7. So we have 22 to consider this carefully. I was, 23 after you spoke, going to ask our own 24



Page 16 city attorney, Mr. Vandenberg, to opine 1 on some of the points either in Mr. 2 Miller's presentation that he thought we 3 should have his viewpoint on. And I 4 also wish him to respond to Mr. 5 Winesky's because you're an attorney, 6 and I'm not an attorney, and I'd like to 7 thoroughly understand where you think we 8 stand. 9 MR. VANDENBERG: Thank you Madam 10 Burt Vandenberg, assistant city Chair. 11 12 attorney. You've asked me some rather 13 broad things, so I'm going to try to 14 wing it. 15 THE CHAIRPERSON: (Inaudible). 16 MR. VANDENBERG: Thanks. 17 Whether or not the existing 18 structure meets the definition of a 19 contributing structure or 20 noncontributing structure, defined 21 either by Director Miller or the 1994 22 survey, while it has bearing on this 23 issue, the actual standard for approval, 24



Page 17 which was read earlier, and we've been 1 talking about, is that the landmark 2 commission shall deny the application 3 unless it makes the following findings. 4 And you quys have already 5 approved a new structure. And so now 6 the question in your judgment, which you 7 have been charged with, regardless of 8 the legal assertions made earlier, is in 9 your opinion, is the new structure that 10 you approved more appropriate and 11 compatible with the historic district 12 than the structure to be demolished or 13 removed. 14 I think that is -- there's also 15 a second prong of financial ability. 16 But I think we can do that. The 17 second -- but really it is your opinions 18 as to whether or not the new structure 19 is this more appropriate and compatible, 20 regardless of the definition or semantic 21 label contributing or noncontributing. 2.2 It's whether or not it is more 23 appropriate and compatible. 24



Page 18 Again, I would say that it is 1 in your judgment and it is the standard 2 in the code, while I understand Mr -- I 3 believe it's Winesky's comments, is that 4 Mr. Winesky's comments, again, I riaht? 5 would urge the landmark commission to 6 stick to the standard that they have 7 before them and not take those other 8 items into account. You guys are 9 charged with a very limited -- limited 10 scope of what you should do. And I 11 don't know what you'll find, but I'm not 12 a historic expert. 13 Thank you, THE CHAIRPERSON: 14 Mr. Vandenberg. We always want to hear 15 about the law. 16 Okay. I'm going to open this 17 up for questions either of our speakers 18 or Mr. Miller or Mr. Vandenberg on what 19 20 he knew. MALE VOICE: I do have a question 21 for the city attorney. 22 They chose the replacing a 23 building is more architecturally or 24



Page 19 culturally important than the one that 1 was there; is that correct? 2 MR. VANDENBERG: The standard --3 Madam Chair --4 MALE VOICE: Please read the whole 5 standard for me, please. 6 MR. VANDENBERG: Madam Chair, the 7 standard for approval, 51A-4.501H4, I 8 believe. Standard for approval, the 9 Landmark Commission shall deny the 10 application unless it makes the 11 following findings: 12 The Landmark Commission must 13 deny an application to replace a 14 structure with a new structure, unless 15 it finds that the new structure is more 16 17 appropriate and compatible with the historic overlay district than the 18 structure to demolish or remove. And 19 the owner has the financial ability and 20 intent to build the new structure. 21 The Landmark Commission -- this 22 is a little irrelevant, but must first 23 approve the predesignation certificate 24



Page 20 of appropriateness or certificate of 1 appropriateness for the proposed new 2 structure and guarantee they're going to 3 construct the new structure before 4 making the application to demolish or 5 remove. 6 T can't -- that is -- that is 7 the end of that particular --8 MALE VOICE: 9 Okay. Then I have a question for the 10 applicant. 11 There are several criteria or 12 reasons for a building can be 13 demolished. Is the reason you chose 14 15 this as opposed to immanent public health and safety, which maybe more 16 Did you choose this on your germane? 17 How did you come up with this own? 18 criteria for demolition of this 19 structure? 20 MR. SHEER: Would you repeat the 21 I'm so sorry. 2.2 question? MALE VOICE: There are different 23 reasons or criteria for demolition of a 24



Page 21 building in a historic district. One is 1 the one you used, which is the building 2 3 that replacing this building is more appropriate than the one that is being 4 removed. And the other -- that you 5 could use is an emanant threat to public 6 health and safety that this building is 7 in bad shape. It's going to fall down. 8 It's going to hurt somebody. 9 What was the rationalization 10 for choosing this criteria why -- how 11 did the criteria come to be what you 12 chose to use? 13 MR. SHEER: Let me tell you a little 14 history about the project. Last year --15 in about July of last year Ann Marie had 16 me design the project --17 MALE VOICE: I'm sorry. I can't 18 19 hear you. MR. SHEER: Ann Marie had me design 20 a project for her. And we had this 21 house that was existing there. And at 22 first we had designed it around this 23 historic home. We tried to save it. 24



But it wasn't until the second we 1 applied three times during the year up 2 until the landmark meeting in December. 3 So we actually came up with -- to save 4 the home the first round, but then in 5 the second round, we had the engineer's 6 report, which was conclusive that this 7 house couldn't be saved, and it was 8 collapsed, that you really can't even 9 get underneath it nor could you lift it 10 because of this things that were rotted. 11 So we then changed the plan to making it 12 more compatible structure. If that's 13 understood. And as for the safety of 14 the building, I mean the staff showed up 15 with hard hats. That how safely it is 16 17

18 MALE VOICE: But what I'm getting 19 to, there's at least two criteria. You 20 chose one saying the building replacing 21 the building is better than the one 22 that's there. And you might have used 23 the criteria is an emanant threat to 24 health and safety. It's my



Page 23 understanding after hearing the city 1 attorney, we don't -- at this type of 2 criteria, we don't really look at the 3 structure's stability. We look at -- we 4 have A, and we have B. Do we like B 5 better than A? It doesn't say the 6 building is falling down and it's going 7 to be a problem. So my --8 Well, we have to --MR. SHEER: 9 MALE VOICE: So it's -- my concern 10 is we don't have the ability in my 11 understanding to say this building has 12 got structural problems. We need to say 13 this building -- the old building is 14 better than or not as good as the new 15 building. 16 Is that correct? We don't 17 really look at the structural stability 18 of it. 19 THE CHAIRPERSON: I believe even 20 though the applicant may not have 21 officially stated part of the reason 22 they chose to take the building down is 23 because it is physically unsalvageable, 24



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Page 24 structurally unsound -- that's what they 1 claim -- we can still consider that 2 because it's obviously pertinent. So 3 even if they didn't bring it up, we can 4 bring it up. 5 MALE VOICE: Okay. 6 I mean, to cherry pick MR. SHEER: 7 what Mr. Miller had done in his 8 presentation all the little details, 9 that doesn't have any bearing on what 10 the structure safety is. And also the 11 fact that the floors are sloping and 12 most of the foundation is already rotted 13 and collapsed. 14 Not only has the building 15 collapsed, but it's shifted because of 16 the -- I don't know what the reason 17 is -- the structure and the foundation 18 had collapsed. So the building not only 19 fell, but it actually tilted and fell. 20 It's kind of like So it's on an angle. 21 the Wizard of Oz home that landed on the 22 wicked witch of the west. It's on an 23 angle and if you're going to technically 24



Page 25 get underneath it, you can't. You can't 1 can jack it. You can't lift it nor can 2 you level it out. 3 Mr. Johnson was terribly 4 mistaken that for 8,000 dollars we can 5 fix this problem. We can't it. Can't 6 7 be done. MALE VOICE: I guess my point was 8 there might have been a better criteria 9 to use to talk about the instability and 10 instead of having all these new 11 construction stuff getting in the way. 12 MR. SHEER: Well, we knew this 13 building was in bad shape when she 14 bought the property. But the thing is 15 once we had the engineer report, and I'm 16 going on the engineer report, I can't 17 make my own opinion about how bad shape 18 the building is in, other than I can see 19 it's collapsed. 20 THE CHAIRPERSON: Okay. 21 I think we established we can 22 consider the condition of the building 23 as well as we make our discussion. 24



Page 26 Obviously, a building that cannot 1 continue to stand doesn't have much 2 integrity. So if we were to rule it --3 accept it was going to fall over, that's 4 a loss of integrity. 5 Does anybody else have any 6 questions for applicants, staff? Who? 7 Commissioner Offit. Okay. Yes. 8 COMMISSIONER OFFIT: I'm sorry. Ι 9 don't have a question. I'm ready to 10 make a motion. 11 THE CHAIRPERSON: Is there anyone 12 else who wishes to ask a question before 13 we have Commissioner Offit make his 14motion? 15 MALE VOICE: Yes. 16 THE CHAIRPERSON: Commissioner Sp --17 oh, let's ask -- let Commissioner Taylor 18 make his motion. I'm sorry your little 19 girl left. 20 COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: It's not a 21 motion. It's a question. So if this 2.2 home can't be demolished or it's not 23 deemed a contributing structure, what is 24



Page 27 the steps forward for this home to be 1 repaired if it's unrepairable, and it 2 can't be demolished? What's the plan 3 for if they're not allowed to build a 4 home that is contributing or meets the 5 criteria of that district? 6 MR. SHEER: Am I supposed to answer 7 that? 8 THE CHAIRPERSON: Let's probably go 9 Ι 10 with having Mr. Miller answer that. do believe the applicant said something 11 about perhaps selling it if we wouldn't 12 move forward, but if we were to say they 13 could not take it down, Mr. Miller, what 14 would you see as the way forward? 15 MR. MILLER: Thank you for the 16 question. 17 I think there are probably 18 19 several options, but I think that is probably also not the subject of the 20 application, so I'm not sure how much we 21 can get engaged into what is possible 22 because what is before us is different. 23 THE CHAIRPERSON: All right. 24



Page 28 But if we deny the request to 1 demolish the building, they would be 2 unable to get a permit to demolish, and 3 so they would not demolish it. And if 4 it's in as bad of shape as we've been 5 told, I supposed it could present a 6 danger to the public, and they would 7 have to approach it that way if they 8 wish to, or they could sell it and walk 9 That is an option for them. 10 away. Did you have any other 11 questions, Mr. Taylor? 12 COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: No. 13 THE CHAIRPERSON: Commissioner Swan 14 has a question. 15 Yes, Madam COMMISSIONER SWAN: 16 Chair. 17 First of all, question directed 18 to Attorney Vandenberg, are we not 19 straying from the purpose of the hearing 20 if we are considering anything beyond 21 whether the proposed -- proposed new 22 structure would bring more historic 23 value to this site than an existing 24



Page 29

historic structure?

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MR. VANDENBERG: Madam Chair, it's 2 hard to answer that without me just 3 going back to the standard. People are 4 repeating the standard different ways, 5 but the standard -- the pertinent part 6 of the standard is fundamentally that 7 the new structure, which is the CA you 8 guys did is more appropriate and 9 compatible with the historic overlay 10 district than the structure to be 11 demolish or removed. 12 My understanding, and again, 13 I'm -- I'm not an architect or anything. 14 I'm just a humble zoning attorney -- is 15 that -- is that part of the presentation 16 was that the integrity of the building 17 goes to it's -- whether -- how much it 18 adds to it. And maybe I misheard, but 19 that was part of it. So I think that is 20 within the scope of what you guys are 21 talking about, the history value of the 22 home, the integrity of the home, as 23 Madam Chair said. I think that's on 24



point.

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When you start going into the 2 possibility of the future, that is 3 perhaps beyond the scope of the 4 Saturday. Because you guys have already 5 defined the future by the CA you 6 7 approved. Right. COMMISSIONER SWAN: 8 But for it to satisfy Okav. 9 the standard, the new structure would 10 have to be more appropriate than the 11 existing structure, correct? 12 That is correct. MR. VANDENBERG: 13 And what is more appropriate 14 and I'm sorry - more appropriate and 15 compatible is why you guys are paid the 16 big bucks to make that determination. 17 COMMISSIONER SWAN: Right. 18 That's exactly what I'm asking. 19 I just wanted to bring our focus back to 20 that determination because it seems we 21 are straying from that. 22 Now, I would also -- I would 23 like to really ask everybody to look 24



Page 31 Figure 17, let's see, which is on D3, 1 page 24. And this is a question to 2 staff, the applicant, anyone: Have we 3 seen this -- not this image because I 4 realize this image was taken on July 25, 5 but have we seen this view of the 6 interior porch -- wrap around porch 7 behind the wall, have we seen this at 8 any previous hearing or in any previous 9 material submitted to us? 10 MR. MILLER: Thank you for the 11 No because access to the 12 question. interior was restricted, and that is why 13 we were dealing with an application 14 months and months down the road. 15 Because we didn't have access. 16 COMMISSIONER SWAN: Thank you. 17 MR. SHEER: Can I say something 18 about that? 19 COMMISSIONER SWAN: Sure. 20 Oh. MR. SHEER: 21 COMMISSIONER SWAN: My question is, 22 have we seen this view before? 23 MR. SHEER: We had taken in the 24



Page 32 first package -- first of all, in the 1 first submittal last year, I notice that 2 the city has edited the package that we 3 actually sent in. And in that package 4 they never did show the north elevation. 5 It was edited only because they couldn't 6 take a picture of the north elevation 7 because of the growth. 8 In terms of that package and 9 the other packages that have been sent 10 in, we've shown plenty of interior shots 11 12 of the project, even when it was filled with a bunch of statuettes and garbage. 13 And so this time around, our package did 14 include those interior views, and the 15 porch areas that Mr. Miller is speaking 16 of. 17 COMMISSIONER SWAN: 18 Okay. 19 MR. SHEER: So the answer is yes, you did see it. 20 No, I did not COMMISSIONER SWAN: 21 I have never seen this. 22 see it. Has any other commissioner seen 23 I have not seen this view this view? 24



Page 33 This is full of information before. 1 that the brand new to me. 2 MR. SHEER: Well, I don't actually 3 have access to the pictures you're 4 looking at. So if you can put them on 5 up on the screen, I can speak to it. 6 COMMISSIONER SWAN: Well, it's in 7 the agenda. I mean, it's in the public 8 agenda. 9 THE CHAIRPERSON: Perhaps staff can 10 pull it up and put it on the big screen. 11 Because it's hard for him to talk about 12 a picture he can't see. We can see it, 13 but we can look for it on our own 14 computers, but it's not up for the 15 16 applicant to see. COMMISSIONER SWAN: And I don't want 17 to get hung up on this image. But this 18 is full of brand new information to me, 19 and I -- I guess I'm just curious if I'm 20 the only one. 21 MR. SHEER: Are you speaking of the 22 third leg of the porch area? Is that 23 what you're talking of? 24



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COMMISSIONER SWAN: I'm speaking 1 of -- let's see. It's figure 17 in the 2 agenda on page -- it would help if staff 3 could bring it up, actually. D3, page 4 24 in the -- in the agenda. It's a --5 it's a view of a corner. I'm not sure 6 exactly which corner it is. My guess 7 would be it's the southwest corner. But 8 that's a guess. I don't know. It might 9 be -- it might be the southeast corner. 10 THE CHAIRPERSON: Commissioner Swan, 11 can I ask you to share with us any --12 any specifics of this new information 13 that this photo reveals to you? Ιt 14 15 reveals new things to me. Well, I think COMMISSIONER SWAN: 16 I'm raising the question because I wish 17 Commissioner Cummings were here today.in 18 the initial discussion of -- of forensic 19 analysis of the building or a little bit 20 of building archeology, we were asking 21 to know what was behind the wall. 2.2 23 And -- and my reelection is we were assured nothing stable, valuable, 24



Page 35 informative was behind the wall. And 1 I'm looking at a picture that tells me 2 all kinds of things about this building 3 that I didn't know until I saw this 4 picture. 5 That's why I'm asking. 6 THE CHAIRPERSON: All right. Thank 7 8 you. Do you have any further 9 10 questions, Mr. Swan, or --All right. 11 So I think to clarify the point 12 is that we had asked before, what does 13 it look like behind that wall in this 14 enclosed porch, and now we have some 15 very new information. And perhaps it 16 gives us some ideas about the condition 17 of the existing building. 18 MR. SHEER: Mr. Cummings asked me at 19 the last landmark --20 THE CHAIRPERSON: Excuse me, sir. 21 You only get to answer questions, 22 unfortunately. And I'll try to think of 23 one to ask you. 24



What is your opinion of where 1 Mr. Cummings says in relation to what 2 Mr. Swan just asked you. 3 Mr. Cummings MR. SHEER: 4 discussion -- and I didn't include it 5 because I didn't have time to include it 6 in my comments, but it was surrounded 7 around a selective demolition, where 8 Mr. Cummings thought that what was in 9 10 the wall was very important. And at the time in December we actually took off 11 some of the panels on the exterior east 12 south corner just to investigate if 13 there was a balustrade or a column or a 14 some kind of architectural detail we 15 might have missed, and we found nothing. 16 So those images on the exterior were 17 included on the package. 18 THE CHAIRPERSON: All right. Thank 19 20 you. SHEER: The other issue is that MR. 21 this photograph is -- I actually don't 22 know where that photograph has been 23 So that's an interior view, and taken. 24



Page 36

Page 37 the porch was compromised by a toilet 1 that they put on the porch. So there 2 was no architectural details other than 3 the siding, and the lap -- the decking 4 So we found no out on the porch area. 5 evidence of any kind of fantastic 6 architectural detailing in this 7 building. But it's very unclear if the 8 selective demo he was suggesting that 9 the engineers can do this, they can take 10 it apart piece by piece to investigate 11 the structure as we take it down. 12 THE CHAIRPERSON: Okay. 13 If I may interrupt, sir, 14 because I'm famous for interrupting, I 15 get what you're saying. And he's not --16 Mr. Cummings is not here to say what he 17 meant, so we'll just do without his view 18 19 at this point. I can see from this picture, I 20 must tell you, some interesting things 21 that seem quite in tact; the way the 22 siding goes on, the way it meets the 23 corner boards, as Mr. Miller pointed out 24



Page 38 There's some trim at the top in 1 to us. The pattern of the flooring. Α 2 place. lot of revealed in some of these 3 pictures that the staff took while they 4 were out there that are pertinent to 5 deciding whether if you took out that 6 outside wall enclosing the porch, it 7 might be a meaningful and contributing 8 structure, and I don't know if you're --9 are you aware, sometimes, sir, something 10 that originally is called 11 non-contributing, if we look at it again 12 or if it is repaired, we have changed 13 things to the status of contributing. 14 And if that were to happen, all the 15 money put into fixing this house could 16 be put towards the tax credits that the 17 I'm not going to go into city offers. 18 19 the detail of that because I'm going to get it wrong, but the staff could help 20 with that. It could significantly help 21 If -- if we don't the bottom line. 22 allow you to demolish it, and it is 23 repaired instead, that could really be 24



Page 39 helpful in some ways. So that is 1 something I wanted to throw in and have 2 someone think about. 3 Okay. Mr. Anderson, it's your 4 second round. 5 COMMISSIONER ANDERSON: I have a 6 question for the applicant. 7 How long have you guys owned 8 the building? How long has this been in 9 ownership? 10 MR. SHEER: Since last July. 11 COMMISSIONER ANDERSON: So about a 12 13 year. MR. SHEER: Yes, it's been one year. 14 In fact, it's our anniversary, actually. 15 COMMISSIONER ANDERSON: I share 16 Commissioner Swan's concern. I've been 17 by this building before. It's been 18 successfully mothballed. I mean, it's 19 been quite a mothball job to cover the 20 entire building with plywood as if it's 21 being saved for another day. And I 22 guess I'm a little shocked that we're 23 talking about the demolition of this 24



Page 40 building. And it's been on our docket 1 for a while. And until either the 2 neighborhood or the city requested to go 3 inside, we didn't know what was in 4 I'm just a little bit surprised there. 5 that this information wasn't part of 6 your application. 7 We're talking about, is this 8 building better than that building. But 9 there's been a lot of stuff in this 10 building that have been boarded up. Ι 11 mean, there's likelihood if you take all 12 the boards off, you might have --13 notwithstanding the foundation -- you 14 may have a pretty pristine full Cottage 15 that has never seen the light of day for 16 the last twenty years. So I'm just a 17 little bit surprised we're learning this 18 at this late date. 19 MR. SHEER: Well -- oh, I didn't 20 really get a question. 21 MALE SPEAKER: Yeah. I didn't 2.2 But I 23 really hear a question either. was about to say that I let you go 24



Page 41 second for your second time, and I 1 missed that Commissioner Spellacy. And 2 so if you don't gave an actual question 3 can Commissioner Spellacy talk? 4 Or do you have a question? 5 Well, my COMMISSIONER ANDERSON: 6 question was why didn't they submit the 7 photographs of the interior -- you've 8 been inside the building before; haven't 9 you? 10 Of course, yes. MR. SHEER: Like I 11 said, it was a plaster -- it's been a 12 plaster business for over 3 decades, and 13 it was completely filled with garbage. 14And it's been empty for over ten years 15 now, at least. 16 COMMISSIONER ANDERSON: Right. 17 I guess my question is, why did 18 we not see these photographs until the 19 city or neighborhood wants to go inside? 20 Because it's just been SHEER: 21 MR. cleaned out a month ago. She had seven, 22 she told me, dumpsters of garbage from 23 this building. And you couldn't get a 24



Page 42 good shot of all these details. 1 But I have to admit, we 2 measured all these details, including 3 the soffit lights and the fascia board 4 and we -- and the porch depth, and we've 5 recreated it in the CA packet. 6 THE CHAIRPERSON: All right. 7 Commissioner Spellacy? 8 COMMISSIONER SPELLACY: I have a 9 question for Mr. Miller. 10 I was wondering why was a case 11 for demolition by neglect not started by 12 the city? 13 I mean, regardless of whether 14 or not we were able to go in, in terms 15 16 of understanding whether or not the property should be demolished at this 17 point? 18 MR. MILLER: Thank you for the 19 question. 20 I think once an application for 21 certificate of appropriateness is 22 submitted, very difficult to then switch 23 over to a demolition by neglect. We're 24



Page 43 looking for an a appropriate outcome. Ι 1 guess, had we not had an application 2 then that might have been an appropriate 3 route. 4 COMMISSIONER SPELLACY: Why is it 5 hard to switch over? 6 MR. MILLER: Well, the 7 application -- if one submitted an 8 application for a certificate of 9 appropriateness or certificate for 10 demolition, you're kind of in motion to 11 consider the request, which is somewhat 12 different that going down the path of 13 demolition by neglect. You know, you 14 kind of have to let the application take 15 its course, I think. 16 COMMISSIONER SPELLACY: So does that 17 continue throughout the appeals process 18 as well? Because part of what I'm 19 curious about in terms of evaluating 20 this property is really the creation 21 strategically to apply for a CA, if you 22 drag that process out for a year or 23 more, while the property continues to 24



Page 44 deteriorate. So my question then is 1 throughout the appeals process, which 2 they of course have the right to do, do 3 you initiate it or are you still sort of 4 hards off in regards to a case like 5 that? 6 MR. MILLER: Thank you for the 7 question. 8 I think I would have to look at 9 that in discussion with our city 10 attorney, if that were the case. But 11 certainly if -- if there isn't a look at 12 practical reasonable alternatives, that 13 may be best way of signaling this is 14 really important, really, really 15 16 important. THE CHAIRPERSON: All right. 17 I think -- Mr. Swan, do you 18 have further questions right now? 19 Because I was about to say I need 20 someone to make a motion. Then we can 21 discuss. All righty. Good because we 22 talked a lot. And I think it would be 23 better if we had a motion to respond to. 24



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COMMISSIONER SWAN: First of all, my 1 question is for Mr. Miller. And this is 2 with reference to the building 3 inventories or structure inventories 4 that are provided on the national 5 register (inaudible), where they 6 indicate contributing, and they usually 7 supply a -- a date of construction for 8 the building. In the case of the date 9 of construction for a building, were 10 subsequent research undertaking 10, 15, 11 20 years after the creation of the 12 inventory for designation purposes 13 reveal, like research through, say city 14directory, census records, building 15 inspectors records, were to yield a 16 different date of construction that then 17 is listed in the national registry the 18 listing, would we defer to the date in 19 the national register listing or to the 20 date provided by the primary source 21 2.2 evidence? MR. MILLER: Thank you for the 23 question. 24



Page 46 I think any time that new 1 information becomes available, that has 2 to be considered. 3 MALE SPEAKER: Okay. 4 In this particular case, the 5 new information, would it be given more 6 consideration than a date in a building 7 inventory on the national registry? 8 I think that depends on 9 MR. MILLER: whether that fell within or outside of 10 the period of significance. Because if 11 12 it fell within, it would be meet, I think, because then you'd be looking at 13 everything else other than the date. 14 MALE SPEAKER: Okay. I see. Okav. 15 Then the second part of the 16 When it comes to question is: 17 contributing or noncontributing, would 18 we -- should we find evidence in a 19 building, in a structure, that tells us, 20 gives us information as to the 21 significance location -- the 7 points of 22 23 integrity, which evidence is the more compelling? The evidence in the 24



Page 47 building, or the line the national 1 register structure inventory? 2 MR. MILLER: Thank you for the 3 The evidence that is on the question. 4 ground today is given the weight and 5 that is the whole purpose of the best 6 practice requirement to update and 7 reevaluate surveys every five years or 8 so or as conditions change. So that 9 best practice acknowledges that the 10 information we need to rely onto make 11 good sound decisions has to do with 12 currency and accuracy. 13 COMMISSIONER SWAN: Thank you. 14 15 All right. If no one else has questions, I have a motion. 16 All right. 17 COMMISSIONER OFFIT: I have a 18 motion. 19 Mr. Swan had THE CHAIRPERSON: 20 already said he was going to go ahead 21 and propose a motion. So let's hear 2.2 23 what he has to say. MALE VOICE: I'm sorry. I believe I 24



Page 48 said I was going to about 30 minutes 1 2 ago. COMMISSIONER SWAN: Okay. 3 Okay. THE CHAIRPERSON: 4 I hope it wasn't that long ago. 5 Time flies when you're having fun. 6 MALE SPEAKER: I think it was. 7 And unless staff or a 8 commissioner can tell us or believes 9 that the structural engineer foundation 10 reports are somehow fraudulent, then I 11 move to grant the certificate of 12 demolition removal demolish the 13 nonconforming structure using the 14 standard replaced with a more 15 appropriate, compatible structure. 16 17 ELAINE: Excuse me. You -- we needed you to read in 18 the whole -- the date, the case number, 19 and all of that. 20 MALE VOICE: Item number 3, 338 21 South Fleming Avenue, 10th Street 22 Historic District, CA212-014 (MGM), move 23 to grant the certificate of demolition, 24



Page 49 removal to demolish and noncontributing 1 structure using the standard replacement 2 with a more appropriate, compatible 3 structure. 4 THE CHAIRPERSON: Do we have a 5 second on this motion? 6 COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Second. 7 THE CHAIRPERSON: Mr. Taylor has 8 Now, I invite the seconded. 9 customers -- commissioners to discuss 10 this motion. 11 Commissioner Spellacy? 12 COMMISSIONER SPELLACY: I'm not 13 going to support to motion today. 14 Part of the reason why -- I 15 certainly understand and am sensitive to 16 Commissioner Offit's contention that to 17 do so is essentially calling into 18 question the integrity of the -- the 19 reports. But I think it's important to 20 remember that Mr. Sheer specifically 21 pointed out that the property owner is a 2.2 23 structural engineer. If the structural engineer felt 24



Page 50 at this point, post purchasing of the 1 property that there was a structural 2 problem, why did you begin doing a 3 design in the first place with the 4 structure intact? That, to me is what I 5 find to be a compelling reason frankly, 6 as to why we would not move forward with 7 Because I think the information that. 8 you provided is what's important, so I 9 won't be supporting that motion today. 10 Thank you. 11 12 THE CHAIRPERSON: Any other discussion from anyone? I'm trying to 13 look at thee screen. 14 I don't see anybody. 15 To what Commissioner Spellacy said, I would like 16 to add, I'm really on the fence about 17 But I hate for us to condemn this. 18 structural engineers like they're all 19 dishonest or something. I don't think 20 we intend to do this. We all discussed 21 this before, that is structural 2.2 engineer, because of their dedication to 23 protecting life and their insurance that 24



they must carry, is going to tend to 1 always want err on the side of safety, 2 so err on the side of saying a building 3 could cause damage, unless they're 4 absolutely certain it could not possibly 5 fall over on anybody. And I think 6 that's perfectly understandable, but 7 since we have seen some engineer's 8 reports come through saying the building 9 looked like it was going to collapse and 10 we looked at the pictures, and the 11 architects among us say that's easily 12 repairable, we sometimes do tend to 13 I hope we haven't become jaded, wonder. 14 and we don't mean to impugn an entire 15 industry, but we do have to balance out 16 what might have been in their mind when 17 they made their determination. 18 Anybody else have discussion? 19 Commissioner Swan? 20 COMMISSIONER SWAN: Yeah. 21 I'm trying to keep this Yeah. 22 squarely on what we are charged to do as 23 Commission, which is not to make a 24

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judgment about the structural engineer's report.

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This one figure, Figure 17, is 3 the figure that I wish I had seen when 4 this had come in front of us the first 5 And the reason I asked Mr. Miller time. 6 the question about evidence is because 7 this -- this single image -- and as the 8 applicant pointed out -- I said, this is 9 an excellent project, and it's very 10 important that we get it right. And in 11 this case part of getting it right is 12 determining whether a new structure can 13 bring more historic value in the 10th 14 street historic district than the 15 building structure that is here. And 16 just looking at this one image -- and 17 there are others that yield more 18 information, but by looking at the -- at 19 the way the ceiling meets the walls, the 20 part -- partial walls that used to come 21 down on top of the columns, I can tell 22 you from that how this building is 23 framed. 24



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You know, because there is so 1 much more depth. And when you look on 2 the outside, the soffits are lower than 3 the height of the ceiling, I know they 4 used a birds mouth type of rafter in the 5 framing. 6 The way that the porch boards 7 are mitered, I've never seen a three 8 sided wrap-around porch on 10th Street. 9 I think is the only one that exists. 10 And I made a wrong assumption at a 11 previous meeting because I never seen 12 this before. I said they would not have 13 mitered the corner. And now evidence 14 showed me that they did, and I 15 understand why they did. Because when 16 you have a three-sided porch, you got 17 long porch lengths, and you have long 18 lengths of porch boards that are running 19 parallel to the building and wouldn't be 20 draining as effectively. Whereas, when 21 you got an L type configuration, it's 22 not worth making the miter because you 23 can introduce enough of a slope in those 24



Page 54 boards to let them drain themselves, but 1 not when you have a situation like this. 2 I'm learning from this building, and if 3 we take a building like this out, we're 4 removing valuable evidence from 10th 5 Street. We already lost too much of it. 6 THE CHAIRPERSON: That you, 7 Mr. Swan, who I will note is also a 8 trained architect and a longtime 9 10 resident of 10th Street, and he's been studying the houses out of passion, so I 11 always respect his opinion about the 12 construction of houses on 10th Street 13 because I don't know. 14 Any other comments? 15 16 ELAINE: Madam Chairperson? Yes, Madam Chairperson, this is Commissioner 17 (inaudible). 18 19 THE CHAIRPERSON: Okay. You're next. 20 Can you repeat the motion, 21 ELAINE: There's been so much discussion 22 please? that I'm -- I'm thinking I'm on the 23 fence too, so I'd like to have the 24



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motion repeated.

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Thank you. You're THE CHAIRPERSON: 2 The motion before us is to right. 3 approve their request for a demolition 4 permit. And that would be based on the 5 idea that the new design that we did 6 approve last time or another time is 7 more compatible than this building that 8 we're looking at right now. 9 ELAINE: So I got a followup 10 question then. 11 To approve the demolition is 12 that the same thing as what the staff 13 recommendation has, which is to deny 14 without prejudice? 15 To approve it THE CHAIRPERSON: No. 16 would be we're saying we will -- that we 17 wish to have them issued a permit no 18 demolish. The staff recommendation is 19 to deny that without prejudice and their 20 reasoning is now they've seen the house. 21 They think it does not satisfy the 22 requirement that the new we design that 23 we saw before is more compatible. That 24



Page 56 this one is in fact more compatible. So 1 we're trying to decide that. And I want 2 to take a moment just to put in that 3 part of compatibility, as I said this 4 before, is its condition. That's why we 5 talked about the condition so much. Ιf 6 it's salvageable, it's integrity is --7 any integrity it has is still there. It 8 it's going to fall over, the integrity 9 10 is gone, so --Right. ELAINE: 11 I thought so. So I have my 12 final question for staff. 13 Did staff see the pictures that 14 we were just shown when they made the 15 recommendation to deny without 16 prejudice? 17 MR. MILLER: Thank you for the 18 19 question. Are you referring to the photos 20 that are in your packets? 21 ELAINE: Yes. 22 MR. MILLER: Yes. 23 Those were taken by staff. 24



Page 57 ELAINE: Okay. 1 And based off those photos that 2 the staff then decided to deny without 3 prejudice the demolition? 4 MR. MILLER: No. 5 I wouldn't -- thank you for the 6 question. I wouldn't say it was 7 strictly based on those photos. It was 8 based on a better understanding of the 9 structure having regard to the seven 10 aspects of integrity. 11 12 ELAINE: Got it. Got it. Okay. Thank you very much. 13 THE CHAIRPERSON: Any other 14 In that case, it's time to discussion? 15 call for a vote. 16 On the proposed -- on the 17 motion in front of us, all those in the 18 favor of it, please say aye. 19 COMMISSIONER OFFIT: Aye. 20 THE CHAIRPERSON: All those opposed 21 22 say aye or raise your hand. 23 MULTIPLE VOICES: Nay. THE CHAIRPERSON: Say nay. 2.4



Page 58 Okay. Commissioner Velvin, I 1 did not see what side you were on. 2 COMMISSIONER VELVIN: (Inaudible). 3 THE CHAIRPERSON: Okay. All right. 4 It appears that this motion --5 COMMISSIONER OFFIT: Madam Chair, do 6 a role call vote, please. 7 THE CHAIRPERSON: All righty. We'll 8 do that. That's Elaine's job. Elaine, 9 please do a role call vote. 10 ELAINE: Yes, yes. 11 District 1, Commissioner 12 13 Sherman? COMMISSIONER SHERMAN: Commissioner 14Sherman from District 1 votes nay. 15 ELAINE: District 2, Commissioner 16 Montgomery. 17 THE CHAIRPERSON: That'd be me. I 18 19 vote nay too. ELAINE: District 4, Commissioner 20 Swan? 21 22 COMMISSIONER SWAN: Nay. ELAINE: District 5, Commissioner 23 Offit. 24



Page 59 COMMISSIONER OFFIT: For. 1 ELAINE: Districted 6, Commissioner 2 3 Henajosa? COMMISSIONER HENAJOSA: Nay. 4 ELAINE: District 8, Commissioner 5 Spellacy? 6 COMMISSIONER SPELLACY: Nay. 7 ELAINE: District 9, Commissioner 8 Reneau? 9 COMMISSIONER RENAEU: Nay. 10 ELAINE: District 12, Commissioner 11 12 Rothenberger. COMMISSIONER ROTHENBERGER: Nay. 13 ELAINE: District 13, commissioner 14Slade? 15 COMMISSIONER SLADE: Nay. 16 ELAINE: District guess -- I'm 17 sorry. District 14, Commissioner Guess. 18 COMMISSIONER GUESS: I vote nay. 19 ELAINE: District 15, Commissioner 20 Velvin. 21 COMMISSIONER VELVIN: Nay. 22 ELAINE: Commissioner Jim Anderson? 23 COMMISSIONER ANDERSON: Nay. 24



Page 60 ELAINE: Commissioner Taylor? 1 COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Yes. 2 ELAINE: Okay. 3 We have two yeses. 4 The motion has THE CHAIRPERSON: 5 therefore failed. We'll entertain 6 another motion. 7 Commissioner Swan has a motion. 8 COMMISSIONER SWAN: In the matter of 9 10 Discussion Item Number 3, 338 South Fleming Avenue, 10th Street Historic 11 District, CA212-014(MGM), I move that 12 the certificate for demolition, removal 13 to demolish a contributing structure 14 using a noncontributing structure using 15 the standard replace with a more 16 appropriate compatible structure be 17 denied without prejudice with the 18 finding that the proposed demolition 19 would not satisfy the standard in City 20 Code Section 51A-4.501H4A, Romanette I. 21 Thank you, THE CHAIRPERSON: 22 23 Mr. Swan. So our new motion is that we 24



Page 61 deny this request without prejudice 1 because we feel the existing building 2 has not been proven to be less 3 compatible and important to the district 4 than the new proposed structure. 5 Any further discussion? 6 MALE VOICE: I'll second that. 7 THE CHAIRPERSON: Oh, yeah. A 8 second. 9 I need so many helpers to keep 10 me going in the right direction. 11 All right. We have our motion, 12 our second. 13 Any discussion? I guess, 14 Mr. Offit? 15 COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: I guess my --16 I --17 THE WITNESS: Oh, sorry. 18 COMMISSIONER OFFIT: I think 19 Mr. Taylor was first. 20 THE CHAIRPERSON: Okay. 21 Mr. Taylor. I saw Mr. Offit 22 first. 23 Doesn't matter. 24



Page 62 COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: My only motion 1 for discussion is -- and I'll agree with 2 the second motion, but as someone who 3 lives in the 10th Street area, who has 4 seen dozens of cases come over the last 5 ten years, whether I been on task force, 6 Landmark Commission, as an applicant, as 7 someone trying to help another neighbor, 8 it's extremely hard to navigate and get 9 through this process when a lot of 10 people don't understand the language 11 that we just discussed for the last 12 almost hour on this particular case. 13 And I think there has to be motions that 14 lead to either repair or some kind of 15 renovation or construction that can help 16 this neighbor, and it has been a pride 17 And I of mine for the last ten years. 18 just don't know sometimes how -- how is 19 this house going to get repaired or 20 repaired or rebuilt if it's this hard to 21 navigate this process. 22 And I -- are 23 THE CHAIRPERSON: you -- I was going to respond? 24



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Anything else? I was going to 1 respond. I -- I appreciate. You are 2 right, and I'm sure we sometimes use 3 terminology that sometimes people 4 don't -- do not understand, but we do, I 5 believe, have a professional architect 6 involved in this one. So Mr. Sheer was 7 probably familiar with all these terms. 8 But we do rely upon the staff to try to 9 help people interpret the way we talk 10 for the way other people will easily 11 understand who think about other things 12 for the rest of their life. 13 As for how -- can we have in 14 our motion some quidance of what happens 15 next to this building, no, we cannot. 16 Because we're not asked about that. And 17 it was not within our purview to do 18 anything but occasionally give friendly 19 advice outside of the motion that 20 suggests, you know, why don't you try 21 doing this or that. So we would be 22 overstepping our boundaries and 23 answering a question we hadn't been 24



Page 64 And the City doesn't like us to asked. 1 But I wish we could because do that. 2 you're right. People need help and that 3 would be very helpful. But 4 unfortunately, I don't think we can 5 really do that today. 6 Mr. Offit? 7 I'm not COMMISSIONER OFFIT: Yes. 8 9 going to support that motion. We've strung these people along for a year, 10 and approved something a year ago. New 11 12 information -- new information is that the foundation company, reputable 13 foundation company, perhaps not the 14 foundation company that somebody on City 15 staff wanted them to go with, said it 16 can't be done. Not the owner, who is a 17 structural engineer, but the engineering 18 company, once they had the engineering 19 separate person come in there and do it, 20 that this can't be done. 21 And to suddenly look at some 2.2 23 pictures from the interior and come up with all of these reasons to let this 24



Page 65 thing set there after leading these 1 people down this path for a year is 2 reprehensible as far as I'm concerned. 3 And Mr. Taylor, you're right. 4 The 10th Street District has been 5 ignored since it's been established. 6 And not just ignored, it's been abused. 7 THE CHAIRPERSON: Thank you, 8 Mr. Offit. I understand you're very 9 passionate about this -- this situation. 10 And I am sorry that it's taken so long. 11 I'm not sure it's quite that long, but 12 we still come up with -- we have to come 13 up with the right judgment, no matter 14 how inconvenient it turned out to be for 15 everybody. We can only apologize. Ι 16 believe that Mr. 17 COMMISSIONER ROTHENBERGER: 18 Rothenberger, thank you. 19 THE CHAIRPERSON: Is it Rothenberger 20 or Rothenberger? 21 COMMISSIONER ROTHENBERGER: 22 23 Rothenberger. Thank you. THE CHAIRPERSON: Rothenberger. 24



Page 66 COMMISSIONER ROTHENBERGER: Yes. 1 As my esteemed colleagues here 2 were speaking about more detailed 3 things, I was looking through the past 4 agendas, and I found it interesting what 5 I did see. Obviously, the Landmark 6 Commission did err on the side of 7 caution December 6th of last year in 8 voting to deny the certificate of 9 demolition against the recommendations 10 of staff and the task force. 11 Because there was not enough 12 information provided, and I think there 13 is discussions tonight as to why that 14 wasn't the case. But we erred on the 15 side of caution at that point. The 16 applicant then proposed a certificate of 17 appropriateness that we approved June 18 And that was, from what I 19 6th. understand, the applicant's decision to 20 As to why it was done before the do so. 21 certificate of demolition was approved 22 is the big question I have. But as to 23 this being a process that's taken over a 24



Page 67 year, the Landmark Commission's denial 1 of the certificate of demolition last 2 December should have given a pretty 3 clear hint that more evidence should 4 have been provided at that time. And 5 it's still, from what I was looking at 6 the June 6th meeting of the certificate 7 of appropriateness, interior shots of 8 this building still were not provided 9 when I looked through this packet. 10 That was months after that request -- as that 11 discussion point was made on December 12 6th of last year. Thank you. 13 Thank you, sir. THE CHAIRPERSON: 14 And I might point out so 15 there's no confusion some of the 16 internal notes that we saw were actually 17 just inside the porch, so we're seeing 18 the exterior of the actual house. 19 Τt just looked like the interior of the 20 hall because of the enclosure. 21 If there's no other discussion, 22 I think it's time to vote on this 23 motion. All those in favor of this 24



Page 68 motion that we deny without prejudice, 1 please say aye. 2 MULTIPLE VOICES: Aye. 3 THE CHAIRPERSON: All those opposed 4 to this motion, please say nay. 5 COMMISSIONER OFFIT: Nay. 6 THE CHAIRPERSON: All right. 7 I do not think we need a role 8 call vote on this. Because I believe it 9 pretty much followed the voting pattern 10 of last time, which means that it has 11 12 passed. Now, what this means to the applicant is that you have received a 13 denial and you have the right to appeal 14 to CPC for a fee, within 30 days, so no 15 daddling if you're going to do that. 16 All right. Let's move on to 17 the next one. 18 19 (Whereupon, the next case was introduced.) 20 21 22 23 24



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Historic Preservation Criteria Dallas Development Code § 51A-4.501

Division 51A-4.500. Overlay and Conservation District Regulations.

SEC. 51A-4.501. HISTORIC OVERLAY DISTRICT.

(a) <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of this section is to promote the public health, safety and general welfare, and:

(1) to protect, enhance and perpetuate places and areas which represent distinctive and important elements of the city's historical, cultural, social, economic, archeological, paleontological, ethnic, political and architectural history;

(2) to strengthen the economy of the city;

(3) to increase public knowledge and appreciation of the city's historic past and unique sense of place;

(4) to foster civic and neighborhood pride and a sense of identity;

(5) to promote the enjoyment and use of historic resources by the people of the city;

(6) to preserve diverse architectural styles, patterns of development, and design preferences reflecting phases of the city's history;

(7) to create a more livable urban environment;

(8) to enhance property values;

(9) to provide financial incentives for preservation;

(10) to protect and enhance the city's attraction to tourists and visitors;

(11) to resolve conflicts between the preservation of historic resources and alternative land uses;

(12) to integrate historic preservation into public and private land use planning;

(13) to conserve valuable resources through use of the existing building environment;

(14) to stabilize neighborhoods;

(15) to increase public awareness of the benefits of historic preservation;

(16) to maintain a harmony between new and historic structures so that they will be compatible in scale, form, color, proportion, texture and material; and

(17) to encourage public participation in identifying and preserving historic resources.

(b) Establishment of historic overlay districts. A historic overlay district may be established to preserve places and areas of historical, cultural, or architectural importance and significance if the place or area has three or more of the following characteristics:

(1) <u>History</u>, <u>heritage</u> and <u>culture</u>: Represents the historical development, ethnic heritage or cultural characteristics of the city, state, or country.

(2) <u>Historic event</u>: Location as or association with the site of a significant historic event.

(3) <u>Significant persons</u>: Identification with a person or persons who significantly contributed to the culture and development of the city, state, or country.

(4) <u>Architecture</u>: Embodiment of distinguishing characteristics of an architectural style, landscape design, method of construction, exceptional craftsmanship, architectural innovation, or contains details which represent folk or ethnic art.

(5) <u>Architect or master builder</u>: Represents the work of an architect, designer or master builder whose individual work has influenced the development of the city, state, or country.

(6) <u>Historic context</u>: Relationship to other distinctive buildings, sites, or areas which are

eligible for preservation based on historic, cultural, or architectural characteristics.

(7) <u>Unique visual feature</u>: Unique location of singular physical characteristics representing an established and familiar visual feature of a neighborhood, community or the city that is a source of pride or cultural significance.

(8) <u>Archaeological</u>: Archaeological or paleontological value in that it has produced or can be expected to produce data affecting theories of historic or prehistoric interest.

(9) <u>National and state recognition</u>: Eligible for or designated as a National Historic Landmark; Recorded Texas Historic Landmark, State Archeological Landmark, American Civil Engineering Landmark, or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.

(10) <u>Historic education</u>: Represents an era of architectural, social, or economic history that allows an understanding of how the place or area was used by past generations.

(c) <u>Historic designation procedure and</u> predesignation moratorium.

(1) <u>Purpose</u>. Temporary preservation of the status quo upon initiation of the historic designation procedure is necessary to allow time to evaluate each proposed historic overlay district, to consider appropriate preservation criteria, and to prevent circumvention of the purposes of this section. Relief from the predesignation moratorium may be obtained by applying for a predesignation certificate of appropriateness or certificate for demolition or removal.

(2) Initiation of historic designation procedure. The procedure for adopting an ordinance to establish or amend a historic overlay district may be initiated by the city council, the city plan commission, the landmark commission, or by the owner(s) of the property. The director shall provide property owners with notice of a public hearing to initiate the historic designation procedure at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing using the procedure outlined in Section 51A-4.701(a)(1). No permits to alter or demolish the property may be issued after provision of this notice until action is taken at that hearing by the city council, city plan commission, or landmark commission. The historic designation procedure is considered to be initiated immediately when the city council, the city plan commission, or the landmark commission votes to initiate it or, in the case of initiation by the property owner(s), when the zoning change application is filed with the director.

(3) Appeal. If the historic designation procedure is initiated by the landmark commission or city plan commission, the property owner may appeal the initiation to the city council by filing a written notice with the director within 10 days after the action of the landmark commission or city plan commission. Within 180 days after the filing of the appeal, the director shall prepare, and the landmark commission shall adopt, a designation report and submit it to the city council. After submission of the designation report, the city council shall hold a public hearing on the appeal. The sole issue on appeal is whether the landmark commission or city plan commission erred in evaluating the significance of the property based on the characteristics listed in Section 51A-4.501(b). Appeal to the city council constitutes the final administrative remedy.

(4) <u>Enforcement</u>. Upon initiation of the historic designation procedure, the historic preservation officer shall immediately notify the building official. The building official shall not accept any application for a permit to alter, demolish, or remove the structure or site subject to the predesignation moratorium, unless a predesignation certificate of appropriateness or certificate for demolition or removal has been issued.

(5) <u>Designation report</u>. Upon initiation of the historic designation procedure, the historic preservation officer shall coordinate research to compile a written report regarding the historical, cultural, and architectural significance of the place or area proposed for historic designation. This report must include a statement on each of the following to the extent that they apply:

(A) A listing of the architectural, archaeological, paleontological, cultural, economic, social, ethnic, political, or historical characteristics upon which the nomination is based;

(B) A description of the historical, cultural, and architectural significance of the structures and site;

(C) A description of the boundaries of the proposed historic overlay district, including subareas and areas where new construction will be prohibited; and

(D) Proposed preservation criteria for the proposed historic overlay district.

(6) <u>Termination of the predesignation</u> <u>moratorium</u>. The predesignation moratorium ends on the earliest of the following dates:

(A) The day after the city council, city plan commission, or landmark commission that voted to initiate the historic designation procedure, votes to terminate the historic designation procedure.

(B) The day after the city council, in an appeal from an initiation by the city plan commission or landmark commission, votes to terminate the historic designation procedure.

(C) In the case of initiation by the property owner(s), the day after the zoning change application is withdrawn.

(D) If the proposed historic overlay district zoning change is approved, the effective date of the ordinance establishing the historic overlay district.

(E) If the proposed historic overlay district zoning change is denied, the day after either the city council makes its final decision denying the change or the expiration of the time period for appeal to the city council from a city plan commission recommendation of denial.

(F) Two years after the date the historic designation procedure was initiated, regardless of who initiated the procedure.

(d) <u>Predesignation certificate of appropriate-</u> ness.

(1) <u>When required</u>. A person shall not alter a site, or alter, place, construct, maintain, or

expand any structure on the site during the predesignation moratorium without first obtaining a predesignation certificate of appropriateness in accordance with this subsection.

(2) <u>Penalty</u>. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a separate offense for each day or portion of a day during which the violation is continued, from the first day the unlawful act was committed until either a predesignation certificate of appropriateness is obtained or the property is restored to the condition it was in immediately prior to the violation.

(3) <u>Application</u>. An application for a predesignation certificate of appropriateness must be submitted to the director. The application must include complete documentation of the proposed work. Within 10 days after submission of an application, the director shall notify the applicant in writing of any additional documentation required. No application shall be deemed to be filed until it is made on forms promulgated by the director and contains all required supporting plans, designs, photographs, reports, and other exhibits required by the director. The applicant may consult with the department before and after the submission of an application.

(4) Predesignation certificate of appropriateness review procedure. Upon receipt of an application for a predesignation certificate of appropriateness, the director shall determine whether the structure is contributing or noncontributing. Within 40 days after a complete application is filed for a noncontributing structure, the landmark commission shall hold a public hearing and shall approve, deny with prejudice, or deny without prejudice the application and forward its decision to the director. Within 65 days after a complete application is filed for a contributing structure, the landmark commission shall hold a public hearing and shall approve, deny with prejudice, or deny without prejudice the application and forward its decision to the director. The landmark commission may impose conditions on the predesignation certificate of appropriateness. The applicant has the burden of proof to establish the necessary facts to warrant favorable action. The director shall immediately notify the applicant of the landmark commission's action. The landmark

commission's decision must be in writing and, if the decision is to deny the predesignation certificate of appropriateness, with or without prejudice, the writing must state the reasons why the predesignation certificate of appropriateness is denied.

(5) <u>Standard for approval</u>. The landmark commission must approve the application if it determines that:

(A) for contributing structures, the application will not adversely affect the character of the site or a structure on the site; and the proposed work is consistent with the regulations contained in this section and the proposed preservation criteria; or

(B) for noncontributing structures, the proposed work is compatible with the historic overlay district.

(6) <u>Issuance</u>. If a predesignation certificate of appropriateness has been approved by the landmark commission or if final action has not been taken by the landmark commission within 40 days (for a noncontributing structure) or 65 days (for a contributing structure) after a complete application is filed:

(A) the director shall issue the predesignation certificate of appropriateness to the applicant; and

(B) if all requirements of the development and building codes are met and a building permit is required for the proposed work, the building official shall issue a building permit to the applicant for the proposed work.

(7) Appeal. If a predesignation certificate of appropriateness is denied, the chair of the landmark commission shall verbally inform the applicant of the right to appeal to the city plan commission. If the applicant is not present at the hearing, the director shall inform the applicant of the right to appeal in writing within 10 days after the hearing. The applicant may appeal the denial to the city plan commission by filing a written notice with the director within 30 days after the date of the decision of the landmark commission. The director shall forward to the city plan commission a complete record of the matter being appealed, including a transcript of the tape of the hearing before the landmark commission. In considering an appeal, the city plan commission shall review the landmark commission record and hear and consider arguments from the appellant and the representative for the landmark commission. The city plan commission may only hear new testimony or consider new evidence that was not presented at the time of the hearing before the landmark commission to determine whether that testimony or evidence was available at the landmark commission hearing. If the city plan commission determines that new testimony or evidence exists that was not available at the landmark commission hearing, the city plan commission shall remand the case back to the landmark commission in accordance with Subsection (m). In reviewing the landmark commission decision the city plan commission shall use the substantial evidence standard in Subsection (m). The city plan commission may reverse or affirm, in whole or in part, modify the decision of the landmark commission, or remand any case back to the landmark commission for further proceedings. Appeal to the city plan commission constitutes the final administrative remedy.

(8) <u>Reapplication</u>. If a final decision is reached denying a predesignation certificate of appropriateness, no further applications may be considered for the subject matter of the denied predesignation certificate of appropriateness unless the predesignation certificate of appropriateness has been denied without prejudice or the landmark commission finds that there are changed circumstances sufficient to warrant a new hearing. A simple majority vote by the landmark commission is required to grant the request for a new hearing.

(9) <u>Suspension of work</u>. After the work authorized by the predesignation certificate of appropriateness is commenced, the applicant must make continuous progress toward completion of the work, and the applicant shall not suspend or abandon the work for a period in excess of 180 days. The director may, in writing, authorize a suspension of the work for a period greater than 180 days upon written request by the applicant showing circumstances beyond the control of the applicant.

(10) <u>Revocation</u>. The director may, in writing, revoke a predesignation certificate of appropriateness if:

 (A) the predesignation certificate of appropriateness was issued on the basis of incorrect information supplied;

(B) the predesignation certificate of appropriateness was issued in violation of the regulations contained in this section, the proposed preservation criteria, or the development code or building codes; or

(C) the work is not performed in accordance with the predesignation certificate of appropriateness, the development code, or building codes.

(11) <u>Amendments to a predesignation</u> <u>certificate of appropriateness</u>. A predesignation certificate of appropriateness may be amended by submitting an application for amendment to the director. The application shall then be subject to the standard predesignation certificate of appropriateness review procedure.

(12) Effect of approval of the historic overlay district. A predesignation certificate of appropriateness will be treated as a certificate of appropriateness after the effective date of the ordinance implementing the historic overlay district.

(e) Additional uses and regulations.

(1) A historic overlay district is a zoning overlay which supplements the primary underlying zoning district classification. A historic overlay district is subject to the regulations of the underlying zoning district, except the ordinance establishing the historic overlay district may permit additional uses and provide additional regulations for the historic overlay district.

(2) If there is a conflict, the regulations contained in the historic overlay district ordinance control over the regulations of the underlying zoning district. If there is a conflict, the regulations contained in the historic overlay district ordinance control over the regulations of this section.

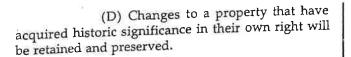
(3) The historic overlay district ordinance may include preservation criteria for the interior of historic structures if the interior is customarily open and accessible to the public and the interior has extraordinary architectural, archaeological, cultural, economic, social, ethnic, political or historical value. Unless there are specific provisions for the interior, the preservation criteria in the historic overlay district ordinance and the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Rehabilitation of Historic Properties apply only to the exterior of structures within a historic overlay district.

(4) The landmark commission shall consider the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Rehabilitation of Historic Properties ("the Standards"), as amended, when reviewing applications for predesignation and standard certificates of appropriateness. Rehabilitation is defined as the act or process of making possible a compatible use for a property through repair, alterations, and additions while preserving those portions or features which convey its historical, cultural, or architectural values. The Standards are common sense principles in non-technical language developed to help promote consistent rehabilitation practices. It should be understood that the Standards are a series of concepts about maintaining, repairing, and replacing historic materials, as well as designing new additions or making alterations; as such, they cannot, in and of themselves, be used to make essential decisions about which features of a historic property should be saved and which might be changed. The director shall make the current Standards available for public inspection at all times. For informational purposes, the Standards published at Section 68.3 of Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations (current through January 1, 2001) are set forth below:

(A) A property will be used as it was historically or be given a new use that requires minimal changes to its distinctive materials, features, spaces and spatial relationships.

(B) The historic character of a property will be retained and preserved. The removal of distinctive materials or alteration of features, spaces, and spatial relationships that characterize a property will be avoided.

(C) Each property will be recognized as a physical record of its time, place and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or elements from other historic properties, will not be undertaken.



(E) Distinctive materials, features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property will be preserved.

(F) Deteriorated historic features will be repaired rather than replaced. Where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature will match the old in design, color, texture, and, where possible, materials. Replacement of missing features will be substantiated by documentary and physical evidence.

(G) Chemical or physical treatments, if appropriate, will be undertaken using the gentlest means possible. Treatments that cause damage to historic materials will not be used.

(H) Archeological resources will be protected and preserved in place. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures will be undertaken.

(I) New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction will not destroy historic materials, features, and spatial relationships that characterize the property. The new work will be differentiated from the old and will be compatible with the historic materials, features, size, scale and proportion, and massing to protect the integrity of the property and its environment.

(J) New additions and adjacent or related new construction will be undertaken in such a manner that, if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.

(f) Notice of designation.

(1) Upon passage of a historic overlay district ordinance, the director shall send a notice to the owner or owners of property within the historic overlay district stating the effect of the designation, the regulations governing the historic overlay district, and the historic preservation incentives that may be available. (2) Upon passage of a historic overlay district ordinance, the director shall file a copy of the ordinance in the county deed records to give notice of the historic regulations. Pursuant to Texas Local Government Code Section 315.006, the director shall also file in the county deed records a verified written instrument listing each historic structure or property by the street address, if available, the legal description of the real property, and the name of the owner, if available.

(3) The director may erect suitable plaques appropriately identifying each historic overlay district.

(g) Certificate of appropriateness.

(1) <u>When required</u>. A person shall not alter a site within a historic overlay district, or alter, place, construct, maintain, or expand any structure on the site without first obtaining a certificate of appropriateness in accordance with this subsection and the regulations and preservation criteria contained and in the historic overlay district ordinance.

(2) <u>Penalty</u>. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a separate offense for each day or portion of a day during which the violation is continued, from the first day the unlawful act was committed until either a certificate of appropriateness is obtained or the property is restored to the condition it was in immediately prior to the violation.

(3) <u>Application</u>. An application for a certificate of appropriateness must be submitted to the director. The application must include complete documentation of the proposed work. Within 10 days after submission of an application, the director shall notify the applicant in writing of any additional documentation required. No application shall be deemed to be filed until it is made on forms promulgated by the director and contains all required supporting plans, designs, photographs, reports, and other exhibits required by the director. The applicant may consult with the department before and after the submission of an application.

(4) <u>Director's determination of procedure</u>. Upon receipt of an application for a certificate of appropriateness, the director shall determine

whether the application is to be reviewed under the routine work review procedure or the standard certificate of appropriateness review procedure.

(5) <u>Routine maintenance work review</u> procedure.

(A) If the director determines that the applicant is seeking a certificate of appropriateness to authorize only routine maintenance work, he may review the application to determine whether the proposed work complies with the regulations contained in this section and the preservation criteria contained in the historic overlay district ordinance and approve or deny the application within 20 days after a complete application is filed. The applicant must supply complete documentation of the work. Upon request, staff will forward copies of applications to the task force. The director may forward any application to the landmark commission for review.

(B) Routine maintenance work includes:

(i) the installation of a chimney located on an accessory building, or on the rear 50 percent of a main building and not part of the corner side facade;

(ii) the installation of an awning located on an accessory building, or on the rear facade of a main building;

(iii) the replacement of a roof of the same or an original material that does not include a change in color;

(iv) the installation of a wood or chain link fence that is not painted or stained;

(v) the installation of gutters and downspouts of a color that matches or complements the dominant trim or roof color;

(vi) the installation of skylights and solar panels;

(vii) the installation of storm windows and doors;

(viii) the installation of window and door screens;

(ix) the application of paint that is the same as the existing or that is an appropriate dominant, trim, or accent color;

(x) the restoration of original architectural elements;

(xi) minor repair using the same material and design as the original;

(xii)repair of sidewalks and driveways using the same type and color of materials;

(xiii) the process of cleaning (including but not limited to low-pressure water blasting and stripping), but excluding sandblasting and high-pressure water blasting; and

(xiv) painting, replacing, duplicating, or stabilizing deteriorated or damaged architectural features (including but not limited to roofing, windows, columns, and siding) in order to maintain the structure and to slow deterioration.

(C) The applicant may appeal the director's decision by submitting to the director a written request for appeal within 10 days of the decision. The written request for appeal starts the standard certificate of appropriateness review procedure by the landmark commission.

(6) <u>Standard</u> certificate of appropriateness review procedure.

(A) If the director determines that the applicant is seeking a certificate of appropriateness to authorize work that is not routine maintenance work, or if the director's decision concerning a certificate of appropriateness to authorize only routine maintenance work is appealed, the director shall immediately forward the application to the landmark commission for review.

(B) Upon receipt of an application for a certificate of appropriateness, the director shall determine whether the structure is contributing or noncontributing. Within 40 days after a complete

application is filed for a noncontributing structure, the landmark commission shall hold a public hearing and shall approve, deny with prejudice, or deny without prejudice the application and forward its decision to the director. Within 65 days after a complete application is filed for a contributing structure, the landmark commission shall hold a public hearing and shall approve, deny with prejudice, or deny without prejudice the certificate of appropriateness and forward its decision to the director. The landmark commission may approve a certificate of appropriateness for work that does not strictly comply with the preservation criteria upon a finding that the proposed work is historically accurate and is consistent with the spirit and intent of the preservation criteria and that the proposed work will not adversely affect the historic character of the property or the integrity of the historic overlay district. The landmark commission may impose conditions on the certificate of appropriateness. The applicant has the burden of proof to establish the necessary facts to warrant favorable action. The director shall immediately notify the applicant of the landmark commission's action. The landmark commission's decision must be in writing and, if the decision is to deny the certificate of appropriateness, with or without prejudice, the writing must state the reasons why the certificate of appropriateness is denied.

(C) <u>Standard for approval</u>. The landmark commission must grant the application if it determines that:

(i) for contributing structures:

(aa) the proposed work is consistent with the regulations contained in this section and the preservation criteria contained in the historic overlay district ordinance;

(bb) the proposed work will not have an adverse effect on the architectural features of the structure;

(cc) the proposed work will not have an adverse effect on the historic overlay district; and

(dd) the proposed work will not have an adverse effect on the future preservation, maintenance and use of the structure or the historic overlay district.

(ii) for noncontributing structures, the proposed work is compatible with the historic overlay district.

(D) <u>Issuance</u>. If a certificate of appropriateness has been approved by the landmark commission or if final action has not been taken by the landmark commission within 40 days (for a noncontributing structure) or 65 days (for a contributing structure) after a complete application is filed:

(i) the director shall issue the certificate of appropriateness to the applicant; and

(ii) if all requirements of the development and building codes are met and a building permit is required for the proposed work, the building official shall issue a building permit to the applicant for the proposed work.

(E) Appeal. If a certificate of appropriateness is denied, the chair of the landmark commission shall verbally inform the applicant of the right to appeal to the city plan commission. If the applicant is not present at the hearing, the director shall inform the applicant of the right to appeal in writing within 10 days after the hearing. The applicant may appeal the denial to the city plan commission by filing a written notice with the director within 30 days after the date of the decision of the landmark commission. The director shall forward to the city plan commission a complete record of the matter being appealed, including a transcript of the tape of the hearing before the landmark commission. In considering an appeal, the city plan commission shall review the landmark commission record and hear and consider arguments from the appellant and the representative for the landmark commission. The city plan commission may only hear new testimony or consider new evidence that was not presented at the time of the hearing before the landmark commission to determine whether that testimony or evidence was available at the landmark commission hearing. If the city plan commission determines that new testimony or evidence exists that was not available at the landmark commission hearing, the city plan commission shall remand the

case back to the landmark commission in accordance with Subsection (m). In reviewing the landmark commission decision the city plan commission shall use the substantial evidence standard in Subsection (m). The city plan commission may reverse or affirm, in whole or in part, modify the decision of the landmark commission, or remand any case back to the landmark commission for further proceedings. Appeal to the city plan commission constitutes the final administrative remedy.

(F) <u>Reapplication</u>. If a final decision is reached denying a certificate of appropriateness, no further applications may be considered for the subject matter of the denied certificate of appropriateness for one year from the date of the final decision unless:

(i) the certificate of appropriateness has been denied without prejudice; or

(ii) the landmark commission waives the time limitation because the landmark commission finds that there are changed circumstances sufficient to warrant a new hearing. A simple majority vote by the landmark commission is required to grant the request for waiver of the time limitation.

(G) <u>Suspension of work</u>. After the work authorized by the certificate of appropriateness is commenced, the applicant must make continuous progress toward completion of the work, and the applicant shall not suspend or abandon the work for a period in excess of 180 days. The director may, in writing, authorize a suspension of the work for a period greater than 180 days upon written request by the applicant showing circumstances beyond the control of the applicant.

(H) <u>Revocation</u>. The director may, in writing, revoke a certificate of appropriateness if:

 (i) the certificate of appropriateness was issued on the basis of incorrect information supplied;

 (ii) the certificate of appropriateness was issued in violation of the regulations contained in this section, the preservation criteria contained in the historic overlay district ordinance, the development code, or building codes; or

(iii) the work is not performed in accordance with the certificate of appropriateness, the development code, or building codes.

(I) <u>Amendments to a certificate of</u> <u>appropriateness</u>. A certificate of appropriateness may be amended by submitting an application for amendment to the director. The application shall then be subject to the standard certificate of appropriateness review procedure.

(8) <u>Emergency procedure</u>. If a structure on a property subject to the predesignation moratorium or a structure in a historic overlay district is damaged and the building official determines that the structure is a public safety hazard or will suffer additional damage without immediate repair, the building official may allow the property owner to temporarily protect the structure. In such a case, the property owner shall apply for a predesignation certificate of appropriateness, certificate of appropriateness, or certificate for demolition or removal within 10 days of the occurrence which caused the damage. The protection authorized under this subsection must not permanently alter the architectural features of the structure.

(h) Certificate for demolition or removal.

(1) <u>Findings and purpose</u>. Demolition or removal of a historic structure constitutes an irreplaceable loss to the quality and character of the city. Therefore, demolition or removal of historic structures should be allowed only for the reasons described in this subsection.

(2) <u>Application</u>. A property owner seeking demolition or removal of a structure on a property subject to the predesignation moratorium or a structure in a historic overlay district must submit a complete application for a certificate for demolition or removal to the landmark commission. Within 10 days after submission of an application, the director shall notify the applicant in writing of any additional documentation required. The application must be accompanied by the following documentation before it will be considered complete:

(A) An affidavit in which the owner swears or affirms that all information submitted in the application is true and correct.

(B) An indication that the demolition or removal is sought for one or more of the following reasons:

 (i) To replace the structure with a new structure that is more appropriate and compatible with the historic overlay district.

(ii) No economically viable use of the property exists.

(iii) The structure poses an imminent threat to public health or safety.

(iv) The structure is noncontributing to the historic overlay district because it is newer than the period of historic significance.

(C) For an application to replace the structure with a new structure that is more appropriate and compatible with the historic overlay district:

(i) Records depicting the original construction of the structure, including drawings, pictures, or written descriptions.

(ii) Records depicting the current condition of the structure, including drawings, pictures, or written descriptions.

(iii) Any conditions proposed to be placed voluntarily on the new structure that would mitigate the loss of the structure.

(iv) Complete architectural drawings of the new structure.

(v) A guarantee agreement between the owner and the city that demonstrates the owner's intent and financial ability to construct the new structure. The guarantee agreement must:

(aa) contain a covenant to construct the proposed structure by a specific date in accordance with architectural drawings approved by the city through the predesignation certificate of appropriateness process or the certificate of appropriateness process;

(bb) require the owner or construction contractor to post a performance and payment bond, letter of credit, escrow agreement, cash deposit, or other arrangement acceptable to the director to ensure construction of the new structure; and

(cc) be approved as to form by the city attorney.

(D) For an application of no economically viable use of the property:

(i) The past and current uses of the structure and property.

(ii) The name of the owner.

(iii) If the owner is a legal entity, the type of entity and states in which it is registered.

(iv) The date and price of purchase or other acquisition of the structure and property, and the party from whom acquired, and the owner's current basis in the property.

(v) The relationship, if any, between the owner and the party from whom the structure and property were acquired. (If one or both parties to the transaction were legal entities, any relationships between the officers and the board of directors of the entities must be specified.)

(vi) The assessed value of the structure and property according to the two most recent tax assessments.

(vii) The amount of real estate taxes on the structure and property for the previous two years.

(viii) The current fair market value of the structure and property as determined by an independent licensed appraiser.

(ix) All appraisals obtained by the owner and prospective purchasers within the previous two years in connection with the potential or

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actual purchase, financing, or ownership of the structure and property.

(x) All listings of the structure and property for sale or rent within the previous two years, prices asked, and offers received.

(xi) A profit and loss statement for the property and structure containing the annual gross income for the previous two years; itemized expenses (including operating and maintenance costs) for the previous two years, including proof that adequate and competent management procedures were followed; the annual cash flow for the previous two years; and proof that the owner has made reasonable efforts to obtain a reasonable rate of return on the owner's investment and labor.

(xii)A mortgage history of the property during the previous five years, including the principal balances and interest rates on the mortgages and the annual debt services on the structure and property.

(xiii) All capital expenditures during the current ownership.

(xiv) Records depicting the current conditions of the structure and property, including drawings, pictures, or written descriptions.

(xv) A study of restoration of the structure or property, performed by a licensed architect, engineer or financial analyst, analyzing the physical feasibility (including architectural and engineering analyses) and financial feasibility (including pro forma profit and loss statements for a ten year period, taking into consideration redevelopment options and all incentives available) of adaptive use of restoration of the structure and property.

(xvi) Any consideration given by the owner to profitable adaptive uses for the structure and property.

(xvii) Construction plans for any proposed development or adaptive reuse, including site plans, floor plans, and elevations. (xviii) Any conditions proposed to be placed voluntarily on new development that would mitigate the loss of the structure.

(xix) Any other evidence that shows that the affirmative obligation to maintain the structure or property makes it impossible to realize a reasonable rate of return.

(E) For an application to demolish or remove a structure that poses an imminent threat to public health or safety:

(i) Records depicting the current condition of the structure, including drawings, pictures, or written descriptions.

(ii) A study regarding the nature, imminence, and severity of the threat, as performed by a licensed architect or engineer.

(iii) A study regarding both the cost of restoration of the structure and the feasibility (including architectural and engineering analyses) of restoration of the structure, as performed by a licensed architect or engineer.

(F) For an application to demolish or remove a structure that is noncontributing to the historic overlay district because the structure is newer than the period of historic significance:

(i) Documentation that the structure is noncontributing to the historic overlay district.

(ii) Documentation of the age of

the structure.

(iii) A statement of the purpose of

the demolition.

(G) Any other evidence the property owner wishes to submit in support of the application.

(H) Any other evidence requested by the landmark commission or the historic preservation officer.

(3) <u>Certificate of demolition or removal</u> review procedure.

(A) Economic review panel. For an application of no economically viable use of the property, the landmark commission shall cause to be established an ad hoc three-person economic review panel. The economic review panel must be comprised of three independent experts knowledgeable in the economics of real estate, renovation, and redevelopment. "Independent" as used in this subparagraph means that the expert has no financial interest in the property, its renovation, or redevelopment; is not an employee of the property owner; is not a city employee; is not a member of the landmark commission; and is not compensated for serving on the economic review panel. The economic review panel must consist of one person selected by the landmark commission, one person selected by the property owner, and one person selected by the first two appointees. If the first two appointees cannot agree on a third appointee within 30 days after submission of the documentation supporting the application, the third appointee will be selected by the director within 5 days. Within 35 days after submission of the documentation supporting the application, all appointments to the economic review panel shall be made. Within 35 days after appointment, the economic review panel shall review the submitted documentation; hold a public hearing; consider all options for renovation, adaptive reuse, and redevelopment; and forward a written recommendation to the landmark commission. The historic preservation officer shall provide administrative support to the economic review panel. The economic review panel's recommendation must be based on the same standard for approval to be used by the landmark commission. An application of no economically viable use will not be considered complete until the economic review panel has made its recommendation to the landmark commission. If the economic review panel is unable to reach a consensus, the report will indicate the majority and minority recommendations.

(B) Within 65 days after submission of a complete application, the landmark commission shall hold a public hearing and shall approve or deny the application. If the landmark commission does not make a final decision within that time, the building official shall issue a permit to allow the requested demolition or removal. The property owner has the burden of proof to establish by clear and convincing evidence the necessary facts to warrant favorable action by the landmark commission.

(4) <u>Standard for approval</u>. The landmark commission shall deny the application unless it makes the following findings:

(A) The landmark commission must deny an application to replace a structure with a new structure unless it finds that:

(i) the new structure is more appropriate and compatible with the historic overlay district than the structure to be demolished or removed; and

(ii) the owner has the financial ability and intent to build the new structure. The landmark commission must first approve the predesignation certificate of appropriateness or certificate of appropriateness for the proposed new structure and the guarantee agreement to construct the new structure before it may consider the application to demolish or remove.

(B) The landmark commission must deny an application of no economically viable use of the property unless it finds that:

 (i) the structure is incapable of earning a reasonable economic return unless the demolition or removal is allowed (a reasonable economic return does not have to be the most profitable return possible);

(ii) the structure cannot be adapted for any other use, whether by the owner or by a purchaser, which would result in a reasonable economic return; and

(iii) the owner has failed during the last two years to find a developer, financier, purchaser, or tenant that would enable the owner to realize a reasonable economic return, despite having made substantial ongoing efforts to do so.

(C) The landmark commission must deny an application to demolish or remove a structure that poses an imminent threat to public health or safety unless it finds that:

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(i) the structure constitutes a documented major and imminent threat to public health and safety;

(ii) the demolition or removal is required to alleviate the threat to public health and safety; and

(iii) there is no reasonable way, other than demolition or removal, to eliminate the threat in a timely manner.

(D) The landmark commission must deny an application to demolish or remove a structure that is noncontributing to the historic overlay district because it is newer than the period of historic significance unless it finds that:

(i) the structure is noncontributing to the historic overlay district;

(ii) the structure is newer than the period of historic significance for the historic overlay district; and

(iii) demolition of the structure will not adversely affect the historic character of the property or the integrity of the historic overlay district.

(5) Appeal. The chair of the landmark commission shall give verbal notice of the right to appeal at the time a decision on the application is made. If the applicant is not present at the hearing, the director shall inform the applicant of the right to appeal in writing within 10 days after the hearing. Any interested person may appeal the decision of the landmark commission to the city plan commission by filing a written notice with the director within 30 days after the date of the decision of the landmark commission. If no appeal is made of a decision to approve the certificate for demolition or removal within the 30-day period, the building official shall issue the permit to allow demolition or removal. If an appeal is filed, the city plan commission shall hear and decide the appeal within 65 days after the date of its filing. The director shall forward to the city plan commission a complete record of the matter being appealed, including a transcript of the tape of the hearing before the landmark commission. In considering an appeal, the city plan

commission shall review the landmark commission record and hear and consider arguments from the appellant and the representative for the landmark commission. The city plan commission may only hear new testimony or consider new evidence that was not presented at the time of the hearing before the landmark commission to determine whether that testimony or evidence was available at the landmark commission hearing. If the city plan commission determines that new testimony or evidence exists that was not available at the landmark commission hearing, the city plan commission shall remand the case back to the landmark commission in accordance with Subsection (m). In reviewing the landmark commission decision the city plan commission shall use the substantial evidence standard in Subsection (m). The city plan commission may reverse or affirm, in whole or in part, modify the decision of the landmark commission, or remand any case back to the landmark commission for further proceedings. Appeal to the city plan commission constitutes the final administrative remedy.

(6) <u>Reapplication</u>. If a final decision is reached denying a certificate for demolition or removal, no further applications may be considered for the subject matter of the denied certificate for demolition or removal for one year from the date of the final decision unless:

(A) the certificate for demolition or removal has been denied without prejudice; or

(B) the landmark commission waives the time limitation because the landmark commission finds that there are changed circumstances sufficient to warrant a new hearing. A simple majority vote by the landmark commission is required to grant the request for waiver of the time limitation.

(7) <u>Expiration</u>. A certificate for demolition or removal expires if the work authorized by the certificate for demolition or removal is not commenced within 180 days from the date of the certificate for demolition or removal. The director may extend the time for commencement of work upon written request by the applicant showing circumstances beyond the control of the applicant. If the certificate for demolition or removal expires, a new certificate for demolition or removal must first be obtained before the work can be commenced.

(i) <u>Certificate for demolition for a residential</u> <u>structure with no more than 3,000 square feet of floor</u> <u>area pursuant to court order</u>.

(1) <u>Findings and purpose</u>. Demolition of a historic structure constitutes an irreplaceable loss to the quality and character of the city. Elimination of substandard structures that have been declared urban nuisances and ordered demolished pursuant to court order is necessary to prevent blight and safeguard the public health, safety, and welfare. Therefore, the procedures in this subsection seek to preserve historic structures while eliminating urban nuisances.

(2) <u>Notice to landmark commission by</u> <u>email</u>. A requirement of this subsection that the landmark commission be provided written notice of a matter is satisfied if an email containing the required information is sent to every member of the landmark commission who has provided an email address to the director.

(3) Referral of demolition request to landmark commission and director. When a city department requests the city attorney's office to seek an order from a court or other tribunal requiring demolition of a residential structure with no more than 3,000 square feet of floor area on a property subject to a predesignation moratorium or in a historic overlay district, that department shall provide written notice to the landmark commission and director of that request within two business days after the date it makes the request. The notice must include a photograph of the structure, the address of the property, and (if known) the name, address, and telephone number of the property owner. If the city attorney's office determines that the department did not provide the required notice, the city attorney's office shall provide that notice within two business days after the date it determines that the department did not provide the notice.

(4) <u>Notice of court proceedings to</u> <u>landmark commission and director</u>. The city attorney's office shall provide written notice to the landmark commission and director at least 10 days before any hearing before a court or other tribunal where the city attorney's office seeks an order requiring demolition of a residential structure with no more than 3,000 square feet of floor area subject to a predesignation moratorium or in a historic overlay district. If a court or other tribunal orders demolition of the structure subject to a predesignation moratorium or in a historic overlay district, the city attorney's office shall provide written notice to the landmark commission and director within five days after the order is signed and provided to the city attorney's office.

(5) <u>Application</u>. If the city or a property owner seeks demolition of a residential structure with no more than 3,000 square feet of floor area subject to a predesignation moratorium or in a historic overlay district pursuant to an order from a court or other tribunal requiring demolition obtained by the city, a complete application for a certificate for demolition must be submitted to the landmark commission. Within 10 days after submission of an application, the director shall notify the city's representative or the property owner in writing of any documentation required but not submitted. The application must be accompanied by the following documentation before it will be considered complete:

(A) An affidavit in which the city representative or the property owner affirms that all information submitted in the application is correct.

(B) Records depicting the current condition of the structure, including drawings, pictures, or written descriptions, and including Historic American Buildings Survey or Historic American Engineering Records documentation if required by law or agreement.

(C) A signed order from a court or other tribunal requiring the demolition of the structure in a proceeding brought pursuant to Texas Local Government Code Chapters 54 or 214, as amended.

(D) A copy of a written notice of intent to apply for a certificate for demolition that was submitted to the director and the landmark commission at least 30 days before the application.

(E) Any other evidence the city representative or property owner wishes to submit in support of the application.

(6) <u>Hearing</u>. Within 40 days after submission of a complete application, the landmark commission shall hold a public hearing to determine whether the structure should be demolished. If the landmark commission does not make a final decision on the application or suspend the granting of the certificate of demolition pursuant to this subsection within that time, the building official shall issue a demolition permit to allow the demolition. The city representative or the property owner has the burden of proof to establish by a preponderance of the evidence the necessary facts to warrant favorable action by the landmark commission.

(7) <u>Standard for approval</u>. The landmark commission shall approve the certificate for demolition if it finds that:

(A) a court or other tribunal has issued a final order requiring the demolition of the structure pursuant to Texas Local Government Code Chapters 54 or 214, as amended; and

(B) suspension of the certificate for demolition is not a feasible option to alleviate the nuisance in a timely manner.

(8) <u>Suspension</u>. The purpose of the suspension periods is to allow an interested party to rehabilitate the structure as an alternative to demolition.

(A) <u>Residential structures with no</u> more than 3,000 square feet of floor area.

(i) Initial suspension period.

(aa) The landmark commission may suspend the granting of the certificate for demolition until the next regularly scheduled landmark commission meeting (the initial suspension period) to allow time to find a party interested in rehabilitating the structure.

(bb) If during the initial suspension period no interested party is identified, the landmark commission shall grant the certificate for demolition. (cc) If during the initial suspension period an interested party is identified, the landmark commission shall suspend the granting of the certificate for demolition for no more than two more regularly scheduled landmark commission meetings (the extended suspension period).

(ii) Extended suspension period.

(aa) During the extended suspension period, the interested party shall:

[1] s u b m i t a n application for a predesignation certificate of appropriateness or a certificate of appropriateness;

[2] provide evidence that the interested party has or will obtain title to the property and has authority to rehabilitate the structure, or is authorized to rehabilitate the property by a party who has title to the property or has the right to rehabilitate the property;

[3] provide evidence that the structure and property have been secured to prevent unauthorized entry; and

[4] provide a guarantee

agreement that:

[A] contains a covenant to rehabilitate the structure by a specific date, in accordance with the predesignation certificate of appropriateness process or certificate of appropriateness, which the landmark commission may extend if the interested party shows circumstances preventing rehabilitation of the structure by that date that are beyond the control of the interested party;

[B] is supported by a performance and payment bond, letter of credit, escrow agreement, cash deposit, or other similar enforceable arrangement acceptable to the director to ensure rehabilitation of the structure; and

[C] is approved as

to form by the city attorney.

(bb) If during the extended suspension period the interested party does not meet the requirements of Subparagraph (A)(ii), the landmark commission shall grant the certificate for demolition.

(cc) If during the extended suspension period the interested party meets the requirements of Subparagraph (A)(ii), the landmark commission shall continue to suspend the granting of the certificate for demolition (the continuing suspension period).

(iii) Continuing suspension period.

(aa) The interested party must rehabilitate the structure to comply with Dallas City Code Chapter 27 and request an inspection by the city before the end of the continuing suspension period.

(bb) At each landmark commission meeting during the continuing suspension period, the interested party shall provide a progress report demonstrating that reasonable and continuous progress is being made toward completion of the rehabilitation.

(cc) If during the continuing suspension period the landmark commission finds that the interested party is not making reasonable and continuous progress toward completion of the rehabilitation, the landmark commission shall grant the certificate for demolition, unless the interested party shows circumstances preventing reasonable and continuous progress that are beyond the control of the interested party.

(dd) If during the continuing suspension period the landmark commission finds that the interested party has rehabilitated the structure to comply with Dallas City Code Chapter 27, the landmark commission shall deny the certificate for demolition.

(9) <u>Appeal</u>. The city representative or property owner may appeal a decision of the landmark commission under this subsection to the city plan commission by filing a written notice with the director within 10 days after the date of the decision of the landmark commission. The city plan

commission shall hear and decide the appeal at the next available city plan commission meeting. The standard of review shall be de novo, but the director shall forward to the city plan commission a transcript of the landmark commission hearing. In considering the appeal, the city plan commission may not hear or consider new evidence unless the evidence corrects a misstatement or material omission at the landmark commission hearing or the evidence shows that the condition of the property has changed since the landmark commission hearing. The city plan commission chair shall rule on the admissibility of new evidence. The city plan commission shall use the same standard required for the landmark commission. The city plan commission may reverse or affirm, in whole or in part, modify the decision of the landmark commission, or remand any case back to the landmark commission for further proceedings; however, the city plan commission shall give deference to the decision of the landmark commission. Appeal to the city plan commission constitutes the final administrative remedy.

(10) Expiration. A certificate for demolition expires if the work authorized by the certificate for demolition is not commenced within 180 days after the date of the certificate for demolition. The director may extend the time for commencement of work upon written request by the city representative or the property owner showing circumstances justifying the extension. If the certificate for demolition expires, a new certificate for demolition must first be obtained before the work can be commenced.

(11) <u>Procedures for all other structures</u>. If the city or a property owner seeks demolition of any structure other than a residential structure with no more than 3,000 square feet of floor area subject to a predesignation moratorium or in a historic overlay district pursuant to an order from a court or other tribunal requiring demolition obtained by the city, an application must be filed under Subsection (h) of this section.

(j) <u>Summary abatement by fire marshal</u>. If the fire marshal finds that conditions on a structure subject to a predesignation moratorium or in a historic overlay district are hazardous to life or property and present a clear and present danger, the fire marshal may summarily abate those conditions without a

predesignation certificate of appropriateness, certificate of appropriateness, or certificate for demolition.

(k) <u>Demolition by neglect</u>.

(1) <u>Definition</u>. Demolition by neglect is neglect in the maintenance of any structure on property subject to the predesignation moratorium or in a historic overlay district that results in deterioration of the structure and threatens the preservation of the structure.

(2) <u>Demolition by neglect prohibited</u>. No person shall allow a structure to deteriorate through demolition by neglect. All structures on properties subject to the predesignation moratorium and in historic overlay districts must be preserved against deterioration and kept free from structural defects. The property owner or the property owner's agent with control over the structure, in keeping with the city's minimum housing standards and building codes, must repair the structure if it is found to have any of the following defects:

(A) Parts which are improperly or inadequately attached so that they may fall and injure persons or property.

(B) A deteriorated or inadequate foundation.

(C) Defective or deteriorated floor supports or floor supports that are insufficient to carry the loads imposed.

(D) Walls, partitions, or other vertical supports that split, lean, list, or buckle due to defect or deterioration, or are insufficient to carry the loads imposed.

(E) Ceilings, roofs, ceiling or roof supports, or other horizontal members which sag, split, or buckle due to defect or deterioration, or are insufficient to support the loads imposed.

(F) Fireplaces and chimneys which list, bulge, or settle due to defect or deterioration, or are of insufficient size or strength to carry the loads imposed. (G) Deteriorated, crumbling, or loose exterior stucco or mortar.

(H) Deteriorated or ineffective waterproofing of exterior walls, roofs, foundations, or floors, including broken or open windows and doors.

(I) Defective or lack of weather protection for exterior wall coverings, including lack of paint or other protective covering.

(J) Any fault, defect, or condition in the structure which renders it structurally unsafe or not properly watertight.

(K) Deterioration of any exterior feature so as to create a hazardous condition which could make demolition necessary for the public safety.

(L) Deterioration or removal of any unique architectural feature which would detract from the original architectural style.

(3) Demolition by neglect procedure.

(A) <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of the demolition by neglect procedure is to allow the landmark commission to work with the property owner to encourage maintenance and stabilization of the structure and identify resources available before any enforcement action is taken.

(B) <u>Request for investigation</u>. Any interested party may request that the historic preservation officer investigate whether a property is being demolished by neglect.

(C) First meeting with the property owner. Upon receipt of a request, the historic preservation officer shall meet with the property owner or the property owner's agent with control of the structure to inspect the structure and discuss the resources available for financing any necessary repairs. After the meeting, the historic preservation officer shall prepare a report for the landmark commission on the condition of the structure, the repairs needed to maintain and stabilize .the structure, any resources available for financing the repairs, and the amount of time needed to complete the repairs.

(D) <u>Certification and notice</u>. After review of the report, the landmark commission may vote to certify the property as a demolition by neglect case. If the landmark commission certifies the structure as a demolition by neglect case, the landmark commission shall notify the property owner or the property owner's agent with control over the structure of the repairs that must be made. The notice must require that repairs be started within 30 days and set a deadline for completion of the repairs. The notice must be sent by certified mail.

(E) <u>Second meeting with the property</u> <u>owner</u>. The historic preservation officer shall meet with the property owner or the property owner's agent with control over the structure within 30 days after the notice was sent to inspect any repairs completed and assist the property owner in obtaining any resources available for financing the repairs.

(F) <u>Referral for enforcement</u>. If the property owner or the property owner's agent with control over the structure fails to start repairs by the deadline set in the notice, fails to make continuous progress toward completion, or fails to complete repairs by the deadline set in the notice, the landmark commission may refer the demolition by neglect case to the code compliance department, the urban rehabilitation standards board, or the city attorney for appropriate enforcement action to prevent demolition by neglect.

(1) <u>Historic preservation incentives</u>. Consult Article XI, "Development Incentives," for regulations concerning the tax exemptions, conservation easements, and transfer of development rights available to structures in historic overlay districts.

(m) Historic preservation fund.

(1) The department of development services, in cooperation with community organizations, shall develop appropriate funding structures and shall administer the historic preservation fund.

(2) The historic preservation fund is composed of the following funds:

(A) Outside funding (other than city general funds or capital funds), such as grants and donations, made to the city for the purpose of historic preservation and funding partnerships with community organizations.

(B) Damages recovered pursuant to Texas Local Government Code Section 315.006 from persons who illegally demolish or adversely affect historic structures.

(3) The outside funding may be used for financing the following activities:

(A) Necessary repairs in demolition by neglect cases.

(B) Full or partial restoration of lowincome residential and nonresidential structures.

(C) Full or partial restoration of publicly owned historic structures.

(D) Acquisition of historic structures, places, or areas through gift or purchase.

(E) Public education of the benefits of historic preservation or the regulations governing historic overlay districts.

(F) Identification and cataloging of structures, places, areas, and districts of historical, cultural, or architectural value along with factual verification of their significance.

(4) Damages recovered pursuant to Texas Local Government Code Section 315.006 must be used only for the following purposes:

(A) Construction, using as many of the original materials as possible, of a structure that is a reasonable facsimile of a demolished historic structure.

(B) Restoration, using as many of the original materials as possible, of the historic structure.

(C) Restoration of another historic

structure.

Dallas City Code

9/10

Dallas Development Code: Ordinance No. 19455, as amended

§ 51A-4.501

(n) Enforcement and criminal penalties.

(1) A person is criminally responsible for a violation of this section if:

 (A) the person owns part or all of the property and knowingly allows the violation to exist;

(B) the person is the agent of the property owner or is an individual employed by the agent or property owner; is in control of the property; knowingly allows the violation to exist; and fails to provide the property owner's name, street address, and telephone number to code enforcement officials;

(C) the person is the agent of the property owner or is an individual employed by the agent or property owner, knowingly allows the violation to exist, and the citation relates to the construction or development of the property; or

(D) the person knowingly commits the violation or assists in the commission of the violation.

(2) Any person who adversely affects or demolishes a structure on property subject to the predesignation moratorium or in a historic overlay district in violation of this section is liable pursuant to Texas Local Government Code Section 315.006 for damages to restore or replicate, using as many of the original materials as possible, the structure to its appearance and setting prior to the violation. No predesignation certificates of appropriateness, certificates of appropriateness, or building permits will be issued for construction on the site except to restore or replicate the structure. When these restrictions become applicable to a site, the director shall cause to be filed a verified notice in the county deed records and these restrictions shall be binding on future owners of the property. These restrictions are in addition to any fines imposed.

(3) Prosecution in municipal court for an offense under this section does not prevent the use of other enforcement remedies or procedures provided by other city ordinances or state or federal laws applicable to the person charged with or the conduct involved in the offense. (o) <u>Substantial evidence standard of review for</u> <u>appeals</u>. The city plan commission shall give deference to the landmark commission decision and may not substitute its judgment for the landmark commission's judgment.

(1) The city plan commission shall remand the matter back to the landmark commission if it determines that there is new testimony or evidence that was not available at the landmark commission hearing.

(2) The city plan commission shall affirm the landmark commission decision unless it finds that it:

(A) violates a statutory or ordinance provision;

(B) exceeds the landmark commission's authority; or

(C) was not reasonably supported by substantial evidence considering the evidence in the record.

(p) Judicial review of decisions. The final decision of the city planning commission regarding an appeal of a landmark commission decision may be appealed to a state district court. The appeal to the state district court must be filed within 30 days after the decision of the city planning commission. If no appeal is made to the state district court within the 30-day period, then the decision of the city plan commission is final and unappealable. An appeal to the state district court is limited to a hearing under the substantial evidence rule. (Ord. Nos. 19455; 19499; 20585; 21244; 21403; 21513; 21874; 22018; 23506; 23898; 24163; 24542; 24544; 25047; 26286; 27430; 27922)

SEC. 51A-4.502. INSTITUTIONAL OVERLAY DISTRICT.

(a) <u>General provisions</u>.

(1) The institutional overlay district promotes cultural, educational, and medical institutions, and enhances their benefit to the community while protecting adjacent property.

(2) The following main uses may be permitted in an institutional overlay district:

- -- Ambulance service.
- -- Ambulatory surgical center.
- -- Cemetery or mausoleum.
- -- Church.
- College dormitory, fraternity or sorority house.
- College, university, or seminary.
- -- Community service center.
- Convalescent and nursing homes, hospice care, and related institutions.
- Convent or monastery.
- Day care center.
- -- Foster home.
- -- Halfway house.
- -- Hospital.
- -- Library, art gallery, or museum.
- -- Medical clinic.
- -- Medical or scientific laboratory.
- -- Overnight general purpose shelter.
- Post office.
- -- Public or private school.

(3) All uses permitted in the underlying zoning district are allowed in an institutional overlay district.

(4) The zoning regulations of the underlying zoning district are applicable to an institutional overlay district unless otherwise provided in this section.

(b) Special yard, lot, and space regulations.

(1) In an institutional overlay district, additional setbacks, if any, for institutional buildings greater than 36 feet in height may be established by the site plan process.

(2) Buildings in an institutional overlay district must comply with applicable height regulations.

(3) If any portion of a structure is over 26 feet in height, that portion may not be located above a residential proximity slope originating in an R, R(A), D, D(A), TH, or TH(A) district. Exception: Structures listed in Section 51A-4.408(a)(2) may project through the slope to a height not to exceed the maximum structure height, or 12 feet above the slope, whichever is less.

(c) <u>Special parking regulations</u>.

(1) Required off-street parking for institutional uses may be located anywhere within the boundaries of the institutional overlay district or outside the district if the parking meets the requirements of Division 51A-4.320.

(2) Reserved.

(3) Reserved.

(d) <u>Procedures for establishing an institutional</u> overlay district.

(1) The applicant for an institutional overlay district shall comply with the zoning amendment procedure for a change in the zoning district classification.

(2) A site plan must be submitted after the institutional district is established and before a building permit or certificate of occupancy is issued.

(e) Site plan process.

(1) The building official shall not issue a building permit for additions to existing structures or for new structures except in accordance with an approved site plan and all applicable regulations.

(2) <u>Preapplication conference</u>. An applicant for site plan approval shall request, by letter, a preapplication conference with the director. The letter must contain a brief, general description of the nature, location, extent of the proposed institutional use and the list of any professional consultants advising the applicant concerning the proposed site plan.

SECTION

Correspondence

- Notice of August 1, 2022 Landmark Hearing
- Notice of application denied without prejudice
- Request to Appeal from applicant
- Appeal Procedures

| From: | Carlos van Onna |
|--------------|---|
| To: | Carlos van Onna |
| Bcc: | Paul F. Wieneskie; Randy Shear; Annemarie Bristow |
| Subject: | !! START TIME CHANGE !! - Landmark Commission Public Hearing Information - August 1, 2022 |
| Date: | Friday, July 29, 2022 5:43:02 PM |
| Attachments: | image001.png |
| | image002.png |
| | image003.png |
| | image004.png |

Good afternoon applicants,

I am writing to notify you of a <u>new start time</u> of **5:00 p.m.** for the upcoming Landmark Commission meeting on **Monday, August 1, 2022.** The briefing meeting and the public hearing will happen concurrently. The link provided below can still be used to access the meeting. The agenda has been posted and can be found on this City web page:

https://dallascityhall.com/government/citysecretary/Pages/Public-Meetings.aspx

We apologize for any inconvenience this change in time may cause,

From: Carlos van Onna
Sent: Friday, July 29, 2022 4:20 PM
To: Carlos van Onna <carlos.van@dallas.gov>
Subject: !! START TIME CHANGE !! - Landmark Commission Public Hearing Information - August 1, 2022

Hello applicants,

The start time for the August 1 Landmark Commission hearing on Monday has been changed to **<u>4:00pm</u>**. The regular briefing and public hearing sections will be combined. Those that signed up to speak are still registered to speak. No action is required from you.

Below is the connection info for attendees, this remains unchanged from the previous notification:

Videoconference

To join <u>via computer:</u> <u>https://dallascityhall.webex.com/dallascityhall/onstage/g.php?</u> <u>MTID=ed2aa27846db133266e46c4544a92cc72</u> **Event Password:** AugustLMC22

To join via <u>phone only:</u> Call-in (audio only): 408-418-9388 Access code: 2496 934 9709 *Per state law, you may not participate using audio only.*

In person:

City Council Chambers, 6th Floor at City Hall (Room 6ES)

Thank you,



Carlos van Onna Senior Planner City of Dallas | www.dallascityhall.com Office of Historic Preservation 1500 Marilla St, Room 5BN Dallas, TX 75201 carlos.van@dallas.gov



OPEN RECORDS NOTICE: This email and responses may be subject to the Texas Open Records Act and may be disclosed to the public upon request. Please respond accordingly.

From: Carlos van OnnaSent: Wednesday, July 27, 2022 4:41 PMSubject: Landmark Commission Public Hearing Information - August 1, 2022

Good afternoon applicants,

This e-mail is just a reminder about the upcoming Landmark Commission meeting on Monday,

August 1, 2022. The meeting will be held virtually, though City Council Chambers on the 6th Floor at City Hall (Room 6ES) will be available for those who wish to attend in person or who are not able to attend virtually. Those attending in person will be required to follow all current pandemic-related public health protocols.

Below you will find the web link and teleconference number for the July 5th Landmark Commission meetings. In addition, you will find an email address for our admin, Elaine Hill, that you will need for signing up to speak at the meeting. The deadline to sign up to speak is Monday, August 1, by 8:30 AM, so be sure that you and/or anyone who plans to speak on your case has emailed Elaine and signed up on time. There is not a way to sign you up to speak after this deadline closes. When emailing Elaine, be sure you include the speakers full name as well as the address for the case you are requesting to speak on. Also be aware that speakers who attend the meeting virtually will be required to use video during the meeting discussion. Per state law, you may not participate using audio only.

The August 1st meeting agenda should be posted by Friday afternoon on July 29. Once posted you

should be able to view the agenda and docket (which includes the staff reports on each case) on our website here: <u>https://dallascityhall.com/government/meetings/Pages/landmark_commision.aspx</u>.

There are two meetings that will happen Monday. There is the public hearing at <u>1:00 PM</u> which you should plan to attend because that is where the Commission will make their decision on your application, or will provide comments if your application is a Courtesy Review. But there is also a morning Briefing meeting which is optional for you to attend. The start time for the August 1st Briefing meeting is <u>10:30 AM</u>. Be aware that the public can listen in but may not participate in the Briefing discussion. Discussion with applicants is reserved for the 1:00 PM public hearing.

Below is the **Monday, August 1** Landmark meeting connection info for attendees, as well as the Speaker Sign Up email.

Videoconference

To join <u>via computer:</u> https://dallascityhall.webex.com/dallascityhall/onstage/g.php? MTID=ed2aa27846db133266e46c4544a92cc72 Event Password: AugustLMC22

To join via <u>phone only:</u> Call-in (audio only): 408-418-9388 Access code: 2496 934 9709 *Per state law, you may not participate using audio only.*

Speaker Sign-Up: Email: Elaine Hill at <u>phyllis.hill@dallas.gov</u> Deadline: **Monday, August 1 at 8:30 AM**

You must sign up by email by the above deadline to speak at the Landmark Commission hearing. Be sure your email to Elaine includes the full name of the speaker, as well as the address for the case you wish to speak on.

Please let me know if you have any questions.



Carlos van Onna Senior Planner City of Dallas | www.dallascityhall.com Office of Historic Preservation 1500 Marilla St, Room 5BN Dallas, TX 75201 carlos.van@dallas.gov



September 9, 2022

Via Certified Mail: 7013 3020 0001 1420 9014

Annemarie Bristow 802 Haines Avenue Dallas, TX 75208

RE: Appeal of Certificate of Demolition: Hearing – October 6, 2022 338 S Fleming Ave., Case No. CD212-014(MGM)

Dear Annemarie Bristow:

We have received your correspondence appealing the Landmark Commission's denial of a Certificate of Demolition application for 338 S. Fleming Avenue. Please be advised that the City Plan Commission hearing for <u>this appeal is scheduled for Thursday</u>, <u>October 6, 2022</u>. The City Plan Commission meeting will be held by videoconference and in Council Chambers, 6th Floor at City Hall. Individuals who wish to speak in accordance with the City Plan Commission Rules of Procedure, should contact the Department of Planning and Urban Design at 214-670-4209 by 5:00 p.m. on Tuesday, October 4, 2022 or register online at:

<u>https://dallascityhall.com/government/meetings/Pages/city-plan-commission.aspx</u>. This link will be available on Friday, September 30th and will close at 5p Tuesday, October 4th. You may also register to speak in person the day of the appeal hearing.

The public is encouraged to attend the meeting virtually; however, City Hall is available for those wishing to attend the meeting in person following all current pandemic-related public health protocols.

Public Affairs and Outreach will also stream the public hearing on Spectrum Cable Channel 96 or Channel 99 and <u>bit.ly/cityofdallastv</u> or <u>YouTube.com/CityofDallasCityHall</u>.

The appeal of the decision of the Landmark Commission regarding the application for a Certificate of Demolition is a quasi-judicial action. <u>No communication with City Plan</u> Commission members may occur outside the hearing of **October 6, 2022.**

The Dallas Development Code, Section 51A-4.501 provides the procedures applicable to a Certificate of Demolition appeal. For your convenience, I have enclosed a copy of the ordinance containing the applicable section and a copy of the Appeal Procedures.

The Landmark Commission record includes all documents related to your specific case. Should you wish to provide the City Plan Commission a brief on the matter, please submit a copy to me at Dallas City Hall, 1500 Marilla Street, Room 5DN, Dallas, TX 75201 or to <u>phyllis.hill@dallas.gov</u> by <u>5:00 p.m. Thursday, September 15, 2022.</u>

I will distribute your brief to the City Plan Commission. I will also send you a copy of the brief prepared by the City Attorney's office.

Please contact me through email at <u>Phyllis.hill@dallas.gov</u> if there are any questions regarding the deadline dates. You are encouraged to contact Assistant City Attorney Daniel Moore at 214-670-7027 if you have any questions regarding the format of the City Plan Commission hearing or other related matters.

Respectfully,

Elaine Hill Landmark Commission Coordinator

cc: Murray G. Miller, Director, Office of Historic Preservation Stacy Rodriguez, Executive Assistant City Attorney Daniel Moore, Assistant City Attorney Theresa Pham, Assistant City Attorney Bertram Vandenberg, Assistant City Attorney August 11, 2022

Annemarie Bristow 802 Haines Ave, Dallas, TX 75208

RE: CD212-014(MGM) REVIEW OF YOUR CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS APPLICATION 338 S FLEMING AVE

Dear Annemarie Bristow:

Enclosed is a copy of the Certificate of Appropriateness (CA) application that you submitted for review by the Landmark Commission on August 1, 2022.

Please see the enclosed Certificate of Appropriateness for Details.

PLEASE NOTE: You have the right to appeal this decision within 30 days from the Landmarl Commission review date. The enclosed ordinance lists the fee schedule for appeals. Also enclosed is an application for appeal which is due in our office by 5:00 P.M on August 31, 2022. For information regarding the appeals process, please email Elaine Hill at Phyllis.hill@dallas.gov

Please make checks payable to the City of Dallas.

Encl. Application for Appeal Ordinance No. 19455

If you have any questions, please contact me by phone at (214) 671-9260 or emai at murray.miller@dallascityhall.com.

Murray Miller Historic Preservation Officer

Please take any signed drawings to Building Inspection for permits.

Certificate of Demolition

StandardAugust 1, 2022FILE NUMBER:CD212-014(MGM)LOCATION:338 S FLEMING AVECOUNCIL DISTRICT:4ZONING:PD-388

| PLANNER: | Murray Miller | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| DATE FILED: | July 14, 2022 | | | | |
| DISTRICT: | Tenth Street Neighborhood Historic Distr | | | | |
| MAPSCO: | 55-E | | | | |
| CENSUS TRACT: 0041.00 | | | | | |

APPLICANT: Annemarie Bristow

REPRESENTATIVE:

OWNER: BRISTOW ANNEMARIE

The Landmark Commission decision is: Denied without Prejudice

Information regarding requests:

1) A Certificate for Demolition of existing residence

Deny without Prejudice

Conditions: That the request for a Certificate for Demolition/Removal to demolish a noncontributing structure using the standard "replace with more appropriate/compatible structure" be denied without prejudice with finding the that the proposed demolition would not satisfy the standard in City Code Section 51A-4.501(h)(4)(A)(i).

Date

APPLICATION FOR APPEAL OF LANDMARK COMMISSION DECISION

| The Deadline to Appeal this application | n is August 31, 2022 |
|---|----------------------|
|---|----------------------|

- - -

-1

| Director, Development Serv Dallas City Hall 1500 Marilla St., RM 5/B/N Dallas Texas 75201 Telephone 214-670-4209 | | Office Use Only Date Received | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Landmark Case/File No.: CA212-014(MGM) - CD212-014(MGM) | | | | | | | |
| Property Address: 33 | 8 S FLEMING AVE | DALLAS TEXAS | \$ 75203 | | | | |
| Date of Landmark Commission Action: August 1, 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Applicant's Name:Randy Shear-RandShearDesign LLC | | | | | | | |
| Applicant's Mailing Address: 7027 Gaston Parkway | | | | | | | |
| City: Dallas | State: Texas | Zip: 7 | 0214 | | | | |
| Applicant's Phone Number: | 214-914-9969 | Fax: | N/A | | | | |
| Applicant's Email:rand.s | shear@gmail.com | | | | | | |
| IF DIFFERENT FROM AB | OVE, PROVIDE PRO | PERTY OWNE | R'S INFORMATION. | | | | |
| Owner's Name: | nemarie Bristow | | | | | | |
| Owner's Mailing Address: | 802 Haines Ave. | | | | | | |
| City: Dallas | State: Texas | Zip: | 70208 | | | | |
| Owner's Phone Number: | 972-400-2969 | Fax: | N/A | | | | |
| Owner's Email:annemariebristow@gmail.com | | | | | | | |
| rand shear | Aug 9, 2022 | Amer | Aug 9, 2022 | | | | |
| Applicant's Signature | Date C | Owner's Signatu or Letter of Author | re (if individual) Date ization (from corporation/partnership) | | | | |
| Fee for Single Family u Fee for any other use/s | | <mark>\$300.00</mark> \$700.00 | Decent 10 700 RECEIVED AUG 1 1 2022 | | | | |

§ 51A-1.105

2 A

Dallas Development Code: Ordinance No. 19455, as amended

(3) Fee schedule. Area of Application Type of Application Nolification Fee for Hearing Application Area of Type of Application \$300.00 Appeal a decision of the Notification for Fee landmark \$300.00 commission Hearing on a predesignation certificate of appropriateness, certificate of \$825.00 Minor plan amendment appropriateness, or certificate for demolition or removal to the \$300.00 Appeal of the decision of the city plan commission regarding director to city plan commission a single family use or a or the decision of the city plan handicapped group dwelling commission to the city council unit use for a minor plan amendment \$700.00 \$600.00 for each Appeal a decision of the Detailed development plan landmark commission on a when submitted after passage of submission an ordinance establishing a predesignation certificate of appropriateness, certificate of planned development district appropriateness, or certificate for demolition or removal to the Waiver of the two year waiting \$309.00 city plan commission regarding period under Section 51Aany other use 4.701(d)(3) \$300.00 \$75.00 Request for a sidewalk width Extension of the development waiver under Section 51Aschedule under Section 51A-4.124(a)(8)(C)(v)4.702(g)(3) Request for an administrative \$375.00 and \$25 \$200.00 Waiver of the requirement of per space over proof that taxes, fees, fines, and parking reduction under Section 10 spaces 51A-4.313 penalties are not delinquent under Section 51A-1.104.1 Note: The director shall also send notification of minor plan amendments to the city plan commission members, any known \$300.00 Appeal to the city council of a neighborhood associations covering the property, and persons on the moratorium on a zoning of early notification list at least 10 days prior to the public hearing. nonzoning matter handled by the department \$200.00 Fees for a street name change. Request for a letter from the (1)department explaining the availability of water services for (1) The following fees are required for a a development site street name change. \$200.00 Request for a letter from the department explaining the (A) A street name change fee must be availability of wastewater services for a development site. paid to the director before an application will be Request for performance of a \$2.500.00 processed. wastewater capacity analysis on an existing wastewater line to (B) A fee for new street identification determine its capacity for a signs must be paid to the director of sustainable proposed development or land use development and construction within 60 days of the approval of a street name change by the city council Appeal of an apportionment \$600.00 determination to the city plan commission (C) A fee for change of official address \$600.00 Appeal an apportionment records must be paid to the building official within 60 determination decision of the days of the approval of a street name change by the city plan commussion to the city coundi city council.

PROCEDURE FOR APPEAL OF CERTIFICATES OF APPROPRIATENESS TO THE CITY PLAN COMMISSION

(Revised April 2014)

Postponements. 1.

- The City Plan Commission may grant a postponement if it wishes. a.
- Dallas Development Code §51A-4.701(e), regarding postponement b. of zoning applications by the applicant, does not apply.

Content of the record. 2.

- Copies of the complete record will be distributed by staff to the а. City Plan Commission two weeks before the scheduled hearing.
- The parties may request that the record be supplemented. b.

Additional correspondence and briefs. 3.

- Additional correspondence or briefs, if any are desired to be a. submitted by the parties, should be provided to the planning staff for distribution to the City Plan Commission.
- The parties should provide each other with copies of any b. information they submit to the City Plan Commission.
- Interested parties should not make any contacts with commission C₃₀ members other than those submitted through the city staff.

Representation of the Landmark Commission. 4.

The Landmark Commission will be represented by Laura Morrison. a.

5. Order of the hearing.

- a. Each side will receive 20 minutes (exclusive of questions from the City Plan Commission) with 5 minutes for rebuttal by appellant.
- b. Order of the hearing.
 - (1) Preliminary matters.
 - (A) Introduction by the Chair
 - (2) Appellant's case (20 minutes). *
 - (A) Presentation by the appellant's representative.
 - (B) Questions from Commission Members.
 - (3) Landmark Commission's case (20 minutes). *
 - (A) Presentation by the Landmark Commission's representative.
 - (B) Questions from Commission Members.
 - (4) Rebuttal/closing by the appellant's representative (5 minutes).
 - (5) Decision by the City Plan Commission. **
- * If a party requires additional time to present its case, including testimony and evidence concerning the previous recommendations and actions of the city staff and the Landmark Commission and its task forces, the party shall request that additional time be granted by the City Plan Commission. If the Commission grants one party additional time, the opposing party shall also be granted a similar time extension.
- ** In considering the appeal, the City Plan Commission shall hear and consider testimony and evidence concerning the previous recommendations and actions of the city staff and the Landmark Commission and its task forces.

Introduction of new evidence at the hearing.

- a. The City Plan Commission may only hear new testimony or consider new evidence that was not presented at the time of the hearing before the Landmark Commission to determine whether that testimony or evidence was available at the Landmark Commission hearing.
- b. If the City Plan Commission determines that new testimony or evidence exists that was not available at the Landmark Commission hearing, the City Plan Commission shall remand the case back to the Landmark Commission.
- c. The party attempting to introduce new evidence bears the burden of showing that the evidence was not available at the time of the Landmark Commission's hearing.
- d. Newly presented evidence is subject to objection and cross examination by the opposing party.

7. Remedies of the City Plan Commission.

- a. The City Plan Commission may reverse or affirm, in whole or in part, or modify the decision of the Landmark Commission.
- b. The City Plan Commission shall give deference to the Landmark Commission decision and may not substitute its judgment for the Landmark Commission's judgment. The City Plan Commission shall affirm the Landmark Commission decision unless it finds that it:
 - violates a statutory or ordinance provision;
 - (2) exceeds the Landmark Commission's authority; or
 - (3) was not reasonably supported by substantial evidence considering the evidence in the record.
- c. The City Plan Commission may remand a case back to the Landmark Commission for further proceedings.